



# 10-mA proton beam commissioning of prototype of sc linac for China ADS

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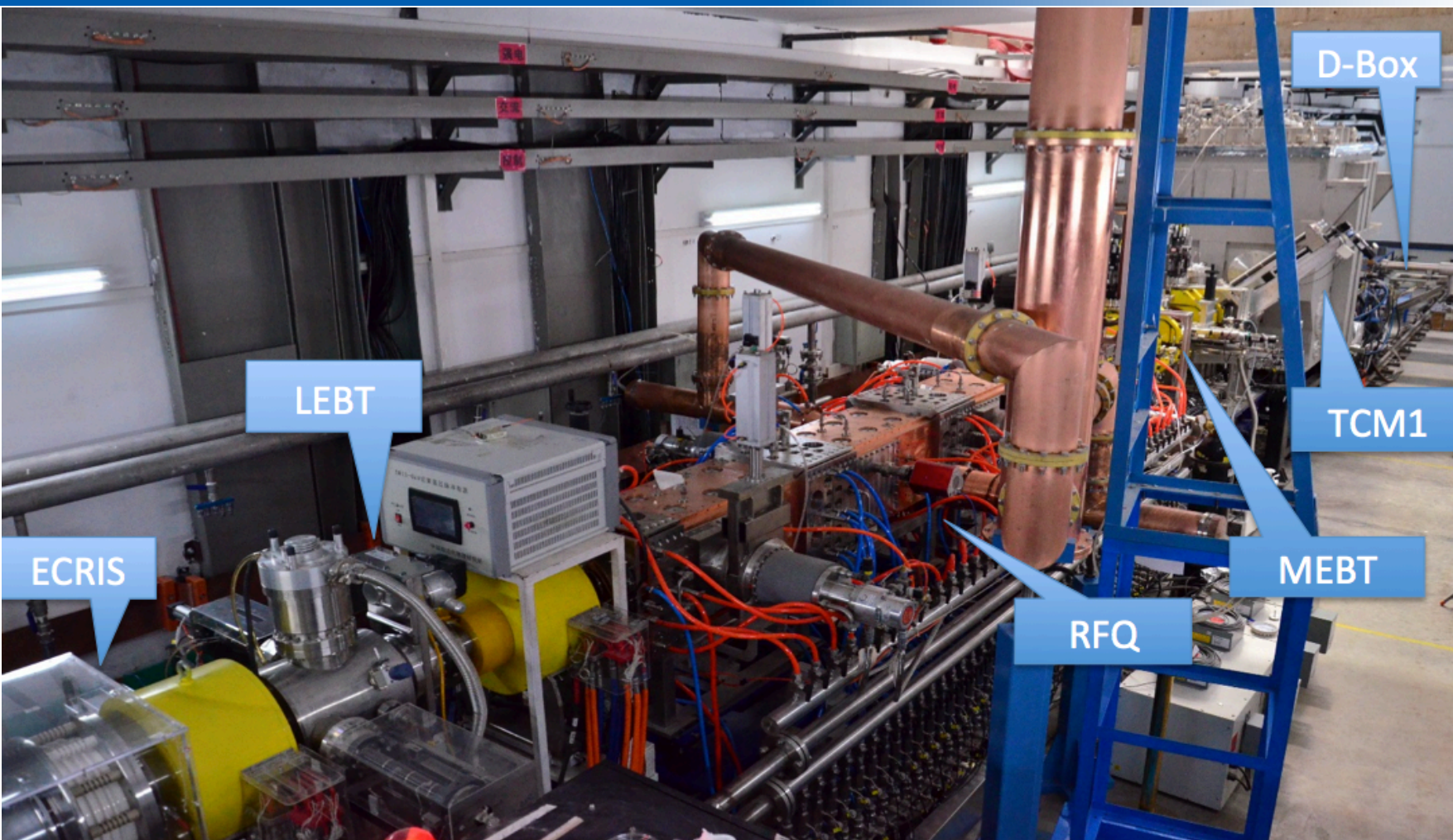


# Outline

- Challenges of beam commissioning of the demo facility
- The beam commissioning of RFQ
- The beam commissioning of MEBT & TCM1
- Existing problems and further plans
- Acknowledge



