

In situ small-angle neutron scattering study of hydrogen physisorption in nanoporous carbons

Sebastian Stock^{a,b}, Malina Seyffertizt^a, Nikolaous Kostoglou^a, Bruno Demé^b,
Viviana Cristiglio^b, Oskar Paris^a

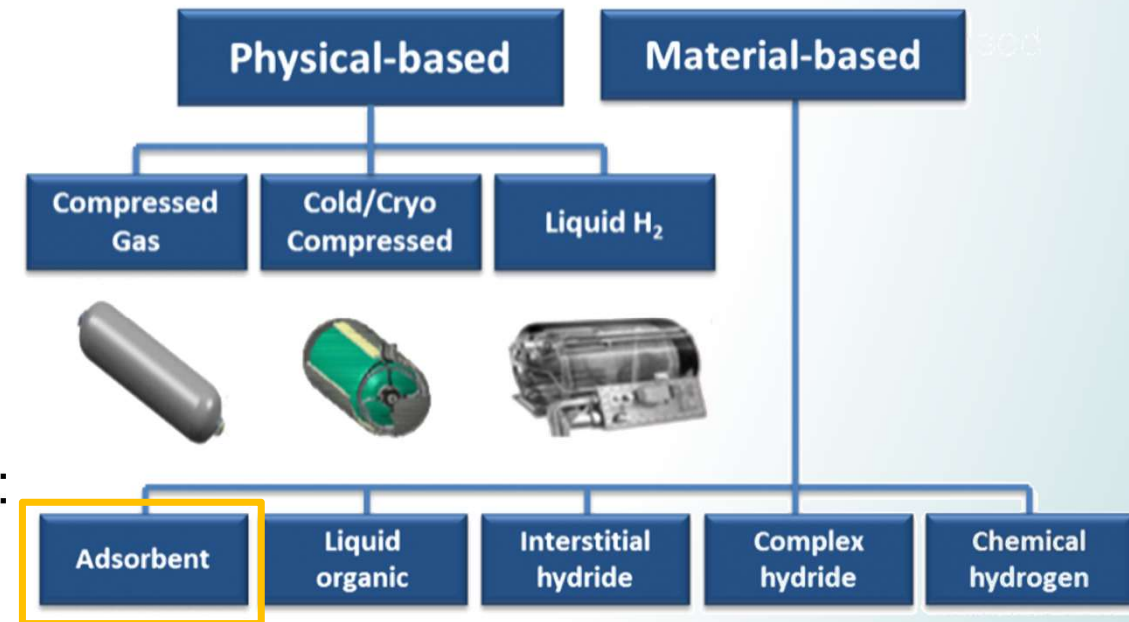
^aMontanuniversität, Leoben, Austria | ^bInstitute Laue-Langevin, Grenoble, France

Sebastian.Stock@unileoben.ac.at

How to storage H₂

- Pressure and temperature:
 - Compression up to 700 bar
 - Liquefaction of H₂ at 20.3 K
 - Cooling + compression

