

# Updates on DTL FCs

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Beam Instrumentation Forum  
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# Outline - 2019 highlights

1 DTL FC2 design

2 Operation and DAQ

3 Control (.opi)

4 Activation, dose and shielding calculations

5 Rehearsing for 'Beam on Target'



# DTL Faraday cups: goals

Two DTL Faraday cups:

- *to stop the proton beam*
- *to measure the beam current*

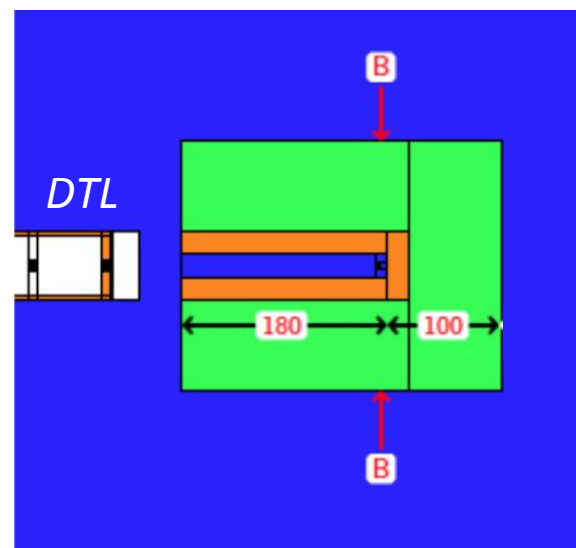
Final destination(s):

*DTL IT2 and IT4*

	<b>DTL2</b>	<b>DTL4</b>
Proton energies	21 - 39 MeV	39 - 74 MeV
Peak power	2.43 MW	4.63 MW
Average power	120 W	324 W

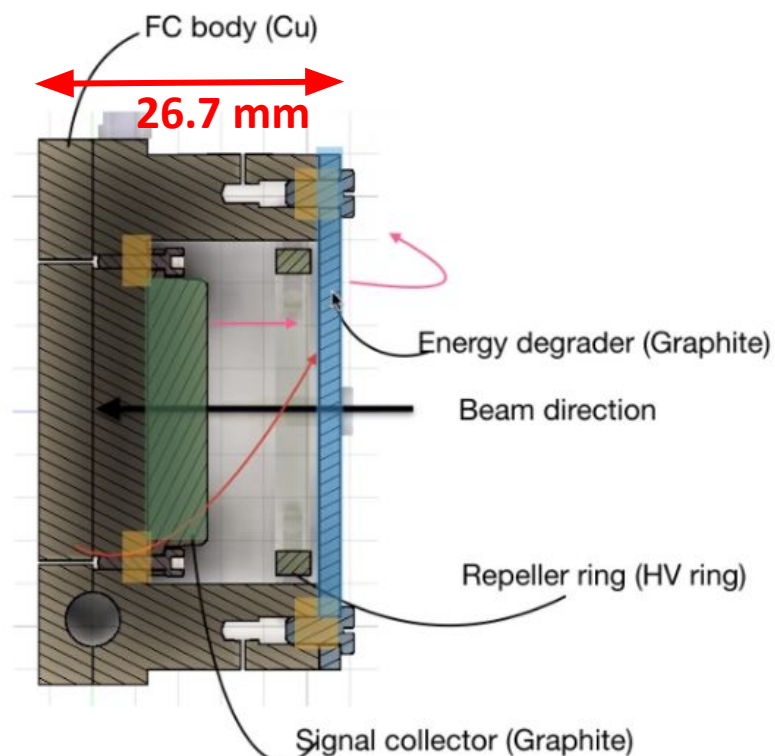
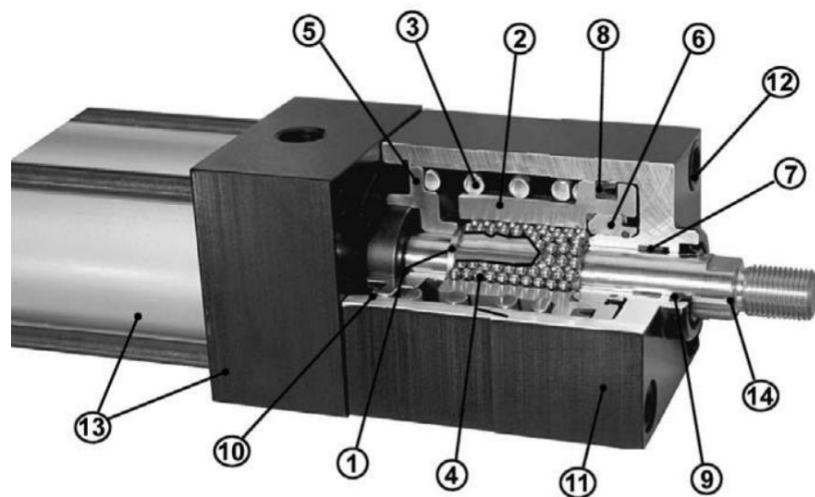
aka 'beam dump' during commissioning:

- *DTL FC2 after DTL1 and after DTL2*
- *DTL FC4 after DTL4*



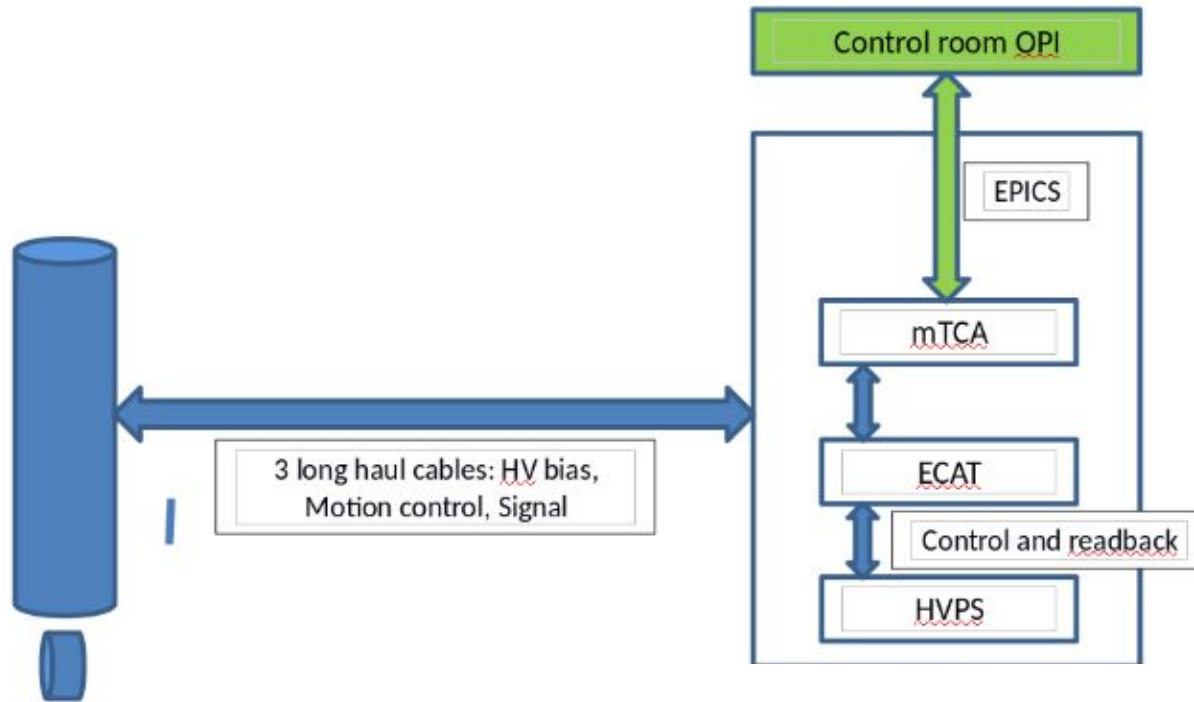
# DTL FC2 design

- Pneumatic actuator, including a “rod lock” mechanism, as required by ESS MPS
- RadiaBeam design in July 2019  
Graphite foil and collector ( $1.8 \text{ g/cm}^3$ )