# Challenges of beam commissioning

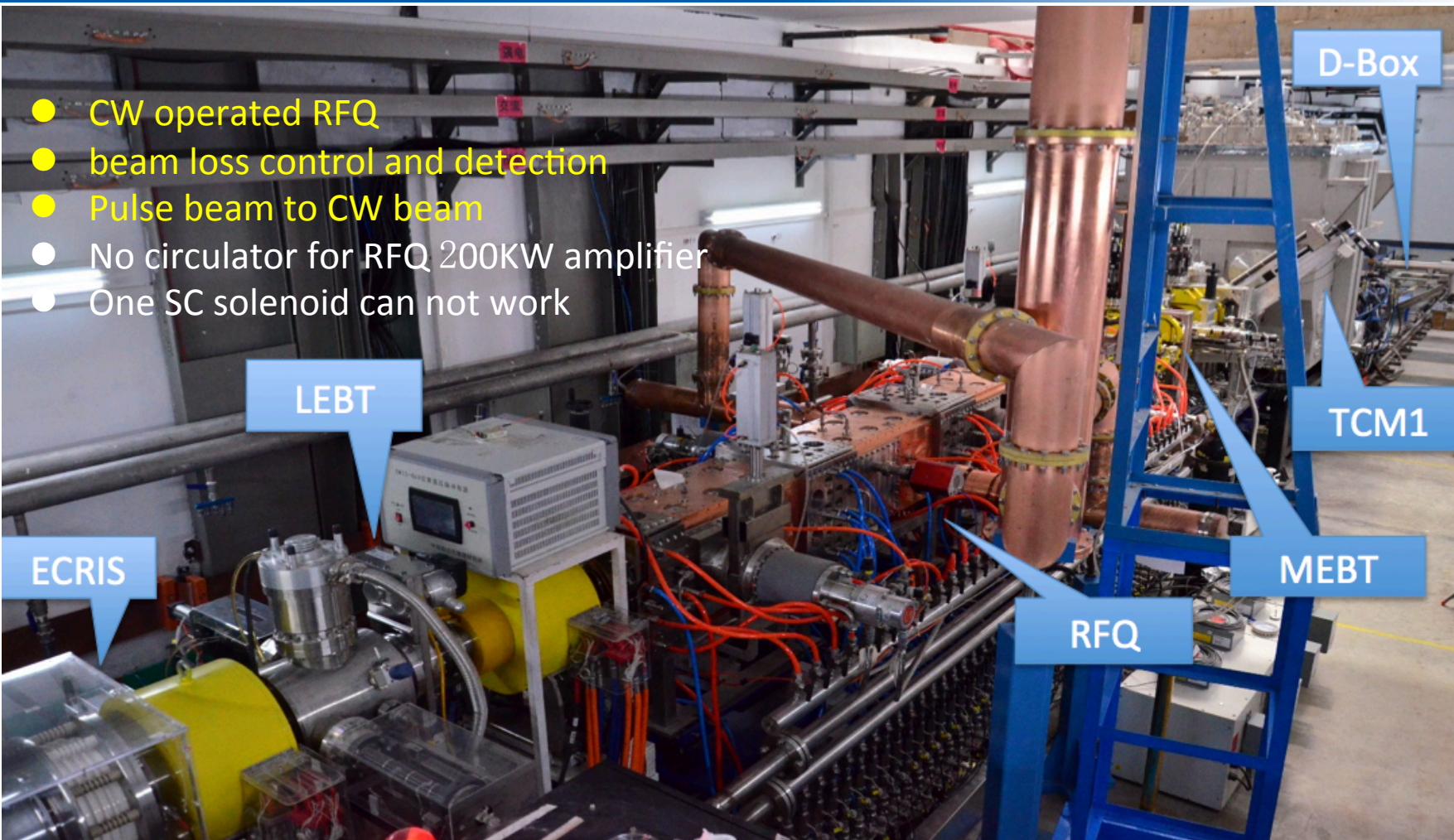


The highest beam current(10mA) and beam power(~28KW)  
of SC demo facility



# Challenges of beam commissioning

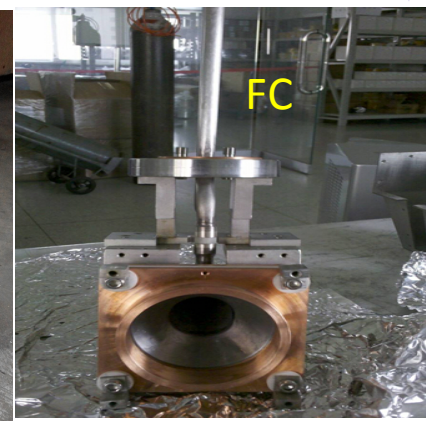
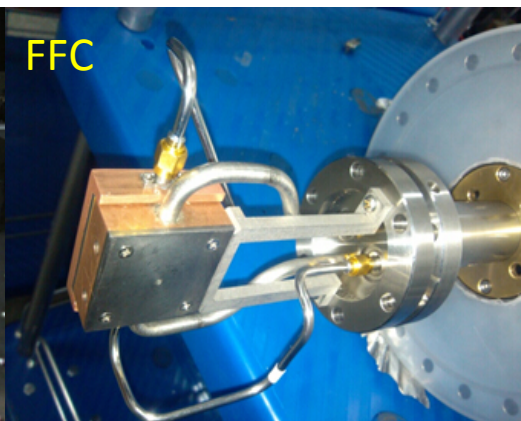
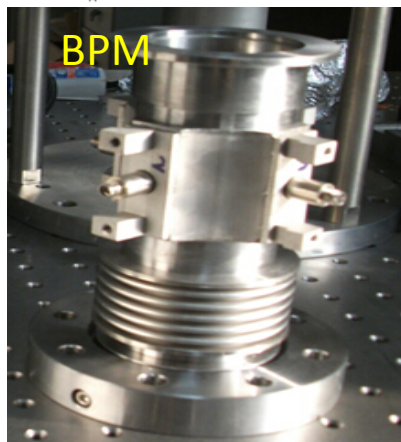
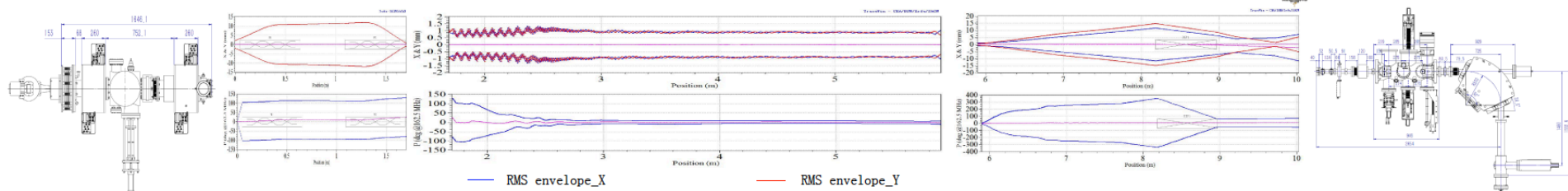
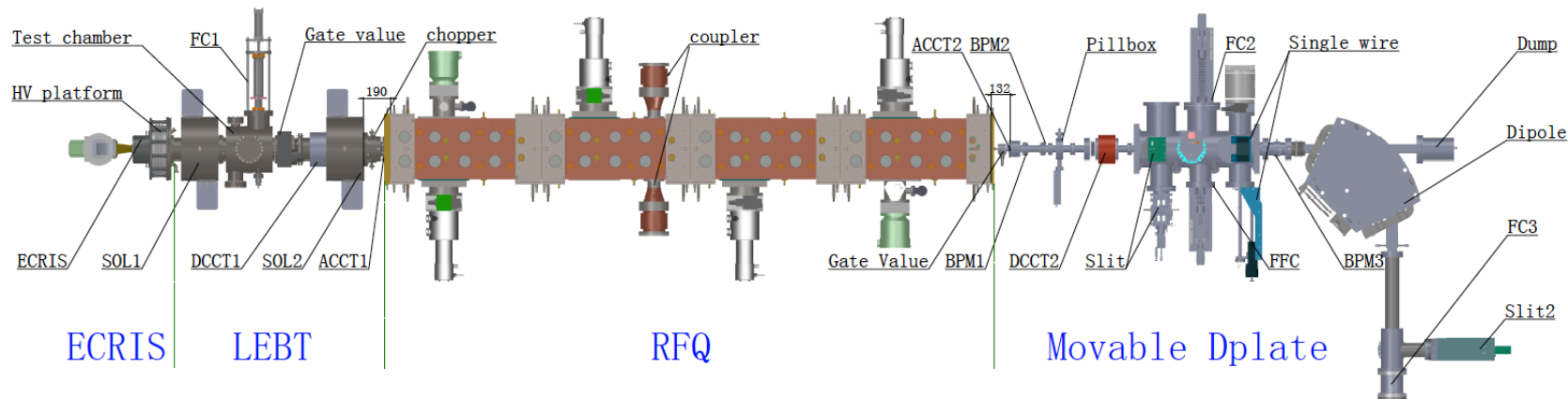
- CW operated RFQ
- beam loss control and detection
- Pulse beam to CW beam
- No circulator for RFQ 200KW amplifier
- One SC solenoid can not work