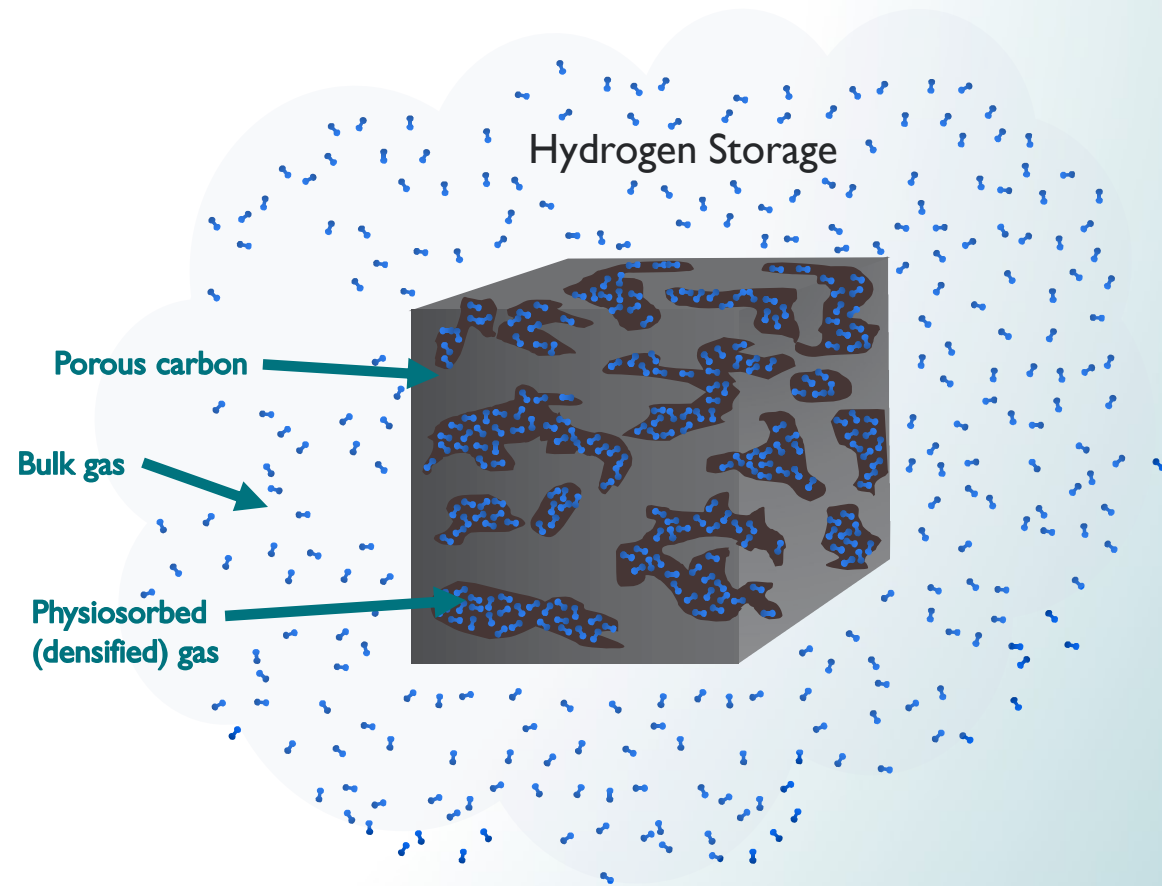
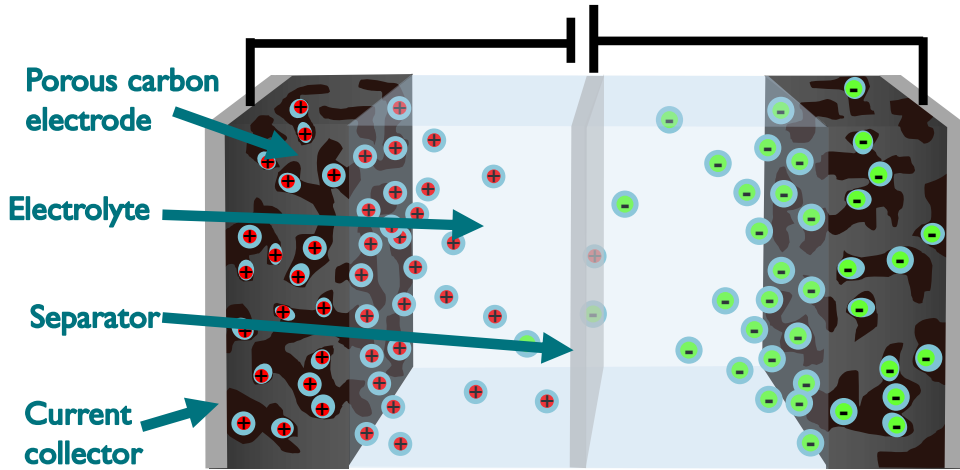
- Interaction with other materials:
 - Physical interaction: adsorption
 - Chemical interaction: absorption



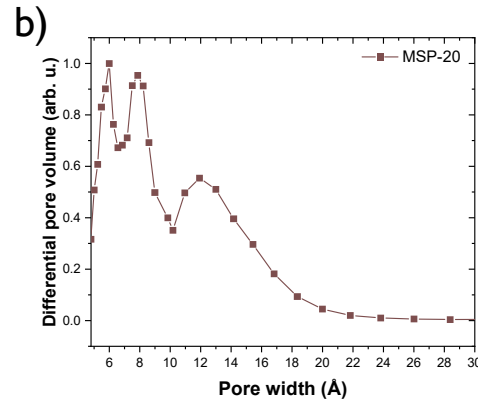
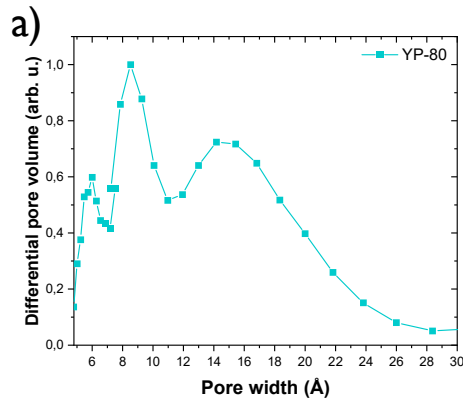
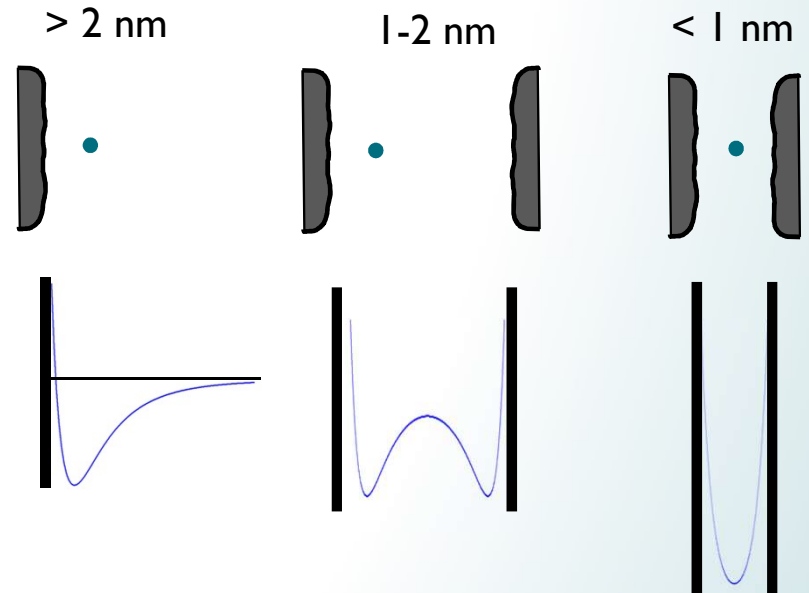
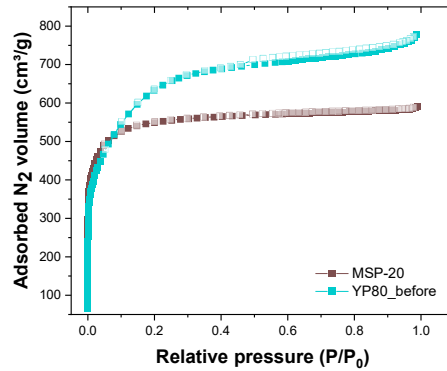
<https://www.energy.gov/eere/fuelcells/hydrogen-storage>

