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“Using molecular modeling and neutron scattering experiments to investigate PNIPAM microgels”

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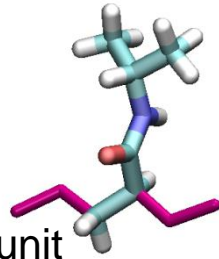
ESS/ILL User Meeting - Topical session on Atomic Scale Simulations in Neutron Scattering



PNIPAM microgels

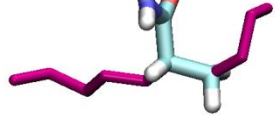
NIPAM

Repeating unit



BIS

Cross-linker

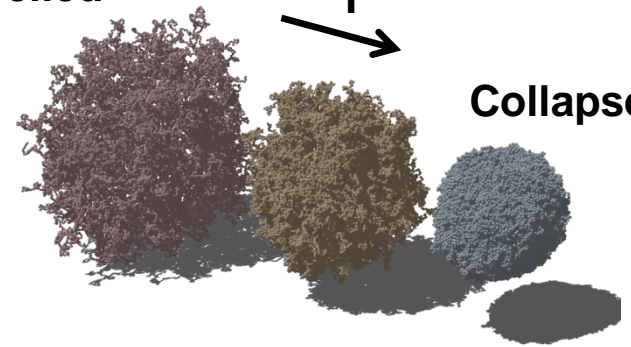


- ↗ Microgels are **colloidal-scale particles** with an intramolecular **cross-linked polymeric network**
- ↗ PNIPAM microgels are co-polymers of NIPAM (N-isopropylacrylamide) and BIS (bis-acrylamide)
- ↗ PNIPAM microgels share many features with proteins

↗ PNIPAM has a Volume Phase Transition in response to external stimuli at $T_{VPT} \sim 32^\circ\text{C}$

↗ PNIPAM microgels are widely investigated around T_{VPT} because the tunability of chemical physical properties gives rise to a variety of applications

Swelled



Collapsed



Protein dynamical transition

It was first observed in 1989 for myoglobin. It takes place in hydrated protein suspensions at low temperature, typically ~220-240 K.

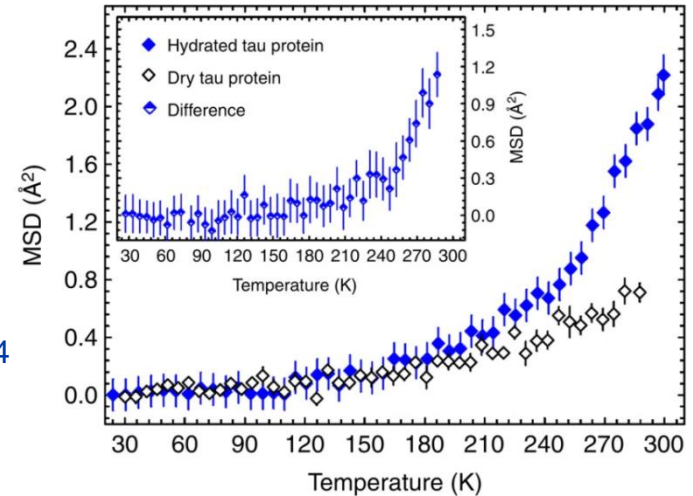
W. Doster et al. *Nature* 1989, 337, 754

It consists of a steep enhancement of the atomic mobility which has been associated to the activation of biological functionality.

K. A. Henzler-Wildman et al. *Nature* 2007, 450, 913

It has been connected to a strong to strong crossover of the protein hydration water dynamics.

G. Camisasca et al. *J. Chem. Phys.* 2016, 145, 044503



MSDs of the intrinsically disordered protein tau in a hydrated and dry state, measured by elastic incoherent neutron scattering.