The highest beam current(10mA) and beam power(~28KW)  
of SC demo facility

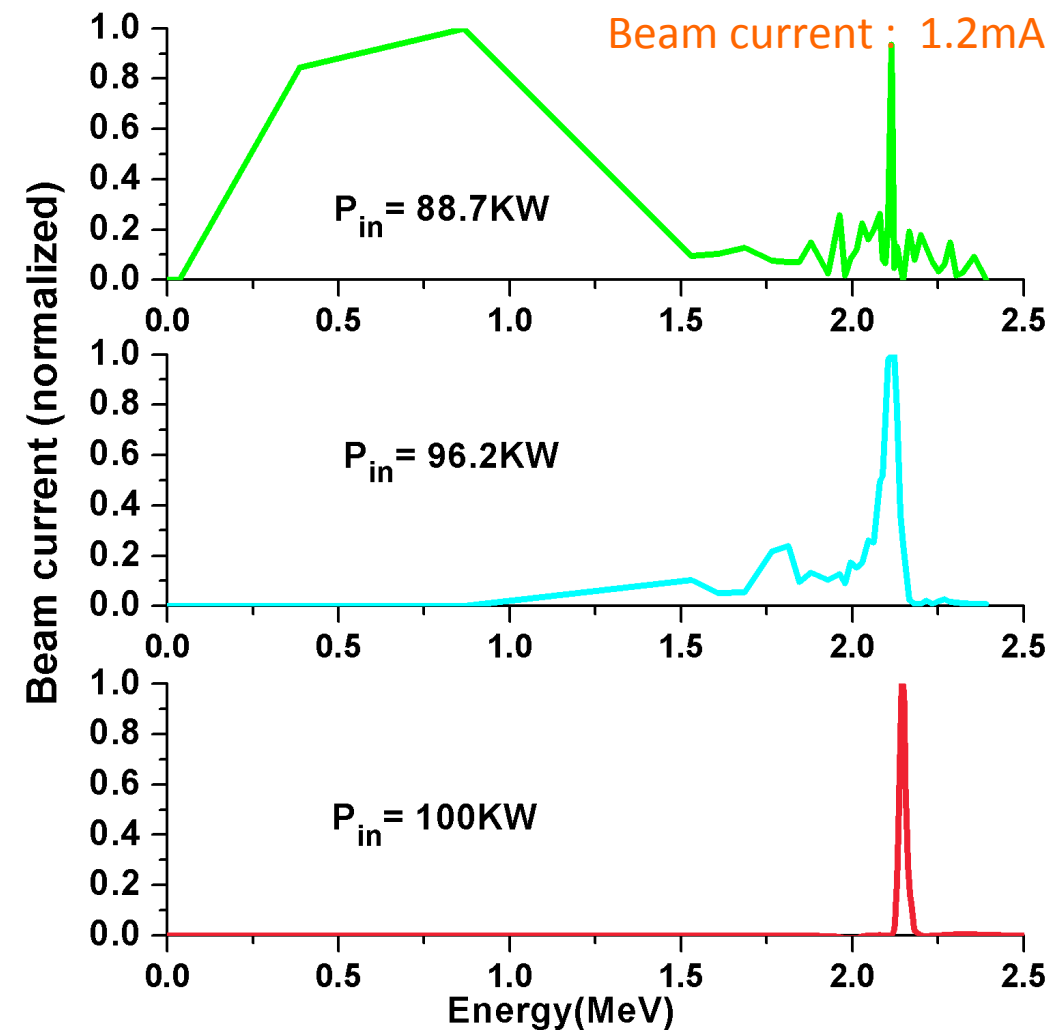


# Layout of the RFQ commissioning setup

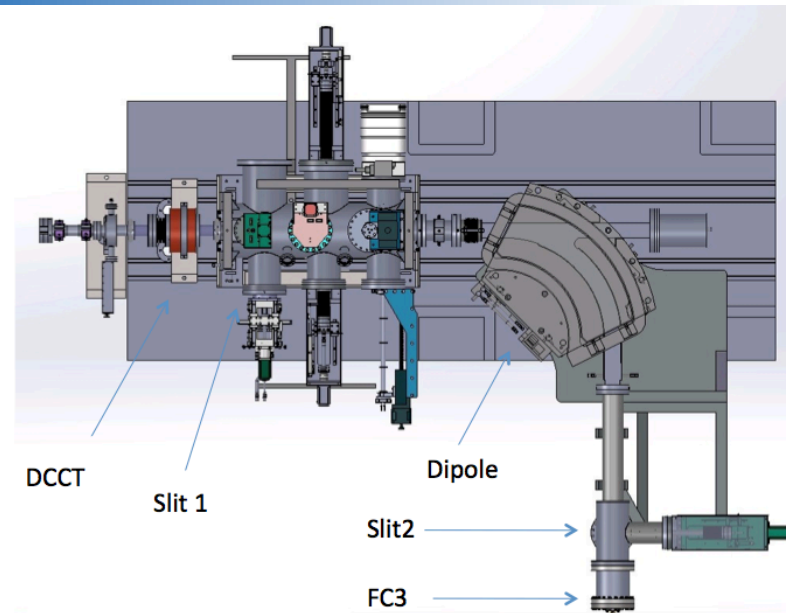




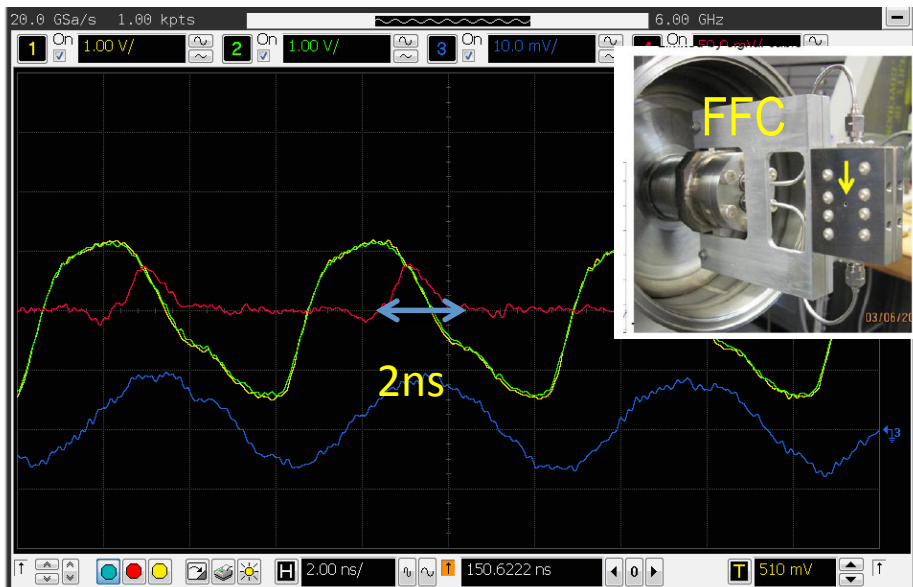
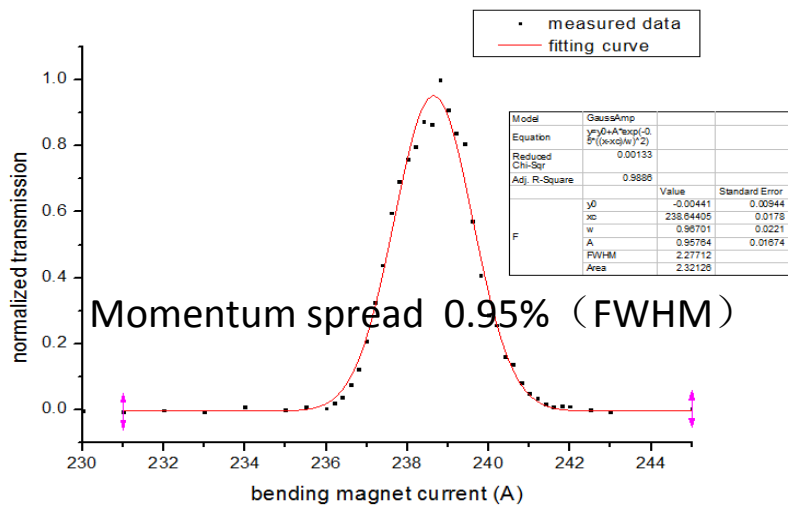
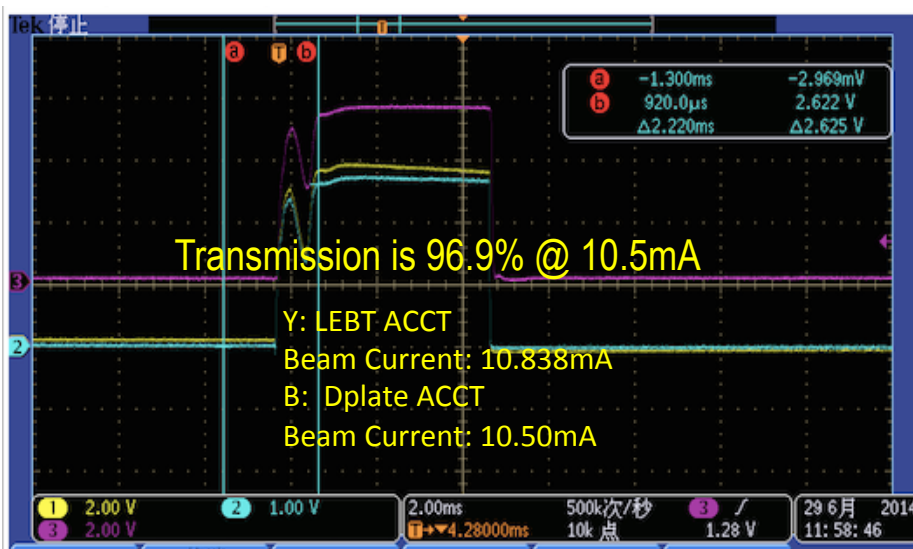
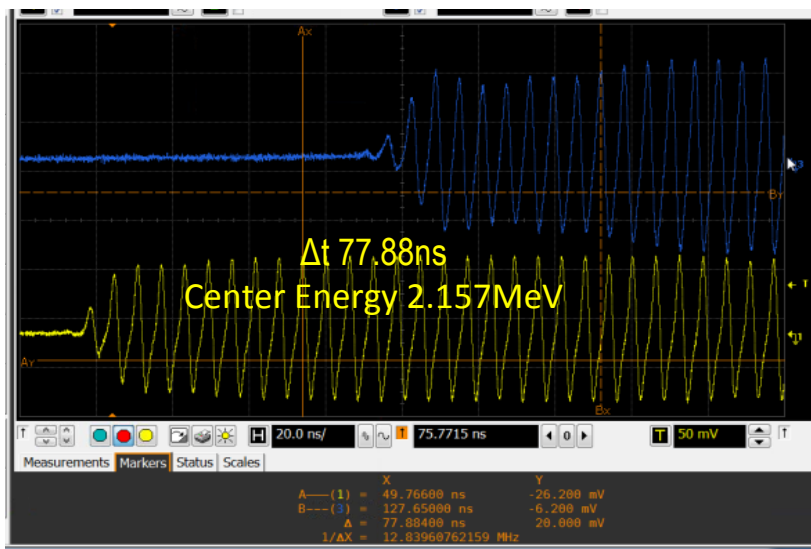
# Calibration of inter-electrode voltage of RFQ



Center energy: 2.145MeV  
Energy spread : 0.038MeV(FWHM)