Introduction – Why nanoporous Carbons?

Electric double layer capacitor

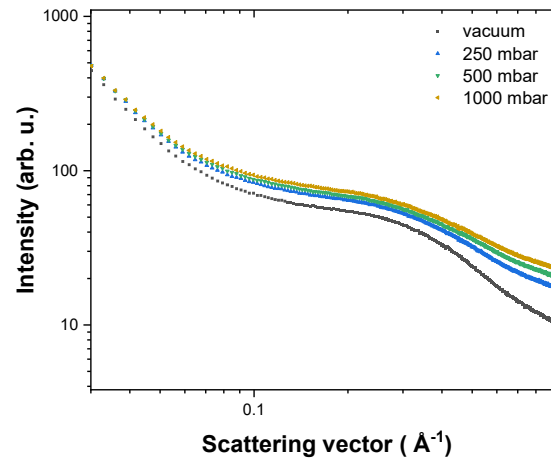
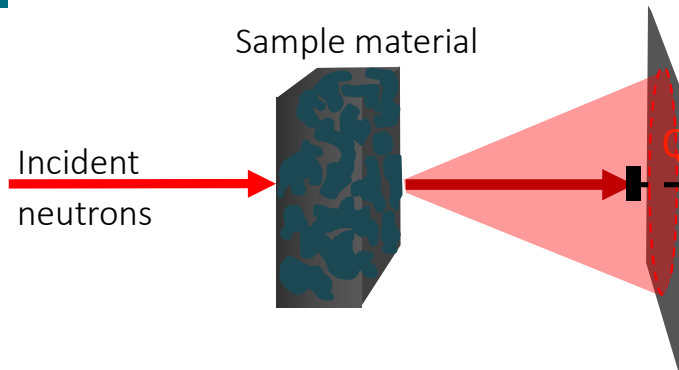


What is important for H₂ storage?

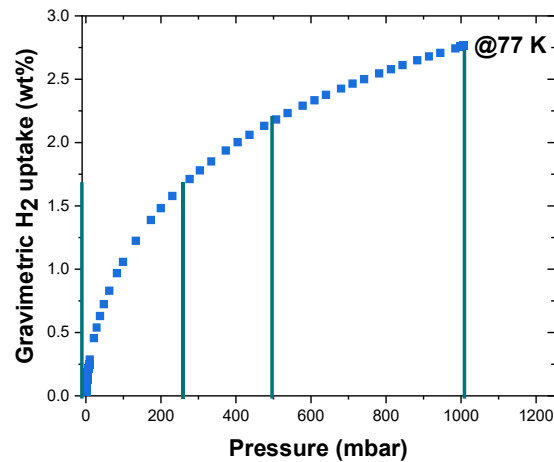


- Specific surface area
- Specific pore volume
- Pore size distribution
- Surface functionalities

What do we want to know?

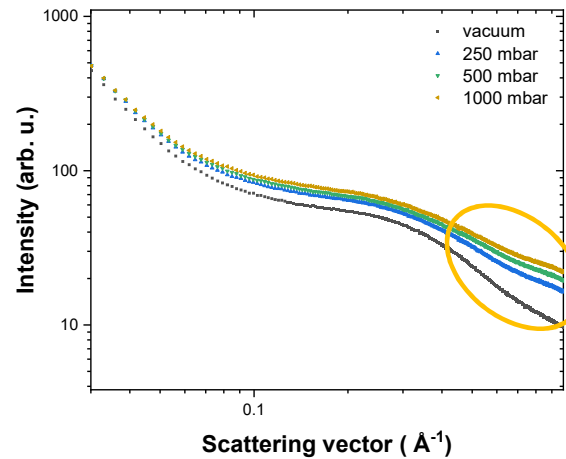
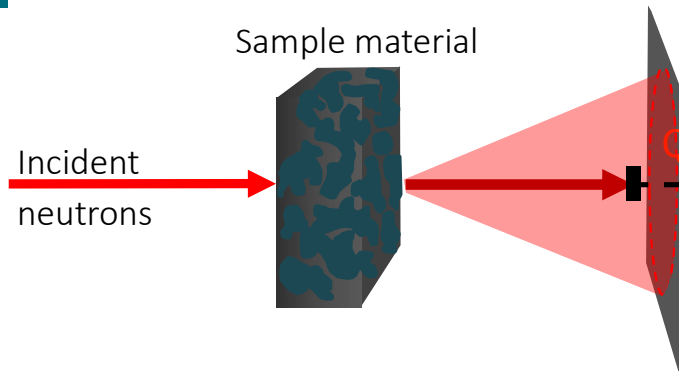


Small momentum transfer diffractometer D16 @ILL



- How does the pore size influence the gas density?
- How does the pore shape influence the uptake?
- What are the optimal pore size and shape characteristics for highest adsorption?