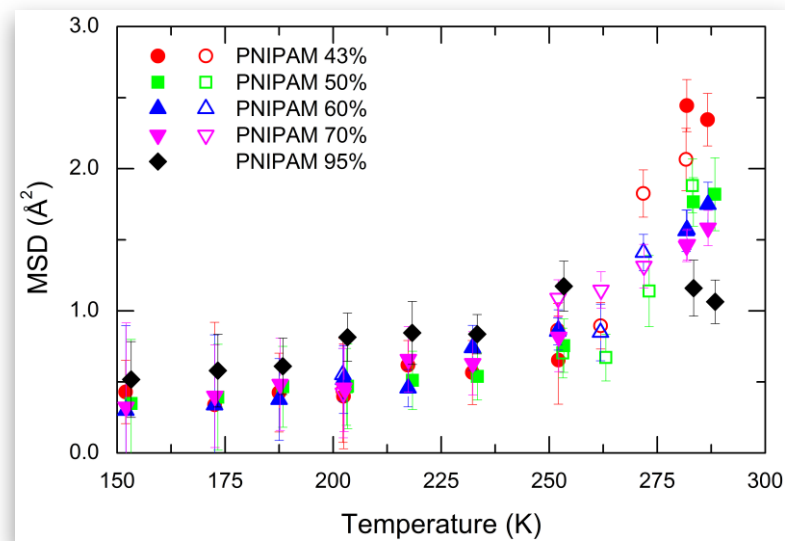
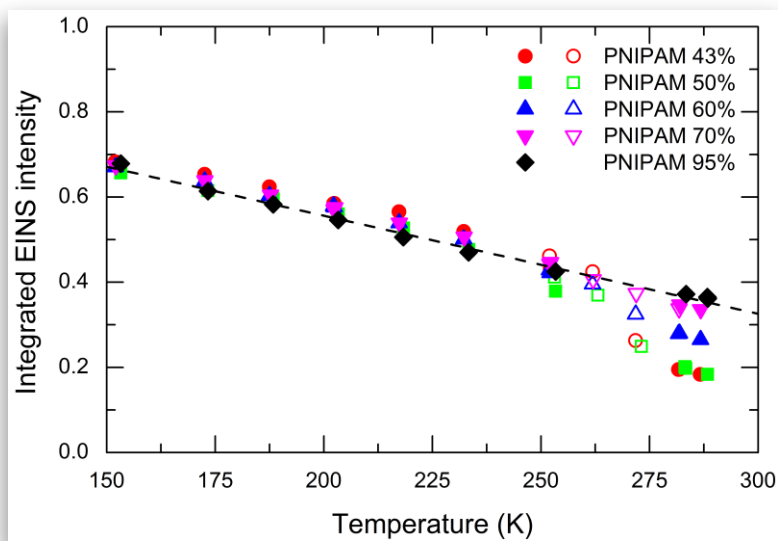
G. Schirò, *Nature Comm.* 2015, 6, 6490



Neutron scattering experiments

ILL (Grenoble) IN13 spectrometer

Probing motions faster than ~ 150 ps in a spatial region between 1 – 20 Å

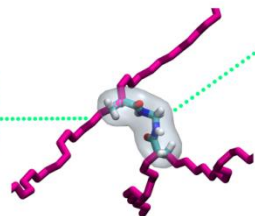
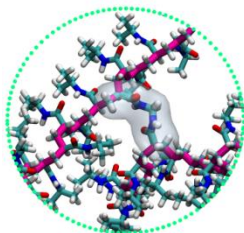


M. Zanatta et al. *Sci. Adv.* 2018, 4 : eaat5895

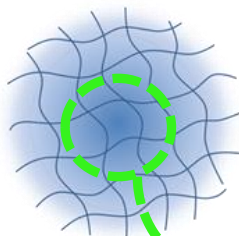


Microgel *in silico* model

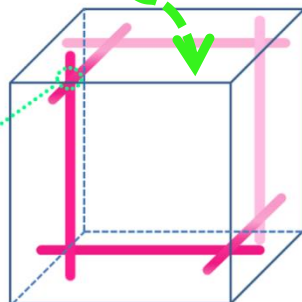
Cross-linked atactic
PNIPAM 30-mers chains