# Operation and DAQ

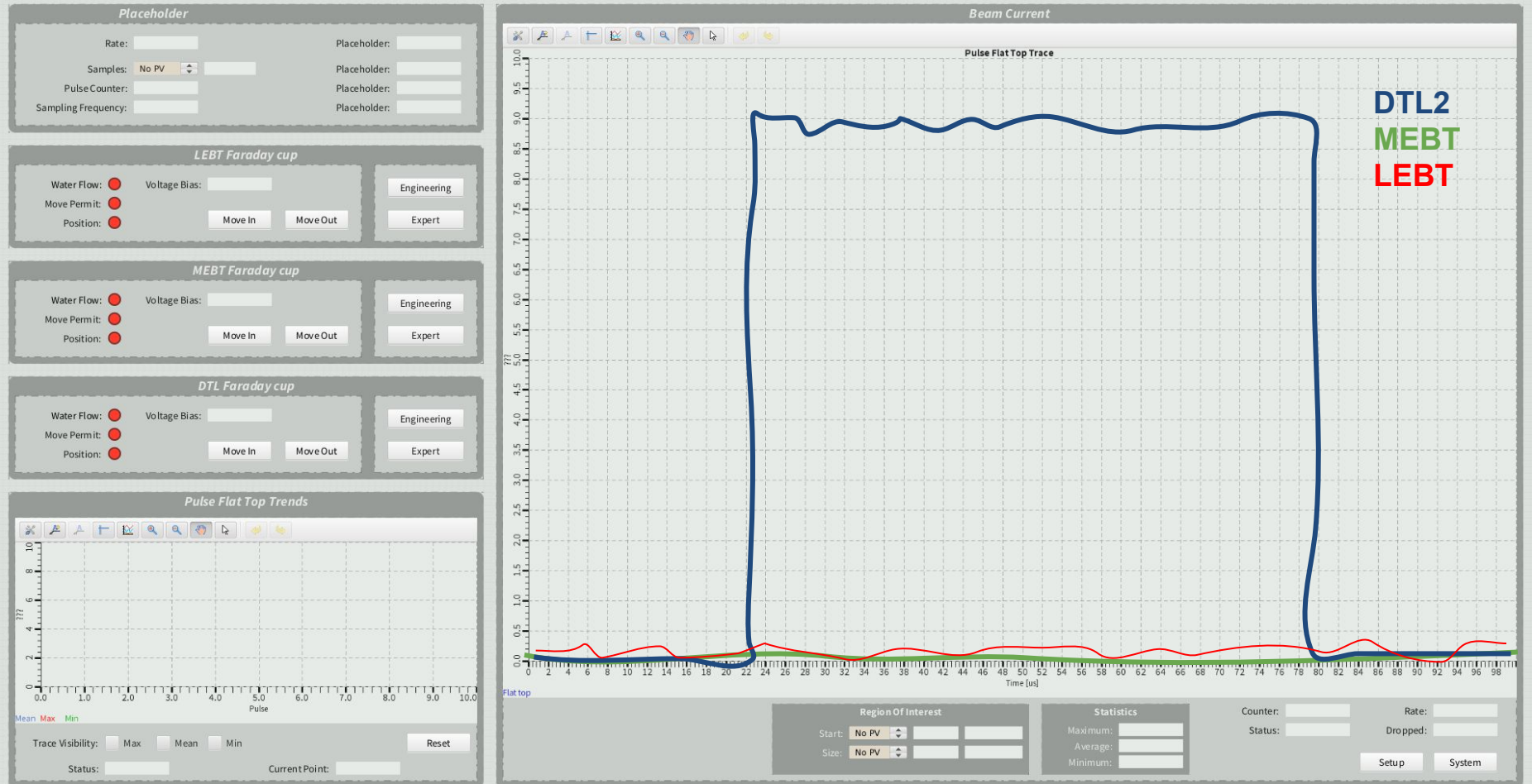
- Based on LEBT FC, same FE
- Cable length = max. 62 meters
- + Differential current measurements with upstream BCM (TBD)



# Control for 3 FCs

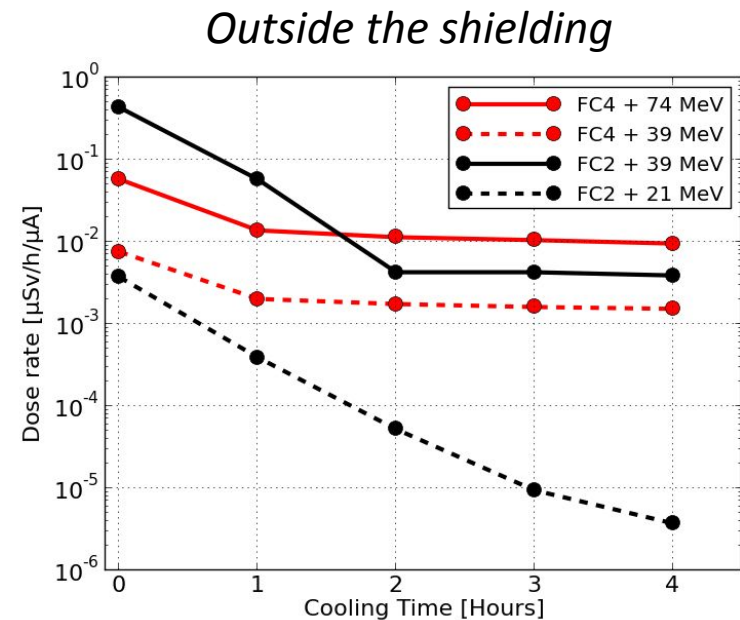
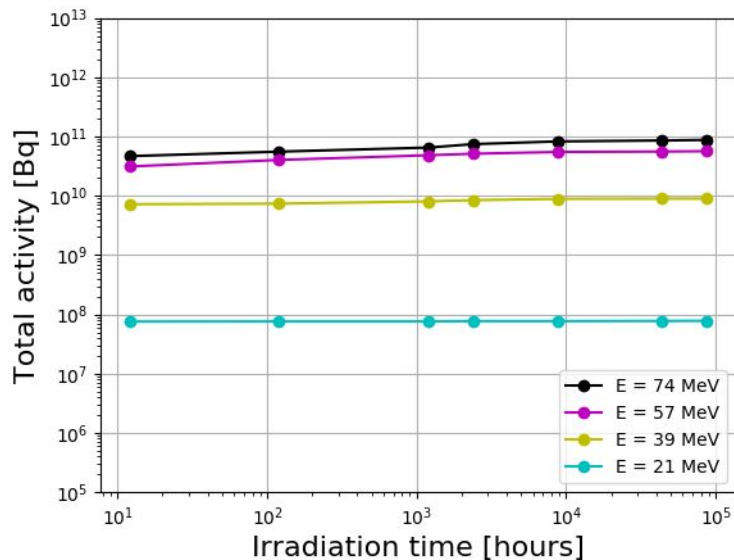
## Faraday Cup \$(SYSTEM)