Gas density from SANS – Two-phase model approach

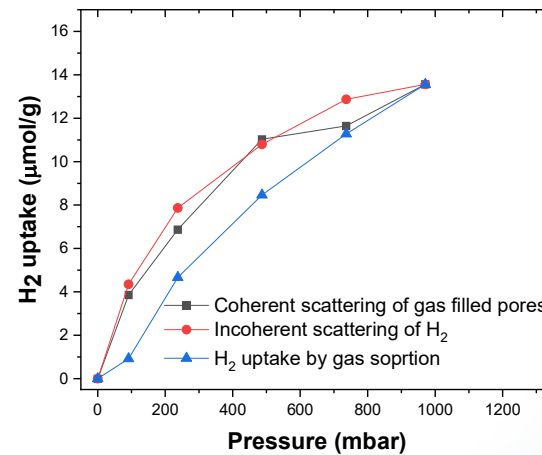
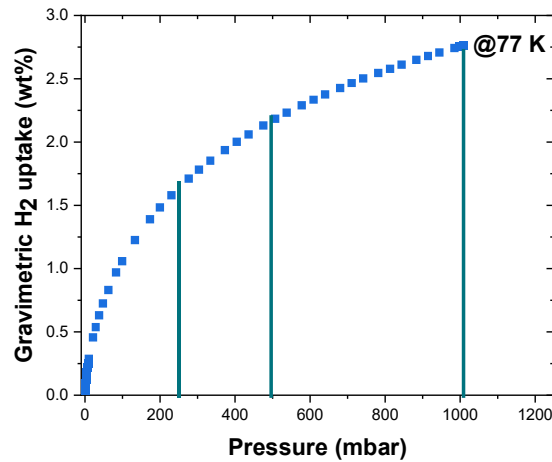


$$I(Q) = I_{particle} + I_{pore} + I_{fluct}$$

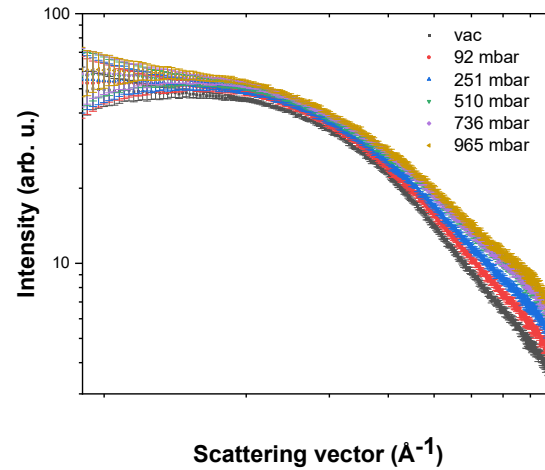
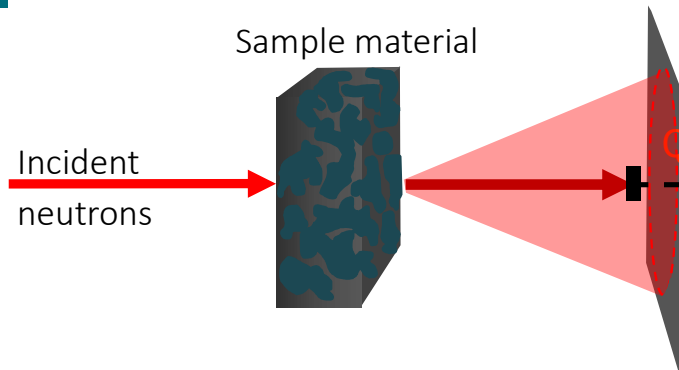
$$\lim_{Q \rightarrow \infty} I_{pore} = B * Q^{-k} + I_{fluct} + I_{inc}$$

$k = 4$ sharp interfaces
 $k < 4$ non – sharp interfaces

$$I_{inc} \propto \left(\frac{b_{H_2,inc} \cdot N_A}{M_{H_2}} \cdot \rho_{H_2} \right)^2 \propto \frac{M_{H_2} * uptake}{V_{pore}}$$