6 crosslinks and 3D
percolation through
infinite connectivity



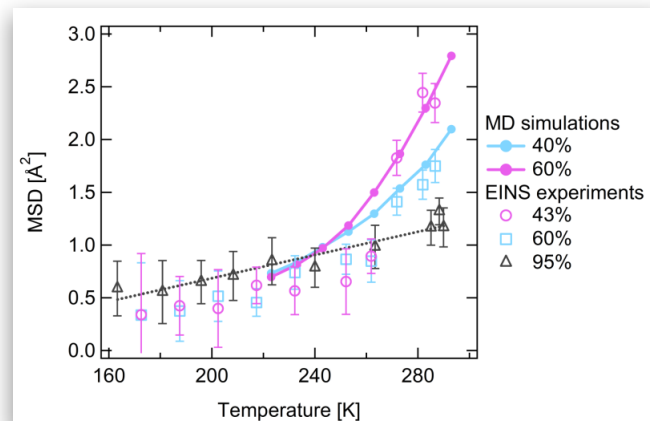
NIPAM/BIS ratio
representing
a core region



← 5 nm →

Tip4p/ICE

**Quantitative agreement
between
MD simulations and
EINS experiments!**

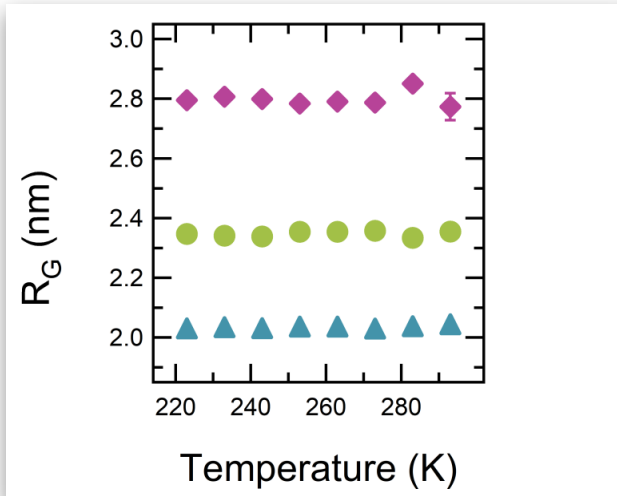




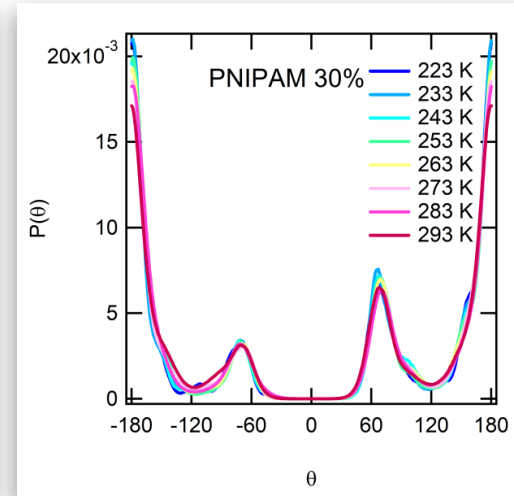
Microscopic origin

is this transition related to a structural rearrangement?