V1 - 20190219



# Activation, dose and shielding

- MCNP and ANSYS for Energy deposition (last but one BIF)
- CINDER90 for activation calculations: ESS-0342474
- CINDER90/MCNP dose at contact: ESS-1157535
- Shielding calculations: ESS-0136227

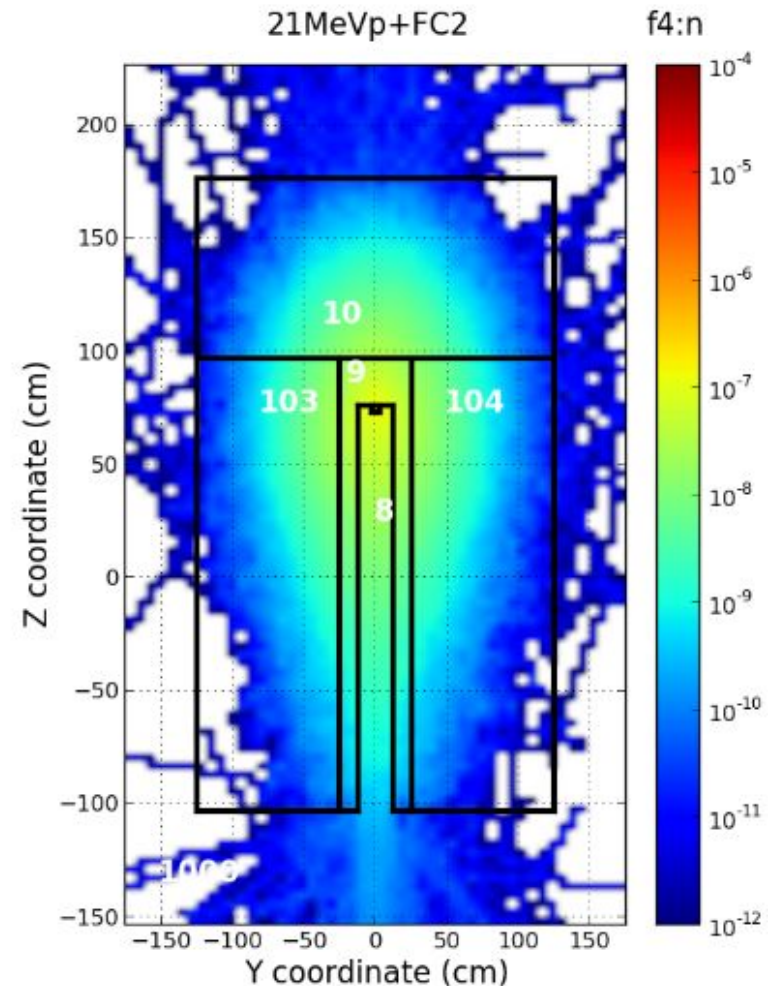


# Rehearsing for ‘beam on target’

Commissioning (ISrc - DTL1)  
21 MeV + DTL FC2 = neutrons  
Ancillary neutron detectors

“[DMSC](#), we have neutrons”

- Controlling the components of the instrument
- Acquiring the data from detectors & meta-data from instrument/samp. env. etc.
- Streaming the data (publish/subscribe)
- Recording/archiving/cataloguing the data
- Carrying out the data reduction