Gas density from SANS – Two-phase model approach



$$I(Q) = I_{particle} + I_{pore} + I_{fluct}$$

$$\lim_{Q \rightarrow \infty} I_{pore} = B * Q^{-k} + I_{fluct} + I_{inc}$$

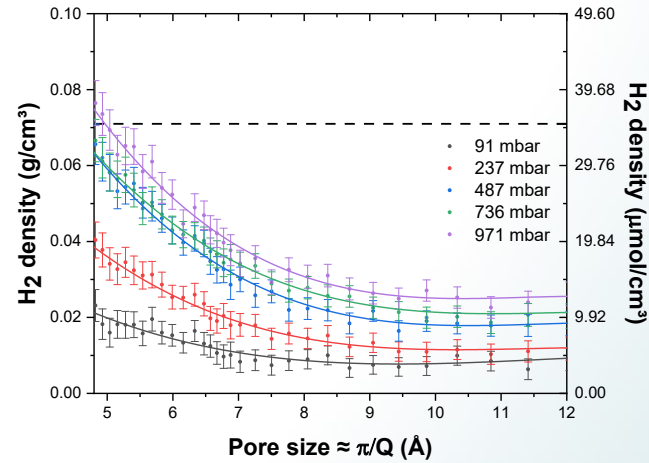
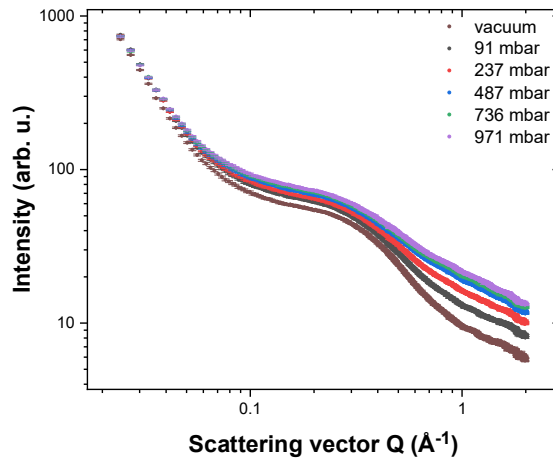
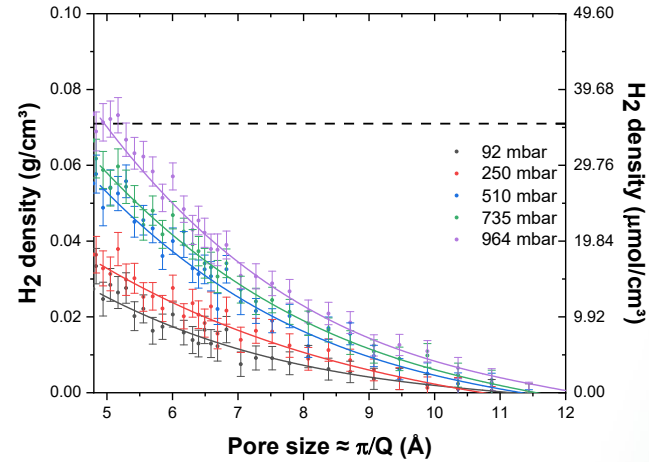
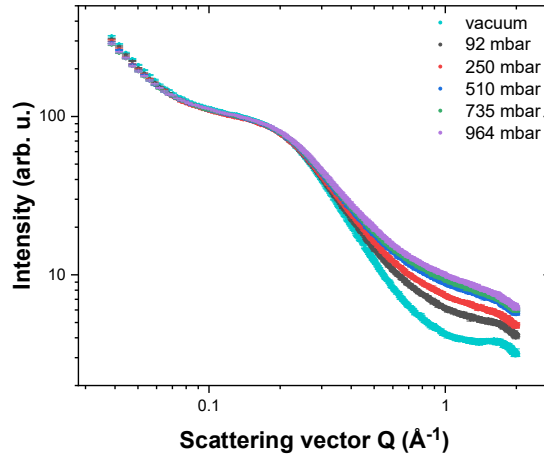
$k = 4$ sharp interfaces
 $k < 4$ non – sharp interfaces

Element	b_{coh} (10^{-13} cm)	b_{inc} (10^{-13} cm)
C	6.65	0
H ₂	-7.48	25.27
D ₂	13.34	4.04