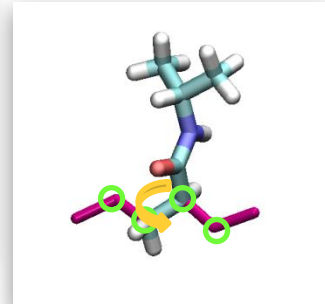
PNIPAM 30%
PNIPAM 40%
PNIPAM 60%



Temperature dependence of PNIPAM radius of gyration



Distribution of backbone dihedral angles

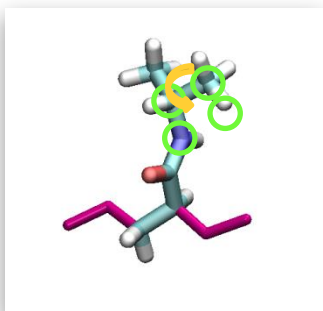


No discontinuity is observed at ~250 K



PNIPAM dynamics

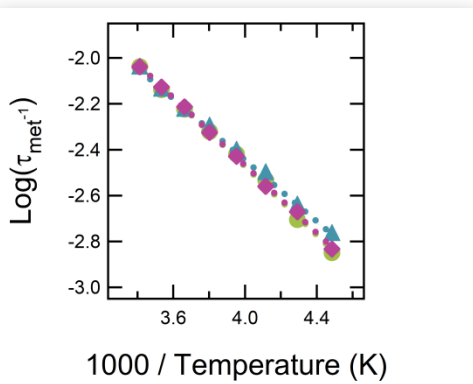
Methyl groups



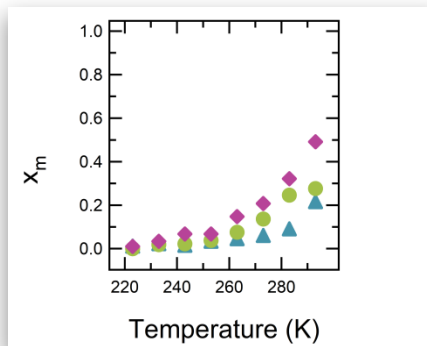
PNIPAM 30%

PNIPAM 40%

PNIPAM 60%



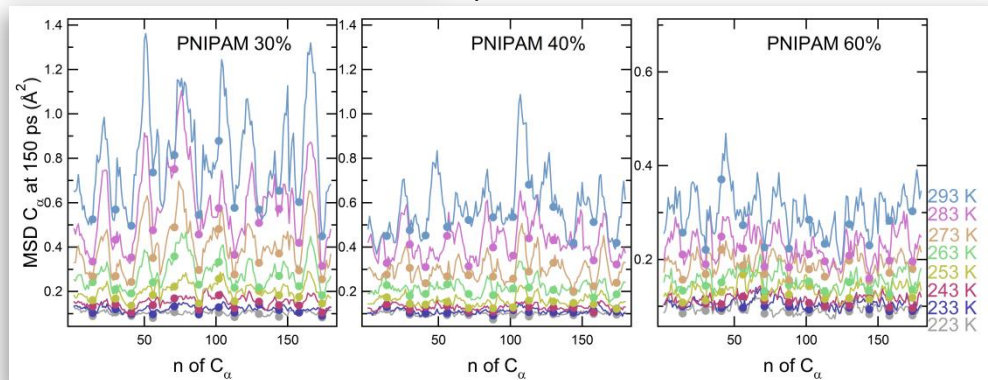
Lifetime of rotational states
 $E_a = 13.5 \text{ kJ mol}^{-1}$



Backbone

Fraction of mobile dihedrals

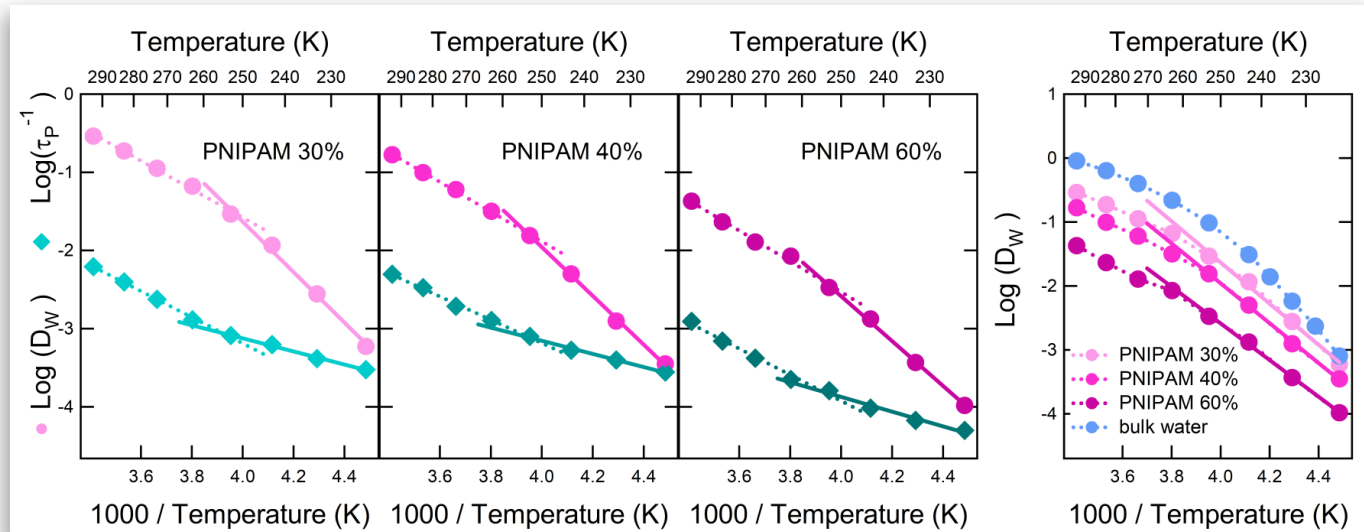
MSD at 150 ps of backbone carbon atoms C_α
(Dots are cross-linker atoms)