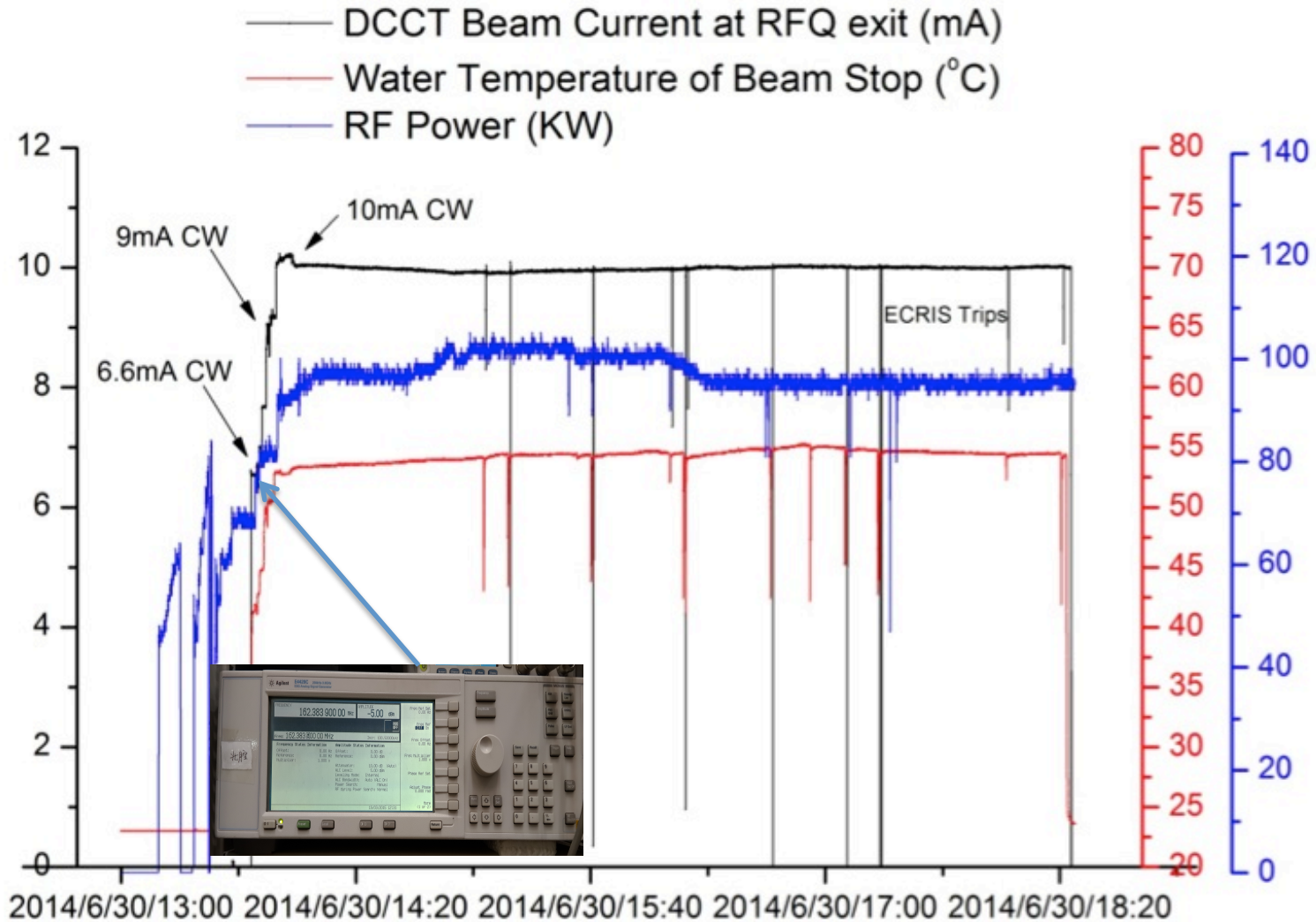


# Beam quality from RFQ





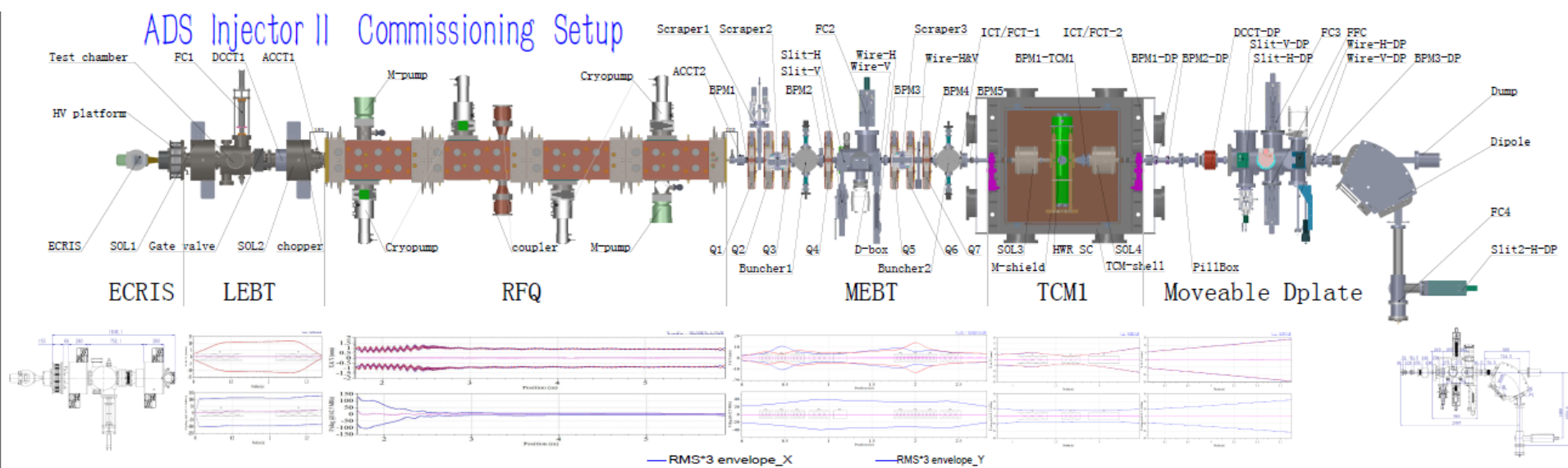
# 10 mA CW beam tuning of RFQ







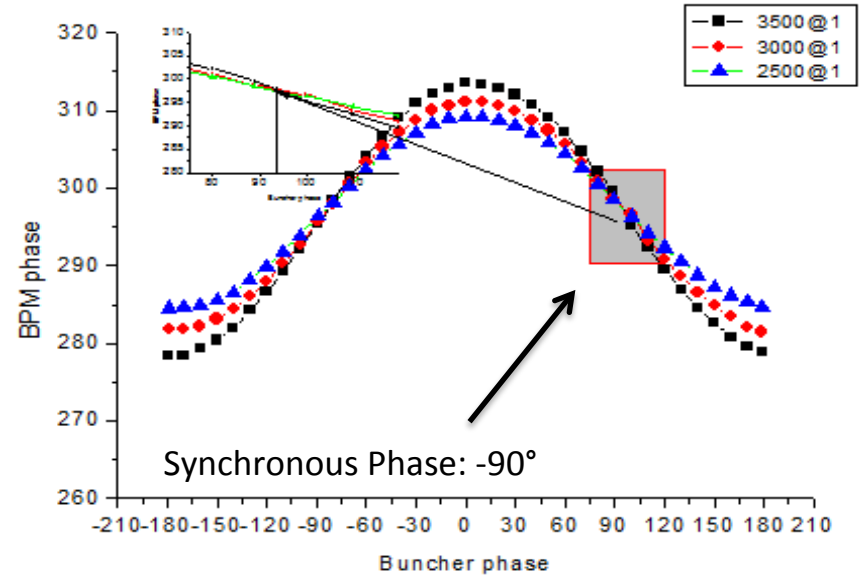
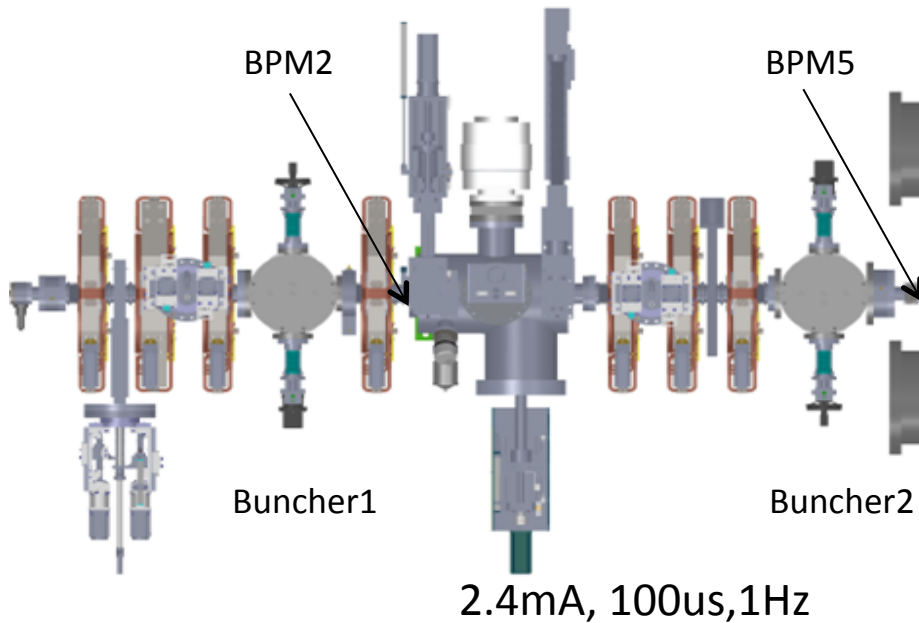
# Beam commissioning setup of the demo facility



- Calibration of single hardware
- Measurement of beam parameters and lattice setting
- Beam tuning



# Setting of buncher amplitude and phase



Formula method:

$$E_0 TL = \frac{d\Psi_{BPM}(\phi)}{d\phi} \left(\frac{m}{2T_0}\right)^{-1/2} \left(\frac{\omega_{BPM} * S}{c}\right)^{-1} \frac{2T_0}{\sin(\phi + \Delta\phi)}$$