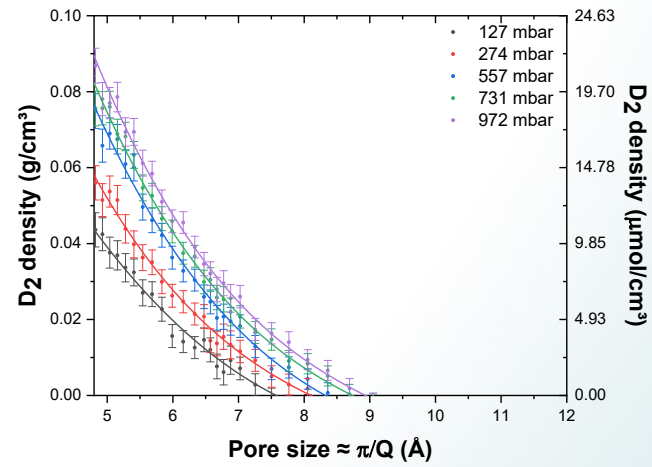
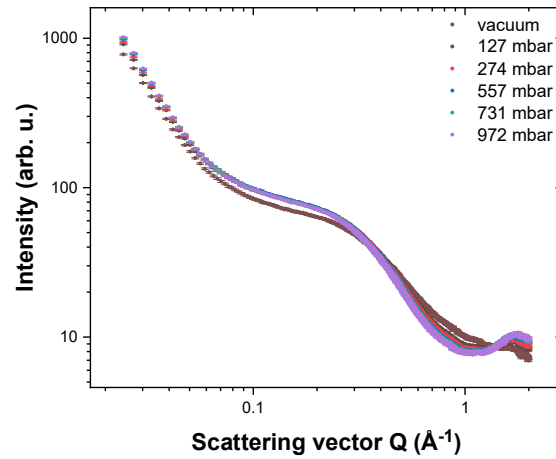
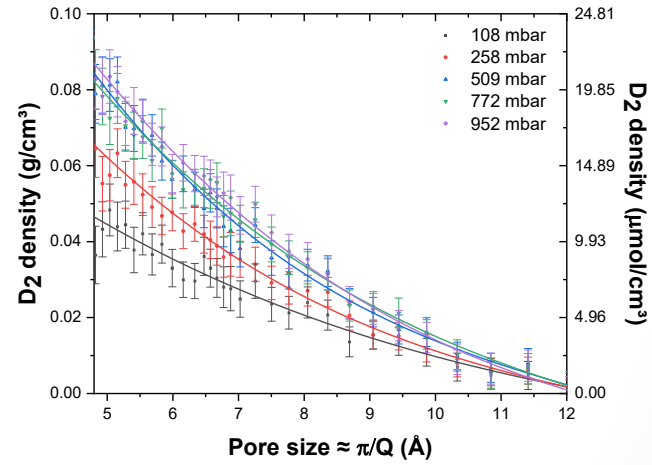
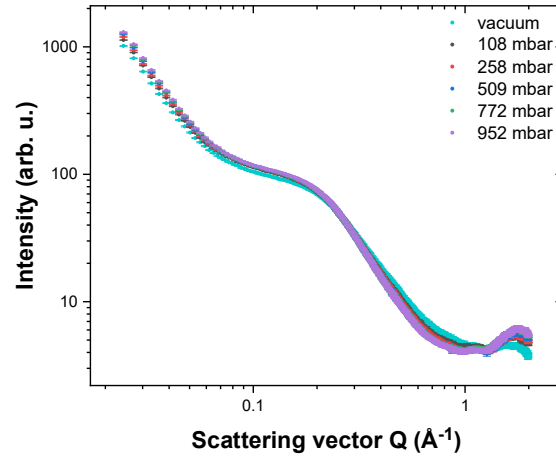
$$\rho_{(Q),H_2/D_2} = \frac{b_c \cdot M_{H_2/D_2} \cdot \rho_C}{b_{H_2/D_2} \cdot M_C} \cdot \left(1 - \sqrt{\frac{I_{(Q,P),coh}}{I_{(P=0),coh}}} \right)$$

(Gallego et. al., 2011)

H₂ physisorption

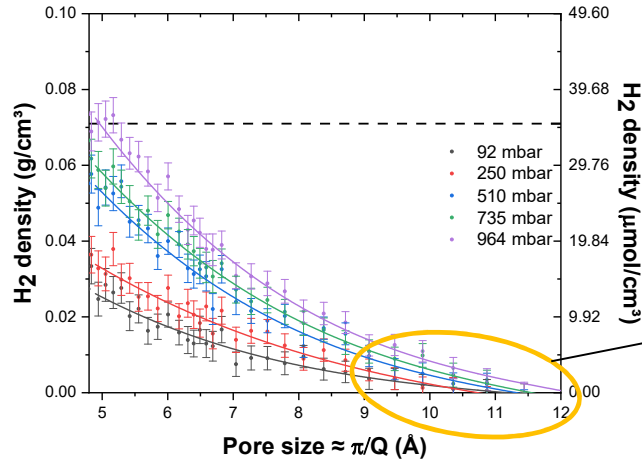


D₂ physisorption

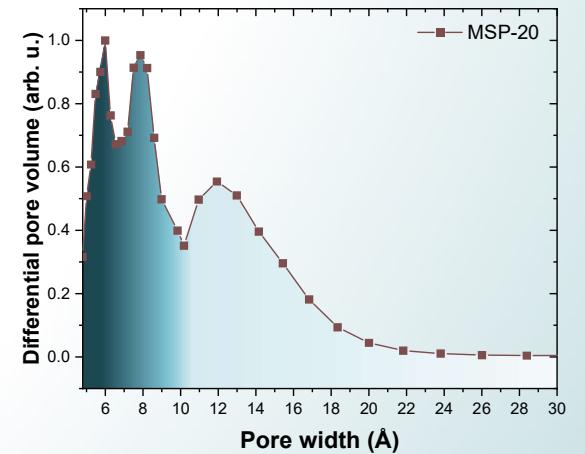
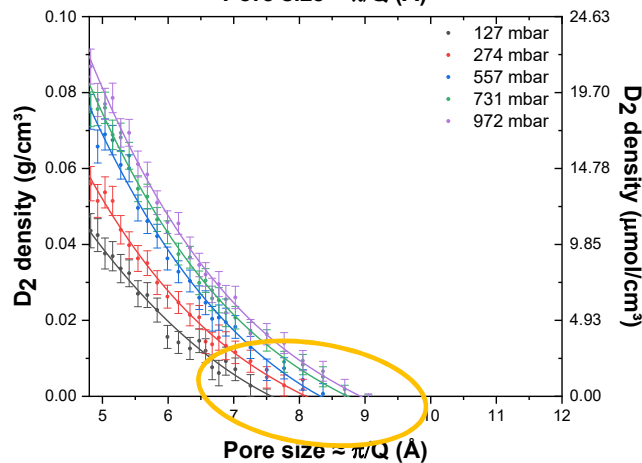
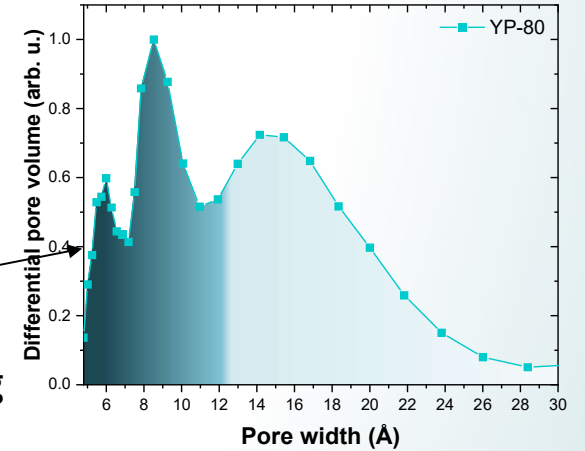