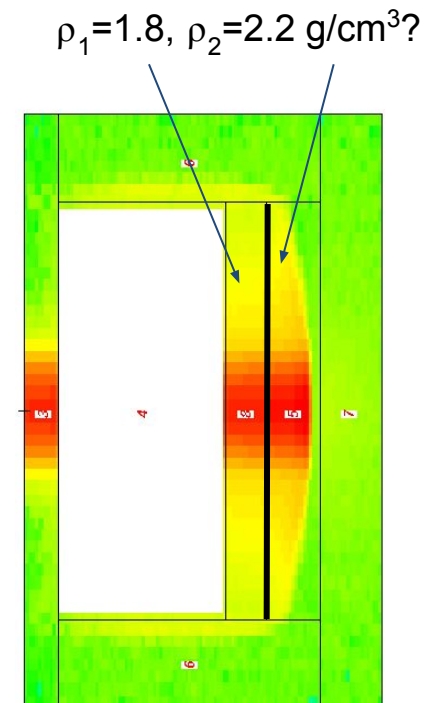
# Acknowledgments

- Progress based on the accumulated experience from the LEBT FC operation
- Special thanks to: Clement, Tommy, Tom, Rick, Rafael, Dirk, Luca, James, and the DMSC
- Amazing collaboration with RadiaBeam (US)

- Breaking news: BP revised the min/max beam energies

FC location	Low limit (MeV)	High limit (MeV)
DTL1	21.27 - 0.8	21.27 + 0.8
DTL2	21.27 - 0.8	39.11 + 0.9
DTL4	39.11 - 0.9	73.84 + 1.2