$$\frac{E_0 TL \cos(\phi + \Delta\phi)}{2T_0} \ll 1$$

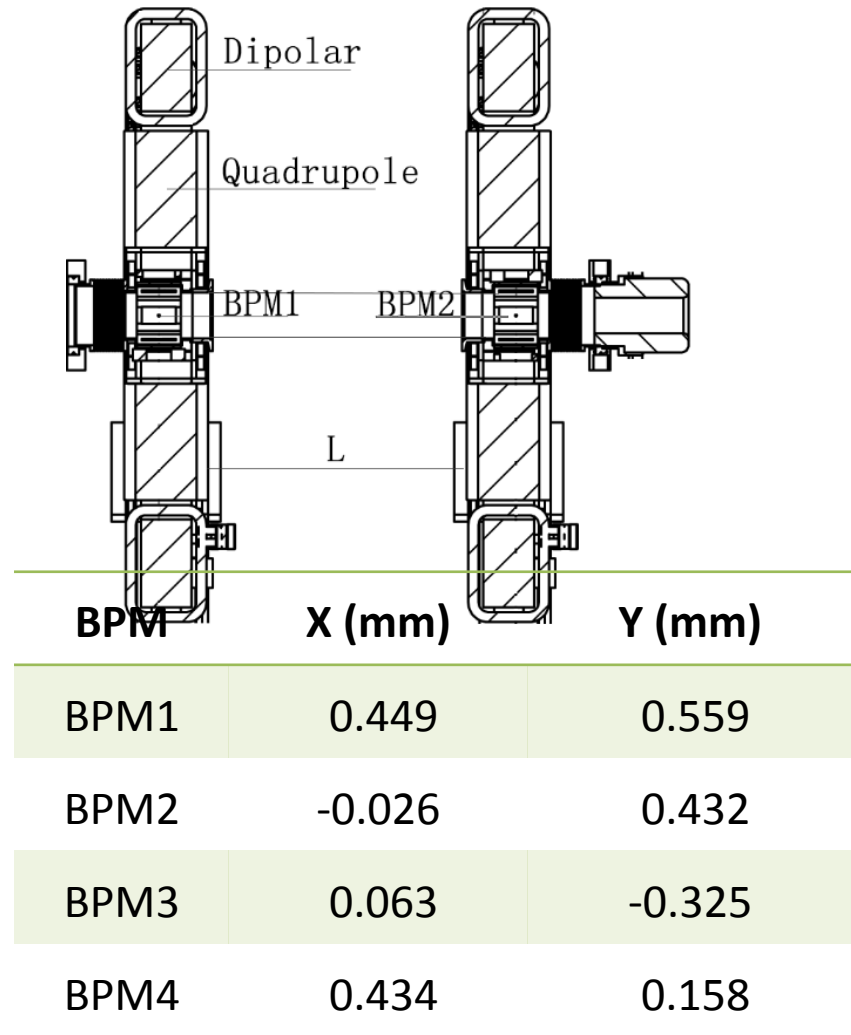
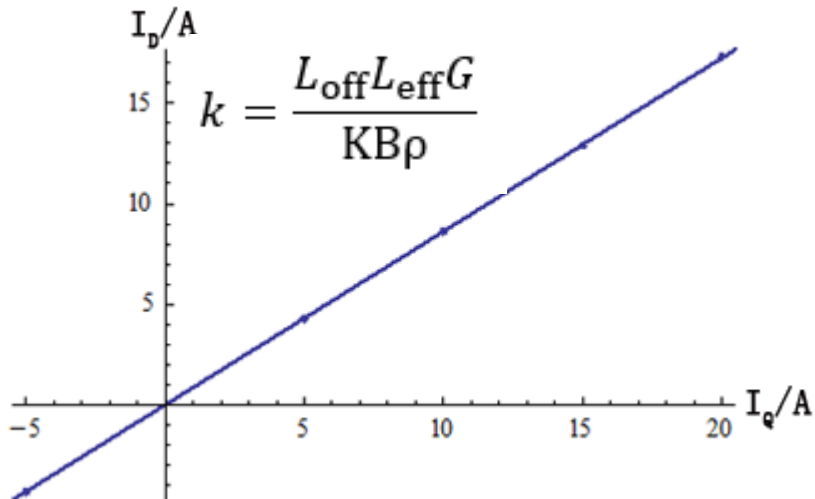
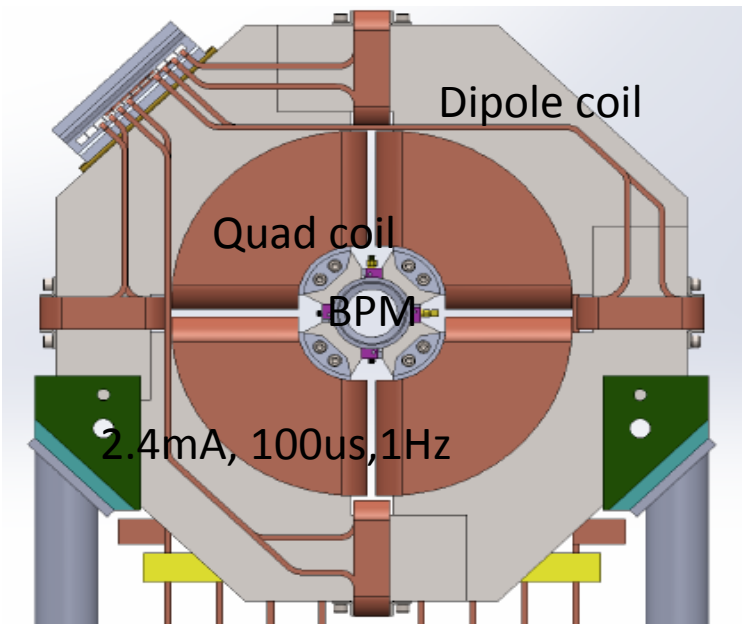
Fitting method:

$$\Psi[\phi_-] := -(\omega * s / (c * \beta[\phi]) + \Psi_0) / (2\pi) * 360$$

	Buncher1	Buncher2
Amp number	4500	5500
Formula(KV)	76.6	102
Fitting(KV)	82.36	105.81
Vacc(KV)	76.57	101

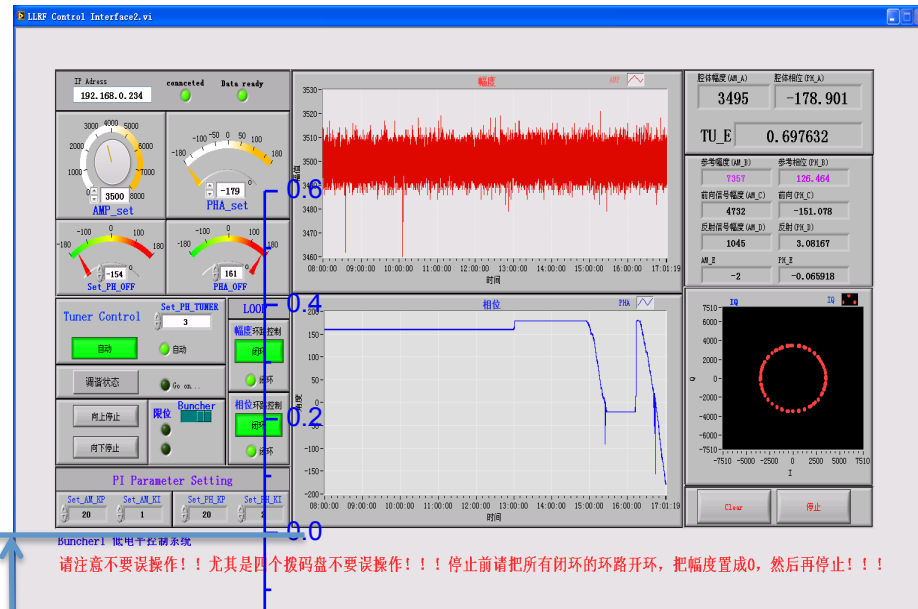
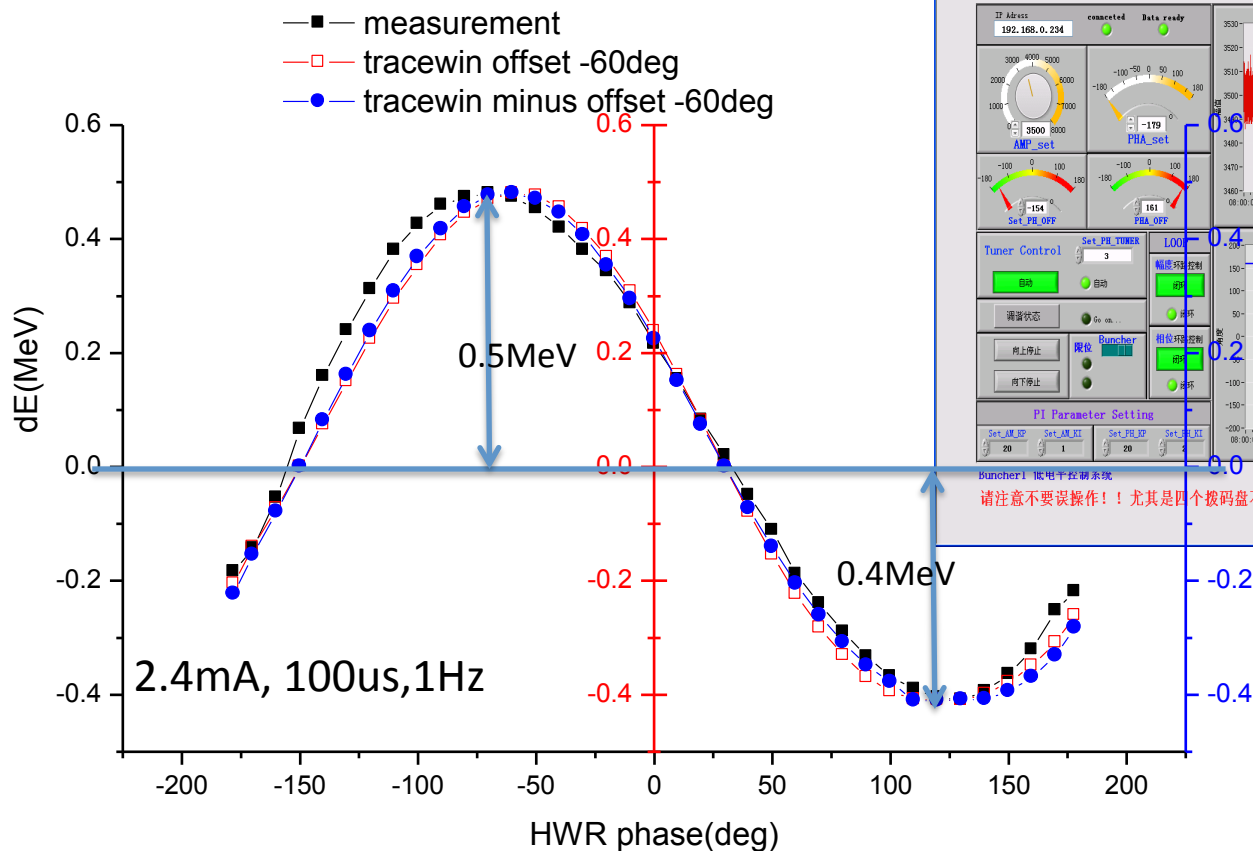