PNIPAM and water dynamics

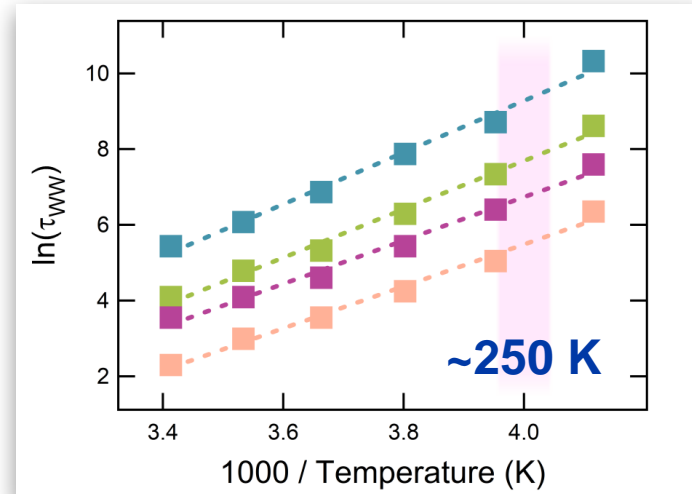
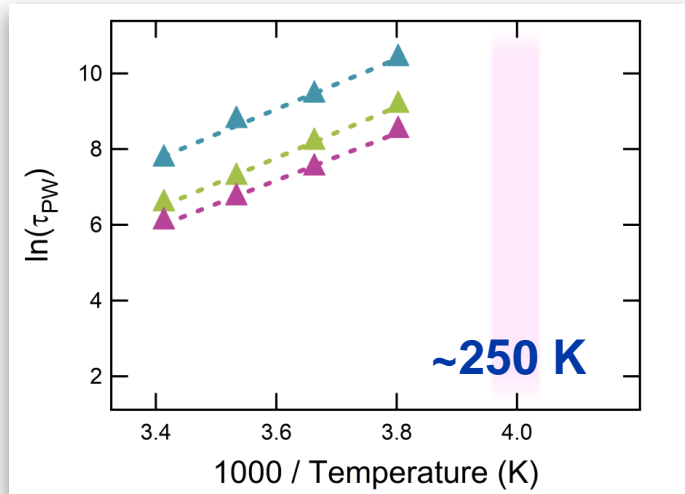
Coupling between water and polymer dynamics



Arrhenius plot of the long relaxation time of the self intermediate scattering function calculated for PNIPAM hydrogen atoms (τ_P) and water diffusion coefficient (D_W)



Macromolecule-water coupling



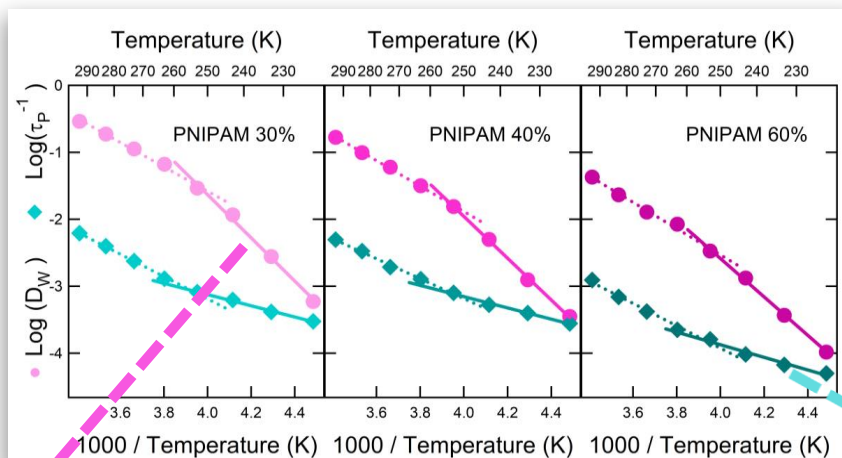
PNIPAM 30%
PNIPAM 40%
PNIPAM 60%
Bulk water