*Simulations by R. Miyamoto*



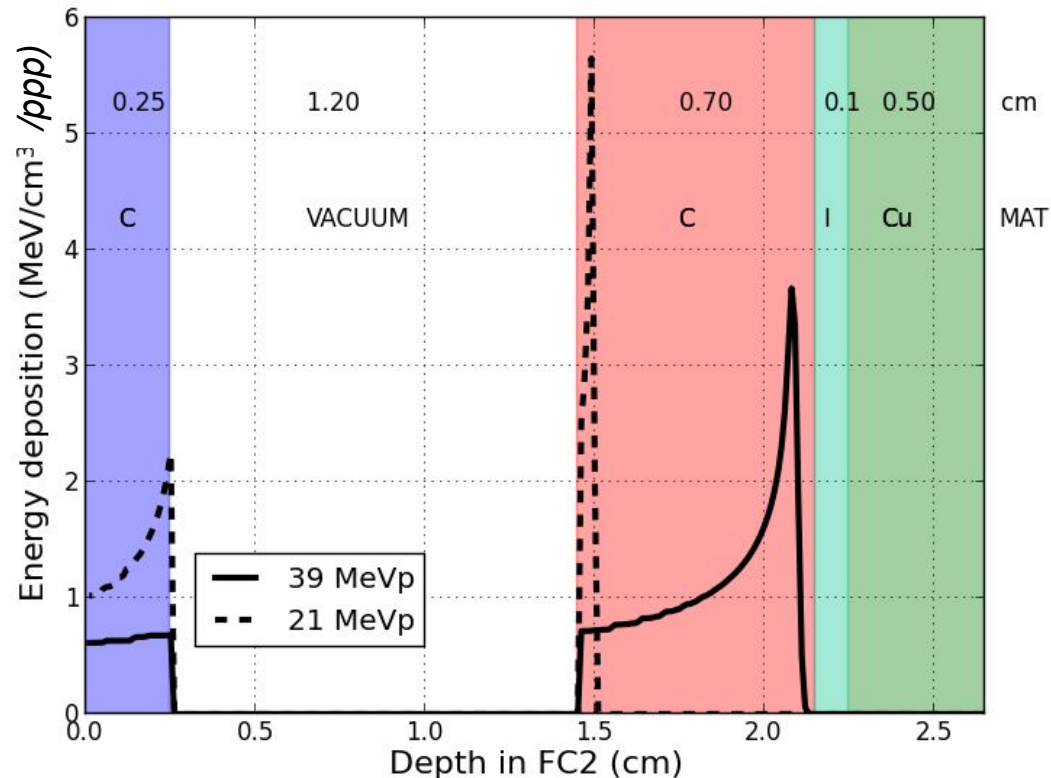


# Bragg peaks location

**Foil:** designed to ‘filter’ low energy protons + scatter the beam → reduced collector T

**Collector:** isolated with Shapal-M

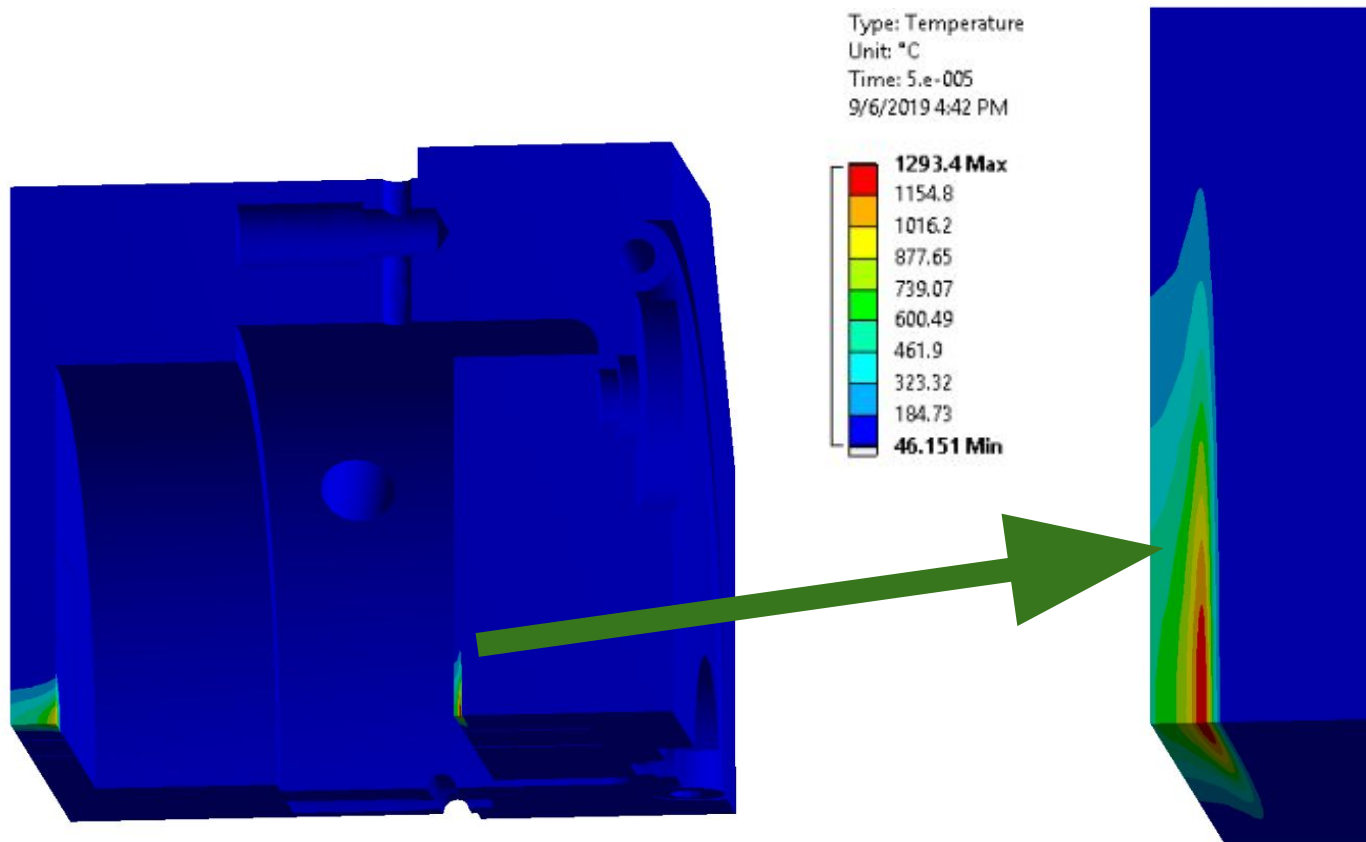
**Graphite density:** 1.8 g/cm<sup>3</sup> on purpose