# Calibration of BPM based on beam





# Calibration of HWR cavity amplitude

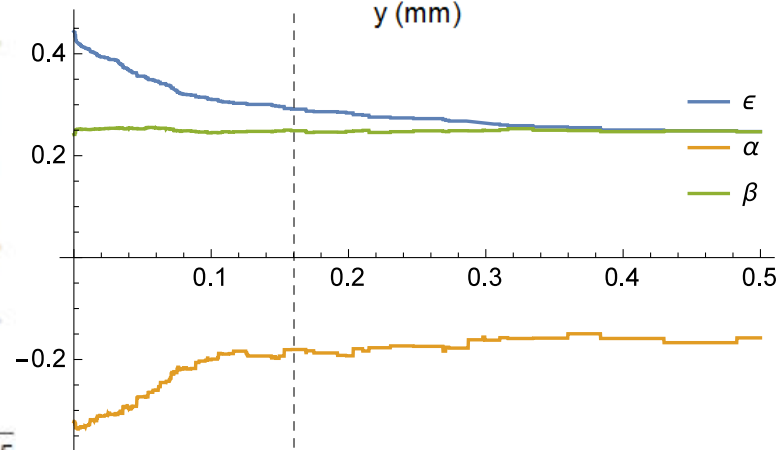
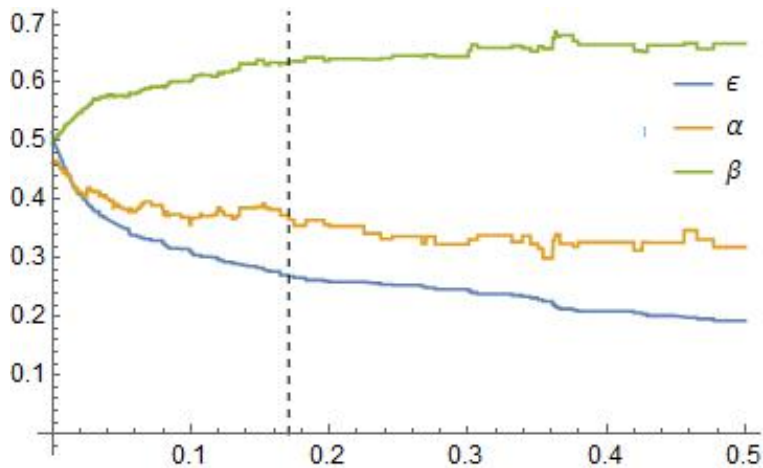
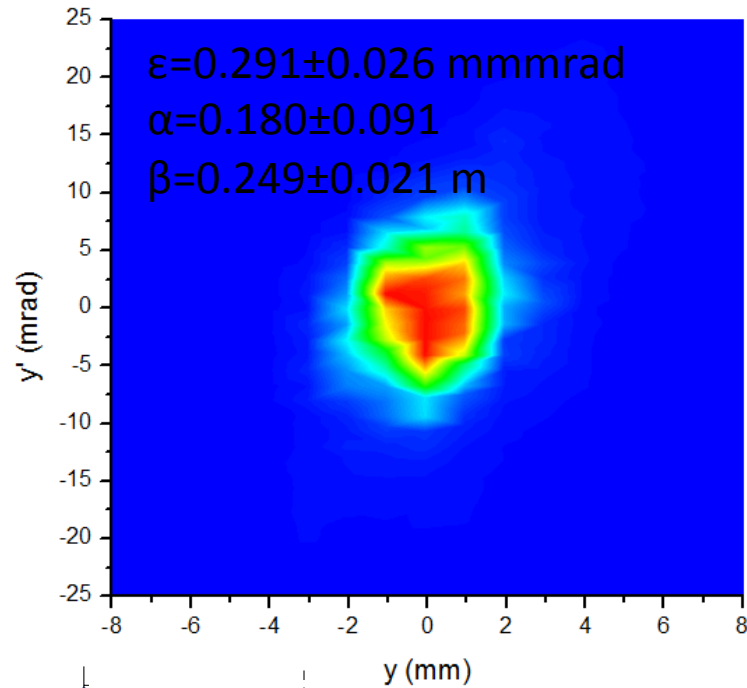
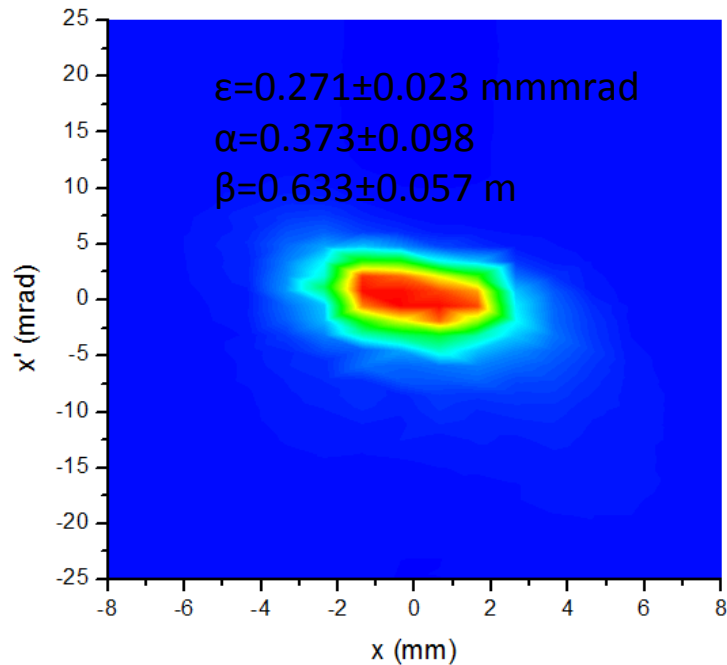


LLRF interface

$E_p = 18.44 \text{ MV/m}$  @ Beam calibration  
 $E_p = 18.5 \text{ MV/m}$  @ Cavity measurement



# Transverse emittance measurement

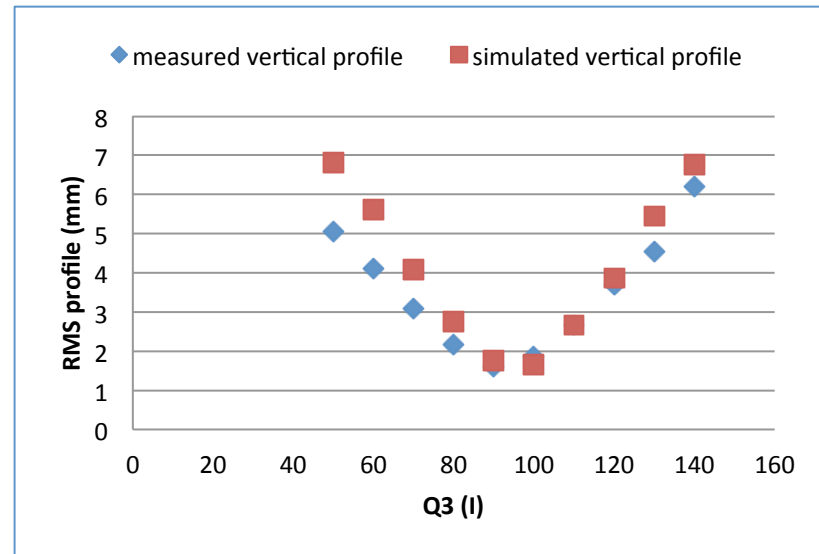
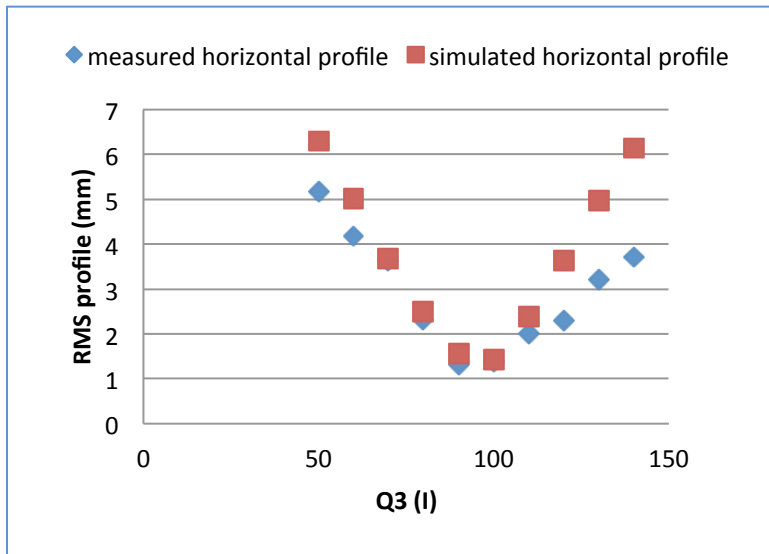