What can we learn?

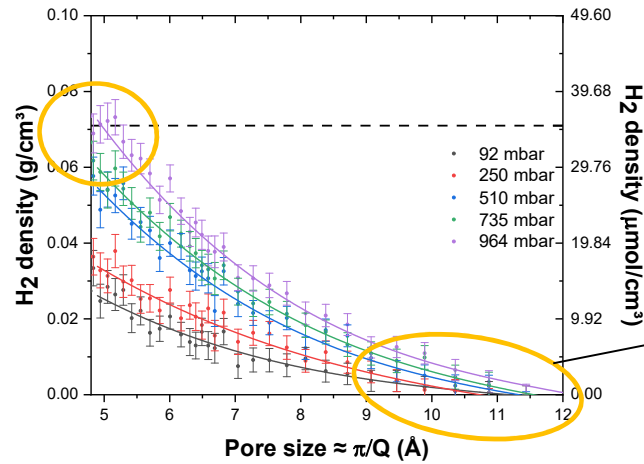
$$\rho_{(Q),H_2/D_2} = \frac{b_c \cdot M_{H_2/D_2} \cdot \rho_C}{b_{H_2/D_2} \cdot M_C} \cdot \left(1 - \sqrt{\frac{I_{(Q,P),coh}}{I_{(P=0),coh}}} \right)$$



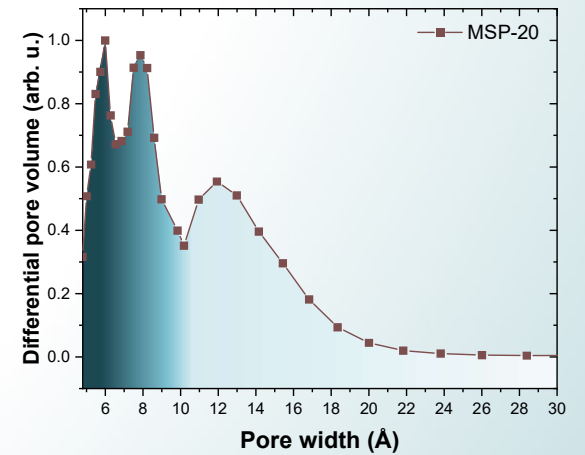
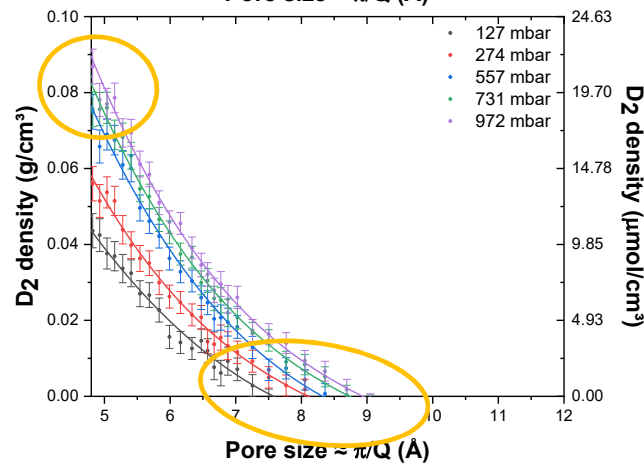
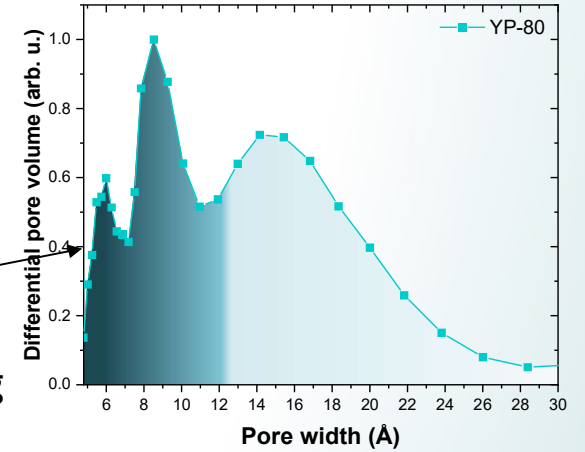
Fractional pore filling