- we monitor the lifetime of PNIPAM–water τ_{PW} and water–water τ_{WW} hydrogen bonds
- τ_{PW} is considerably longer than τ_{WW}
- τ_{PW} and τ_{WW} follow an Arrhenius behavior with activation energies of about 55 kJ mol⁻¹ irrespective of hydration level

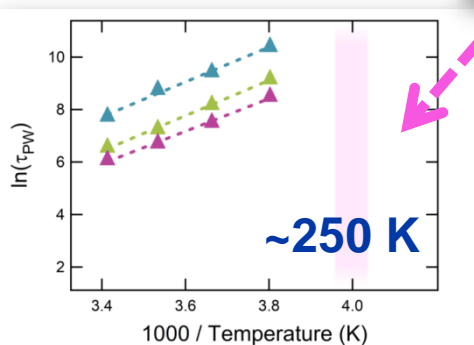


Molecular mechanism

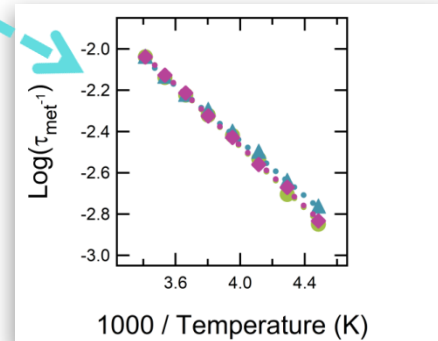
Water dynamics
PNIPAM-water HBs
 $E_a = \sim 55 \text{ kJ mol}^{-1}$



PNIPAM dynamics
Rotation methyl groups
 $E_a = 13.5 \text{ kJ mol}^{-1}$



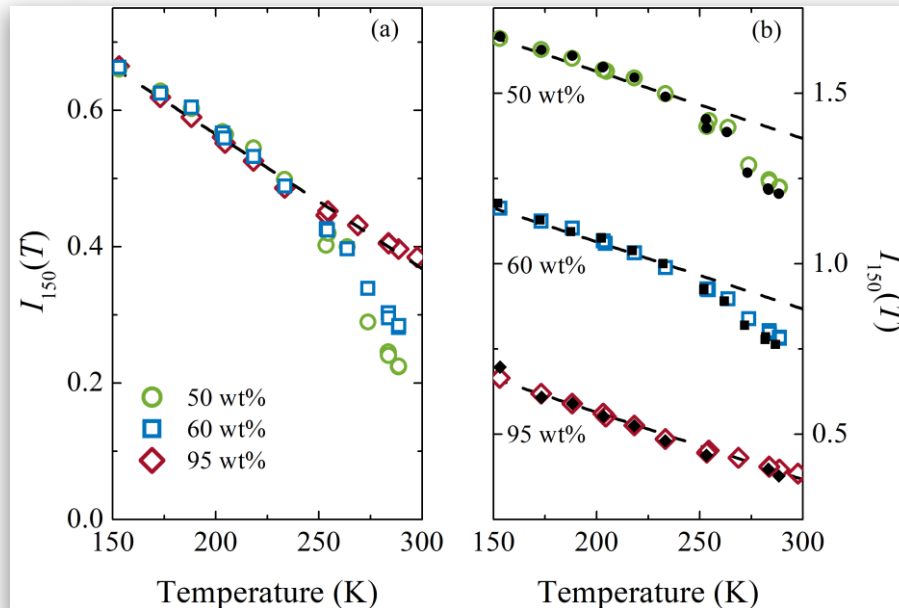
PNIPAM 30%
PNIPAM 40%
PNIPAM 60%





Role of the architecture

ILL (Grenoble) IN13 spectrometer



IN13 integrated elastic intensity as a function of temperature for:

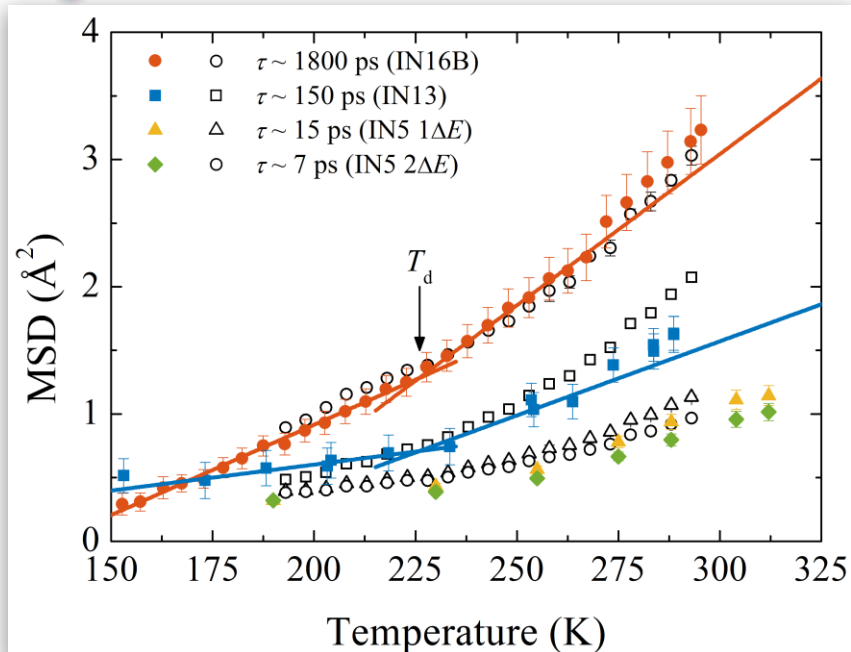
- (a) linear polymer chains as a function of PNIPAM concentration
- (b) linear chains (open symbols) compared to microgels (filled symbols)

L. Tavagnacco et al. *Phys. Rev. Res.* 2021 in press

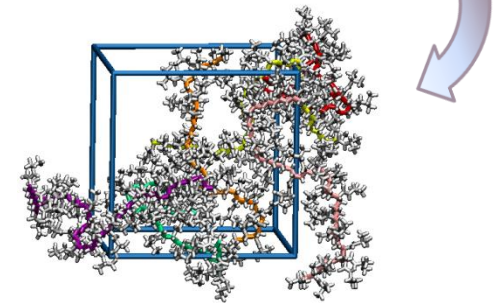


PNIPAM linear chains

ILL (Grenoble) IN13, IN16B and IN5 spectrometers

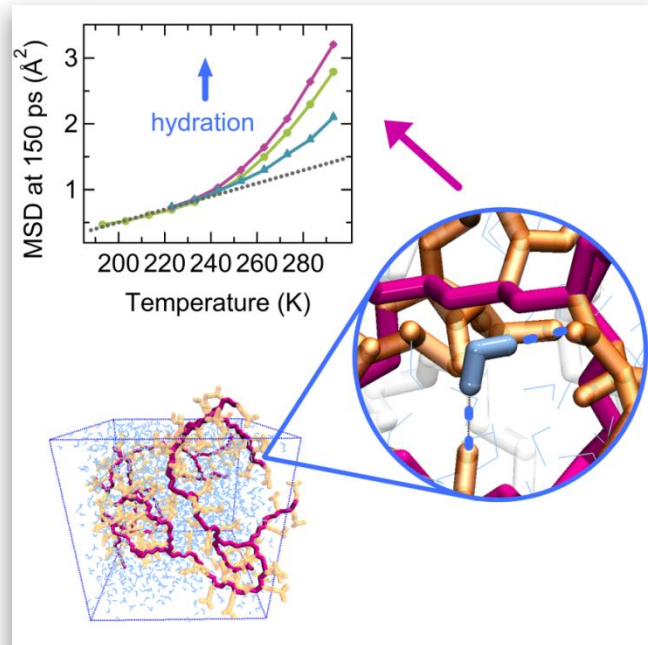


Comparison between experimental MSDs (filled symbols) and numerical MSDs (open symbols) at different timescales





Summary



- Evidence of a “protein-like” dynamical transition in non-biological macromolecules, independently on the polymer topology
- At $T < T_d$ PNIPAM dynamics is governed by the rotation of the methyl groups and a sudden increase of the polymer segmental dynamics occurs at T_d
- Hydrogen bonds between PNIPAM and water play a primary role in determining water dynamics below T_d
- Macromolecule–water coupling is a driving ingredient of the dynamical transition



In collaboration with...

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