# Verification of emittance measurements

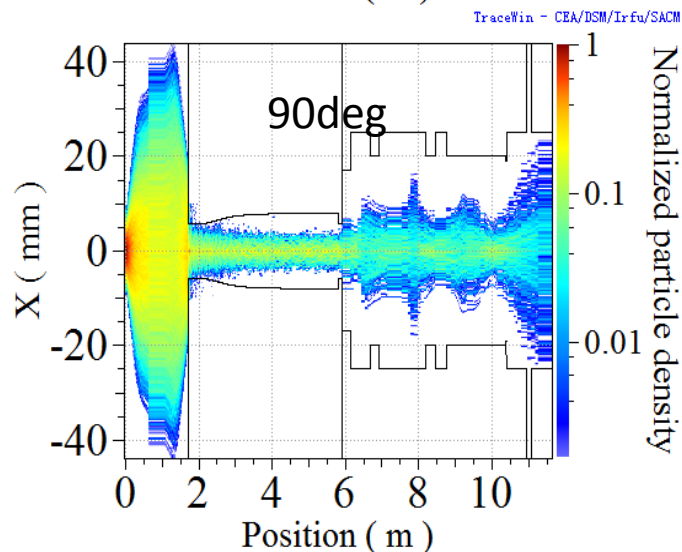
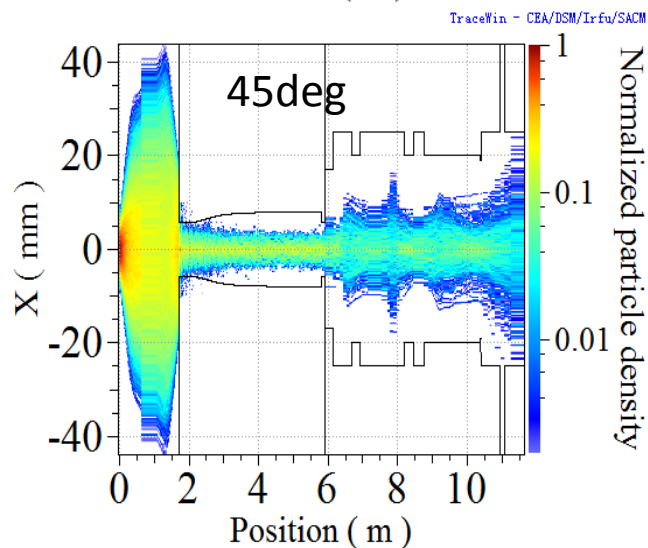
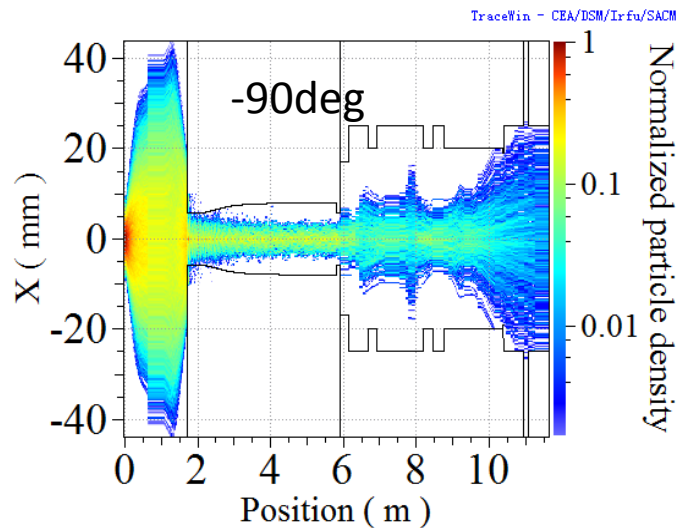
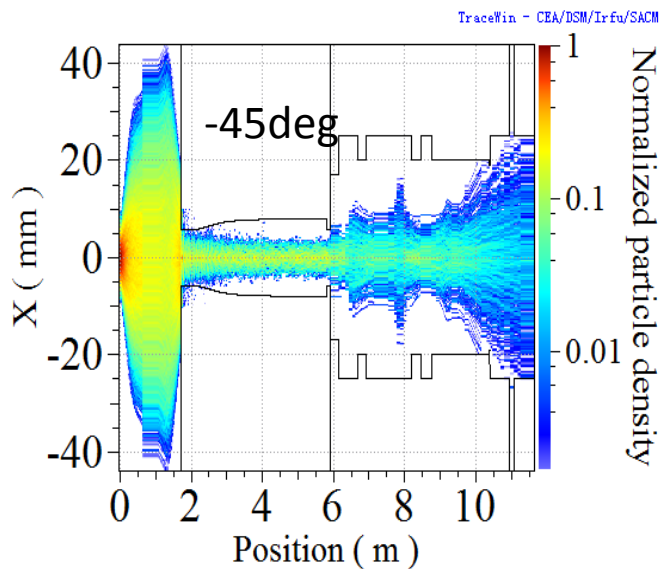
Initial Twiss parameters at the beginning of MEBT

	Emittance(mm.mrad)	Alpha	Beta(mm)
Horizontal	0.286	0.302	0.201
Vertical	0.297	-0.102	0.124