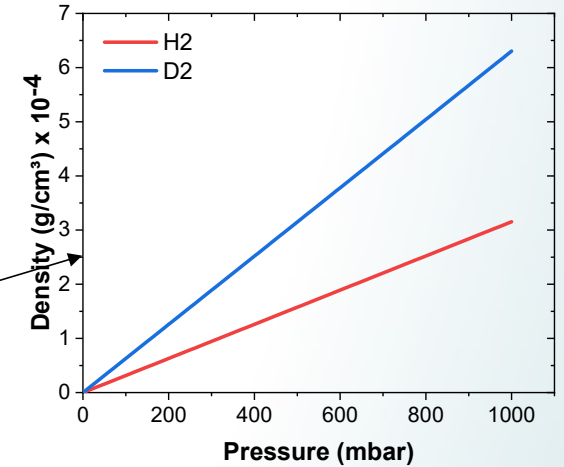
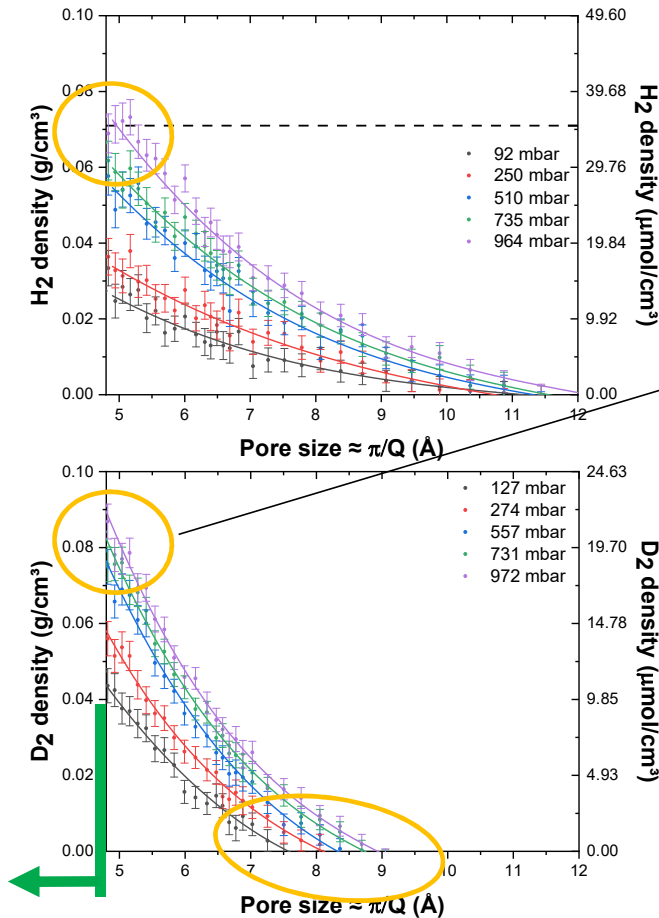
What can we learn?



Fractional pore filling



What can we learn?



Quantum effects – Thermal wavelength:

$$\lambda = \frac{h}{\sqrt{2\pi \cdot m \cdot B \cdot T}}$$

$$\lambda_{H_2} = 1.76 \text{ \AA}$$

$$\lambda_{D_2} = 1.24 \text{ \AA}$$





Research Article

Effect of pore geometry on ultra-densified hydrogen in microporous carbons

Mi Tian^{a,b,*}, Matthew J. Lennox^b, Alexander J. O'Malley^c, Alexander J. Porter^c, Benjamin Krüner^{d,e}, Svemir Rudić^f, Timothy J. Mays^b, Tina Düren^b, Volker Presser^{d,e}, Lui R. Terry^g, Stephane Rols^h, Yanan Fangⁱ, Zhili Dongⁱ, Sebastien Rochat^j, Valeska P. Ting^{g,**}

Inelastic neutron scattering



OPEN

Formation of a super-dense hydrogen monolayer on mesoporous silica

Rafael Balderas-Xicohtencatl^{1,2}, Hung-Hsuan Lin³, Christian Lurz³, Luke Daemen², Yongqiang Cheng², Katie Cychosz Struckhoff⁴, Remy Guillet-Nicolas⁵, Gisela Schütz¹, Thomas Heine^{3,6,7}, Anibal J. Ramirez-Cuesta², Matthias Thommes⁸ and Michael Hirscher¹

**Pore wall corrugation effect on the dynamics of adsorbed H₂ studied by *in situ* quasi-elastic neutron scattering: Observation of two timescaled diffusion**

Miriam Koppel^a, Rasmus Palm^{b,*}, Riinu Härmäs^a, Margarita Russina^c, Veronika Grzimek^c, Jacek Jagiello^d, Maarja Paalo^a, Heisi Kurig^a, Martin Månsson^b, Ove Oll^a, Enn Lust^a

Quasi-elastic neutron scattering
&
Neutron diffraction

Cite this: DOI: 10.1039/d2nr00587e

Manipulation of the crystalline phase diagram of hydrogen through nanoscale confinement effects in porous carbons†

Lui R. Terry¹, Stephane Rols², Mi Tian³, Ivan da Silva⁴, Simon J. Bending⁵ and Valeska P. Ting¹



Thanks to



Malina Seyffertizt (Experiment@DI6)
Nikolaos Kostoglou (Scientific support)
Oskar Paris (Supervisor)



Bruno Demé (Co-Supervisor)
Viviana Cristiglio
Olivier Aguetzaz



Mark Baker and his team (XPS)



Christian Prehal (Discussions)



Volker Presser and his team (CHNS-O)