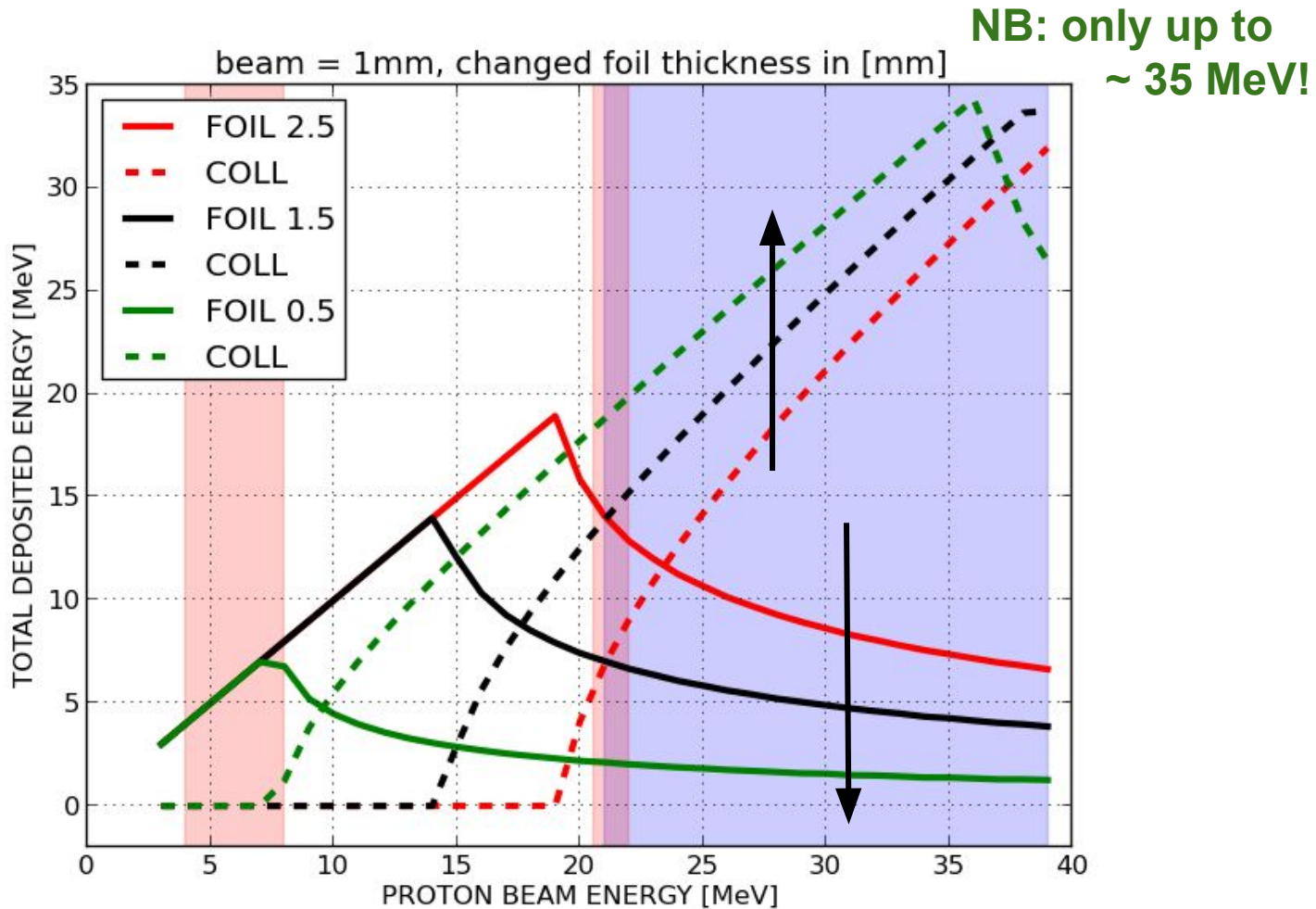
# Temperature increase

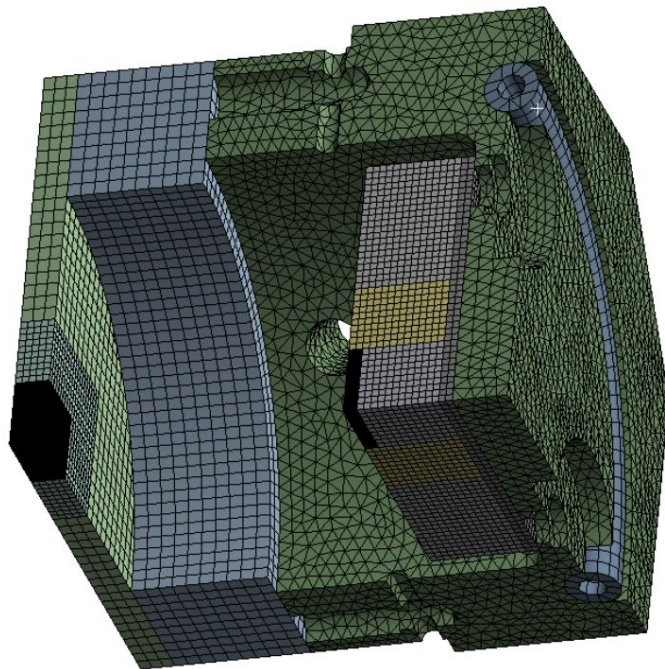
MCNP + ANSYS >>> [https://confluence.ess.lu.se/display/WP7FC/2\\_ANSYS\\_2018](https://confluence.ess.lu.se/display/WP7FC/2_ANSYS_2018)