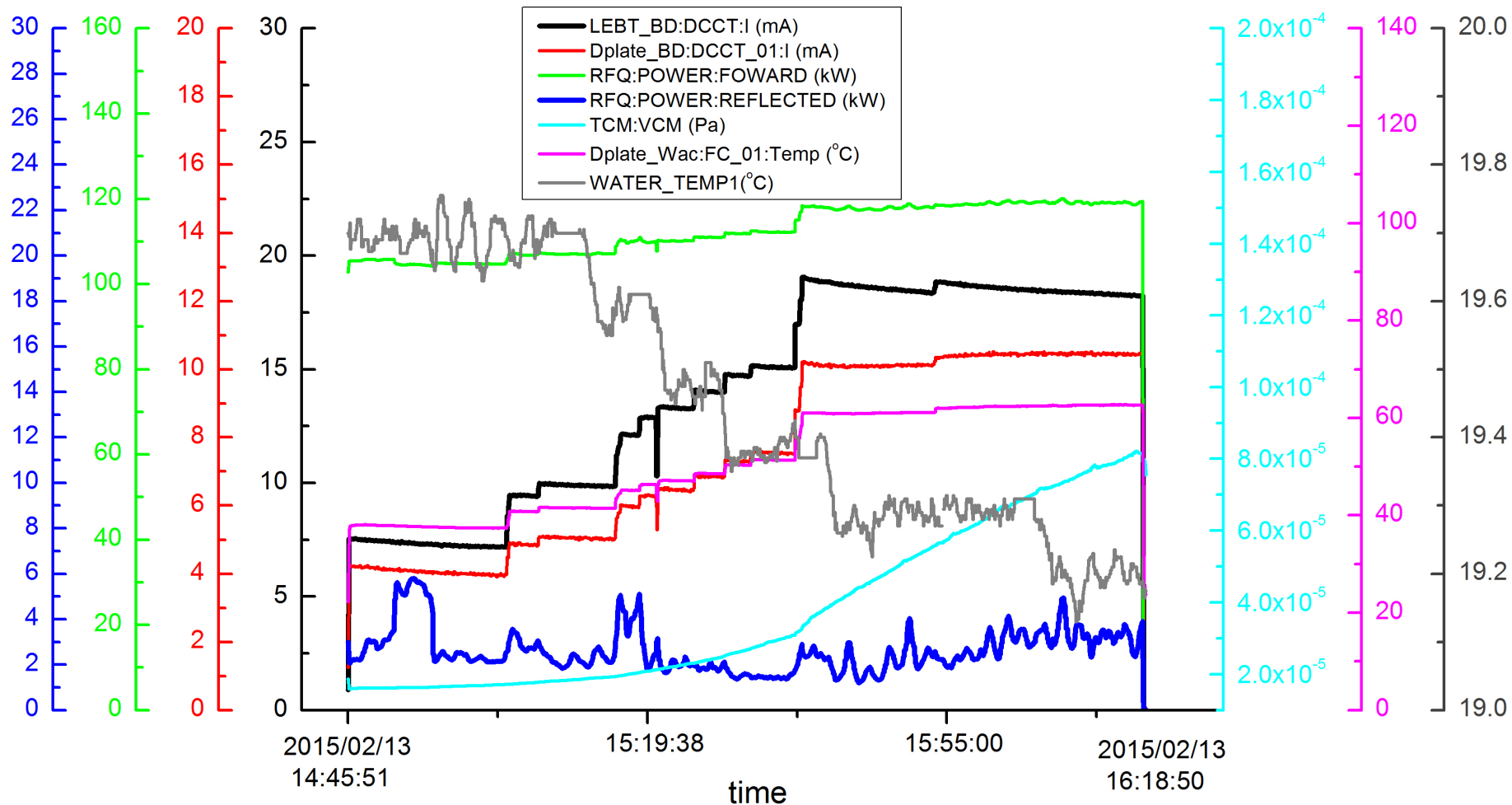


# Optimization of lattice setting





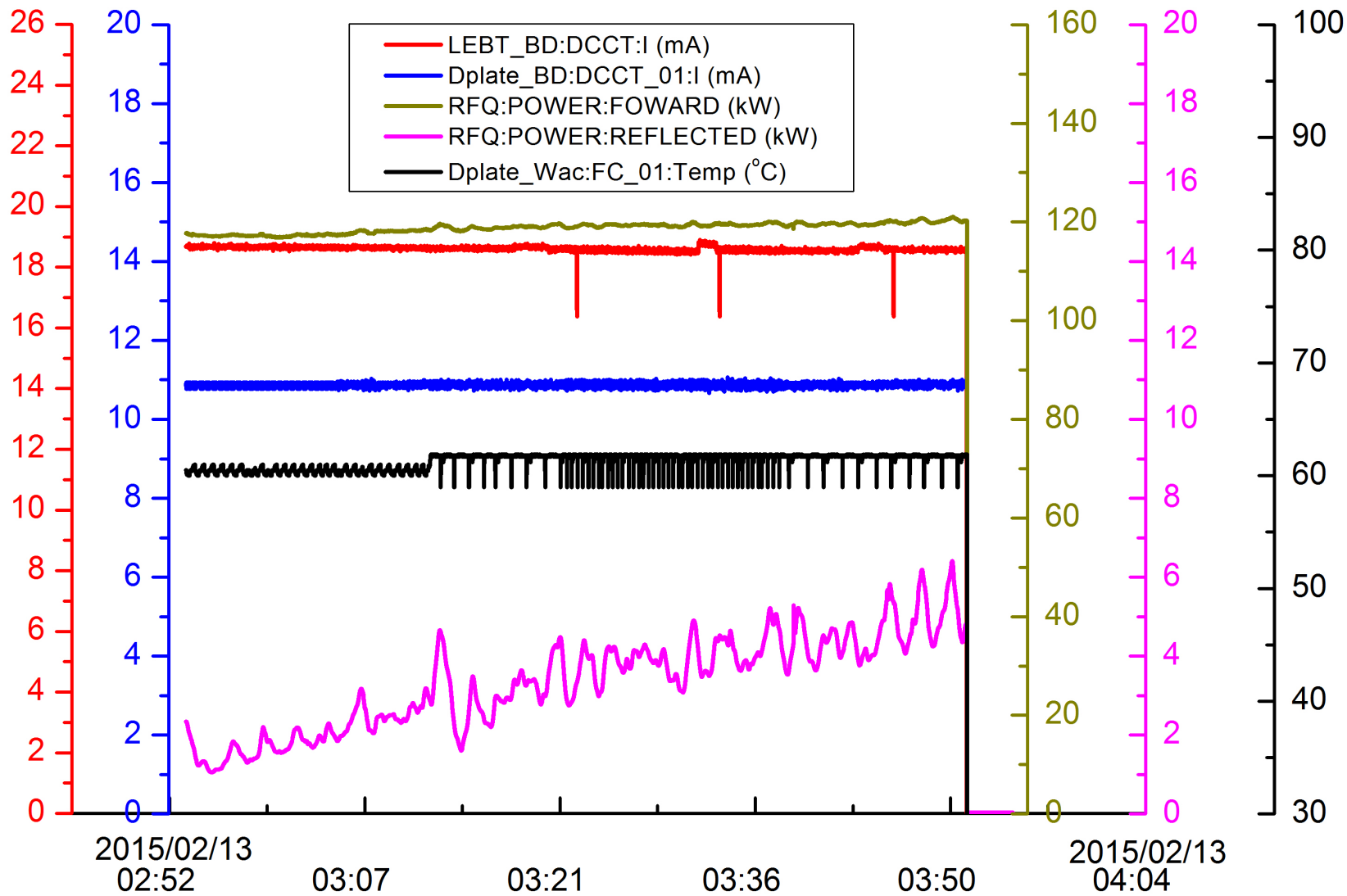
# 10 mA CW beam tuning of MEBT&TCM







# ~11 mA CW beam commissioning ( Feb 13th )





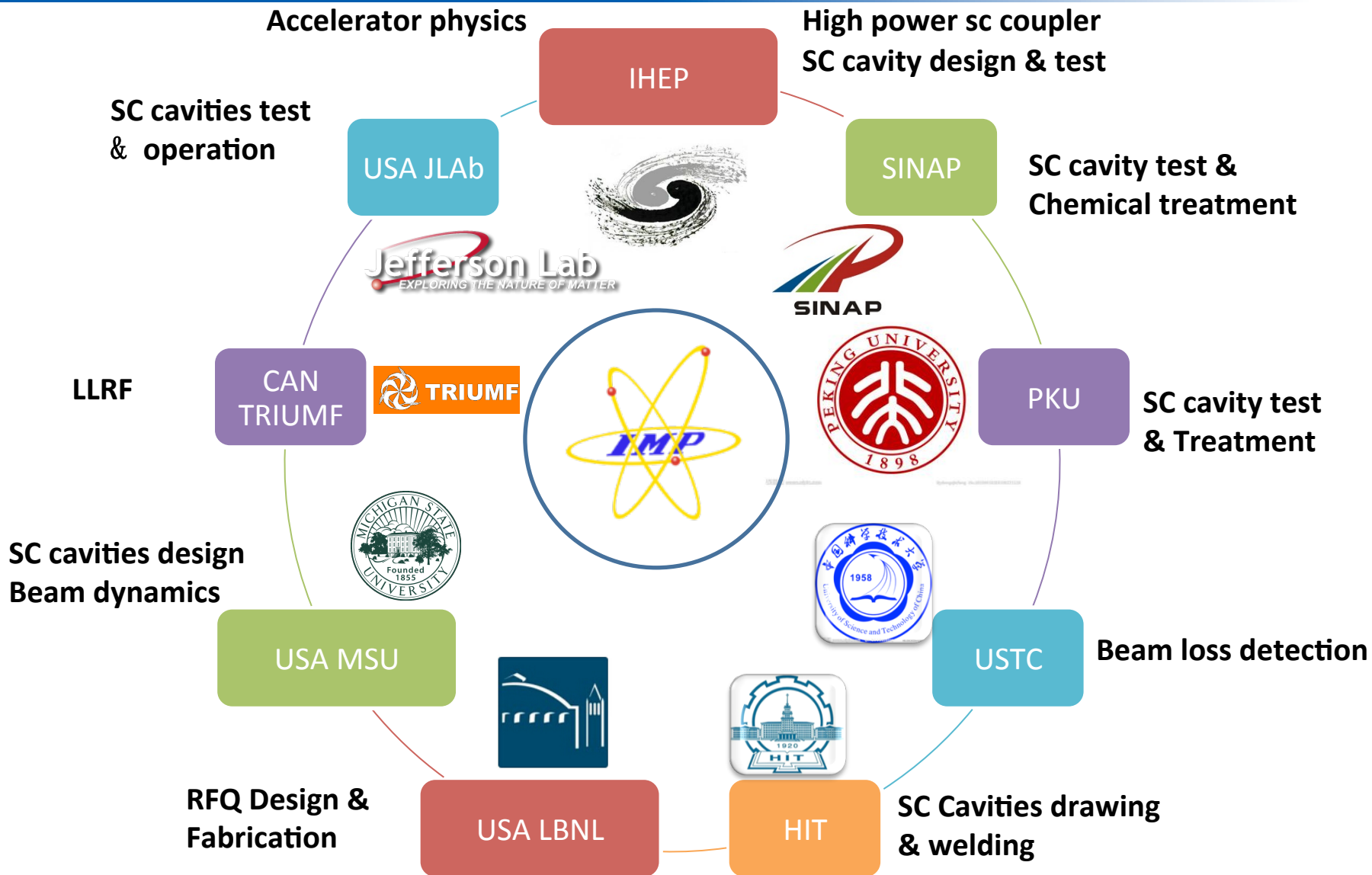
# Existing problem and further plan

- Beam loss detection for the SC linac
  1. Temperature sensors
  2. Differential SC BCT
  3. Beam loss monitor, ion chamber, diamond detector
- MPS for the high beam power machine
  1. Most important for high power machine
  2. Preliminary MPS was setup, more factors need to be considered
- Beam commissioning software
  1. OpenXAL was chosen, phase scanning app
  2. Model needed to be modified for Low beta SC linac
- Calibration of BPM offset for Solenoid
- .....

We plan to solve the above problems at 5MeV test stand at June 2015!!



# Acknowledge





世界首次：3.2mA连续束成功过超导腔稳定运行1小时

2014. 11. 24凌晨5点30分

Thanks for your attention!

&

Look forwards for corporations  
from all of you!

