## Tuning dimensionality, magnetism and conduction in van-der-Waals Mott insulators

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The van-der-Waals antiferromagnets TMPS<sub>3</sub>, where TM = Transition Metal, form an ideal playground for tuning both low-dimensional magnetic and electronic properties [1-4]. These are layered honeycomb antiferromagnetic Mott insulators, long studied as nearideal 2D magnetic systems with a rich landscape of competing interactions and a variety of magnetic properties across the family.



Figure 1. Evolution of the layered crystal structure of FePS<sub>3</sub> with increasing pressure [3].

I will give an overview of our work using high pressure as a continuous tuning parameter to control the dimensionality of these materials. Due to the weak physical inter-planar forces in such van-der-Waals materials, pressure gives us clean and selective control over the inter-planar spacing and hence interactions.

I will present magnetic, structural and electrical transport results and compare the behaviour of Fe-, V-, Mn- and NiPS<sub>3</sub> as we tune them towards 3D structures and Mott transitions from insulator to metal. I will focus in particular upon recent results on ultra-high-pressure neutron scattering, which has unveiled an enigmatic form of short-range magnetic order in metallic FePS<sub>3</sub>. This phase is particularly important as it most likely forms a precursor to superconductivity.

These neutron diffraction results made use of new cutting-edge experimental techniques [5] which have allowed measurements of magnetic structure through powder diffraction up to 20 GPa at the ILL - smashing the previous 10 GPa record.

Piecing together our high-pressure neutron, transport and x-ray results has allowed us to map out the full phase diagram - a first in this crucial family of materials, and most likely to become the archetypal example. We observe multiple transitions and new states, and an overall increase in dimensionality and associated changes in behaviour.



Figure 2. Newly uncovered pressure-temperature magnetic phase diagram of FePS3 - the first in the TMPX3 family. Within the strange metallic state at high pressure, a novel short-rangeordered magnetic state is discovered.

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