Most demanding case: 50E-6 s, 1 Hz, 62.5 mA, 21 MeV



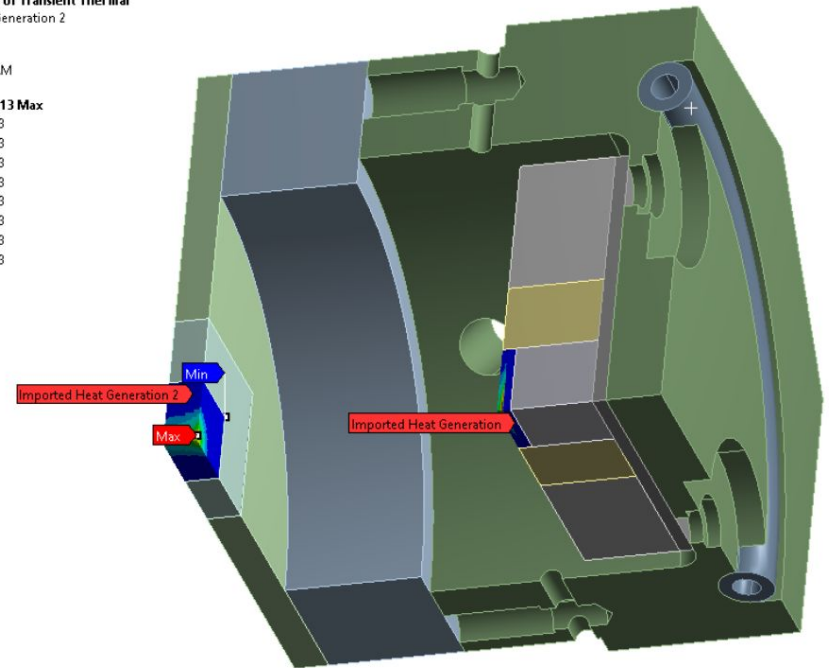
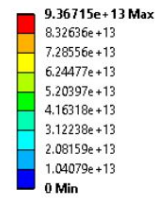
# Would a thinner foil help? NO





(c) Mesh

D: Copy of Copy of Transient Thermal  
Imported Heat Generation 2  
Time: 5.e-005 s  
Unit: W/m<sup>3</sup>  
9/4/2019 11:38 AM

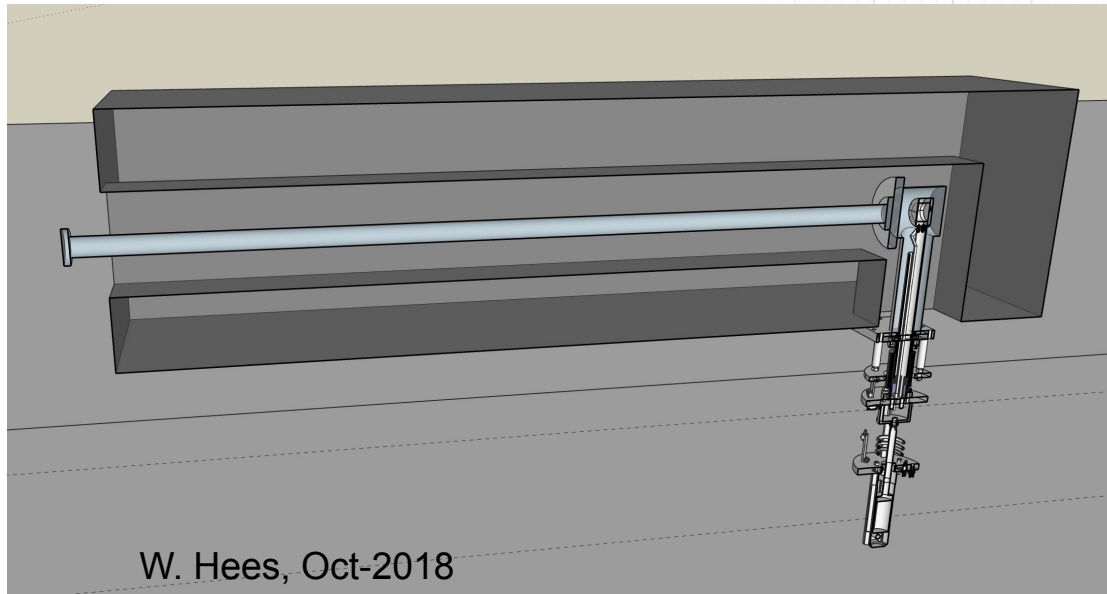


(d) Imported heat

# Version#2 FC Vacuum vessel assembly

INFN Torino

L. Page Oct-2019



W. Hees, Oct-2018

