

# J-PARC facility status and future

**Toshiya Otomo**

**MLF Division Head**

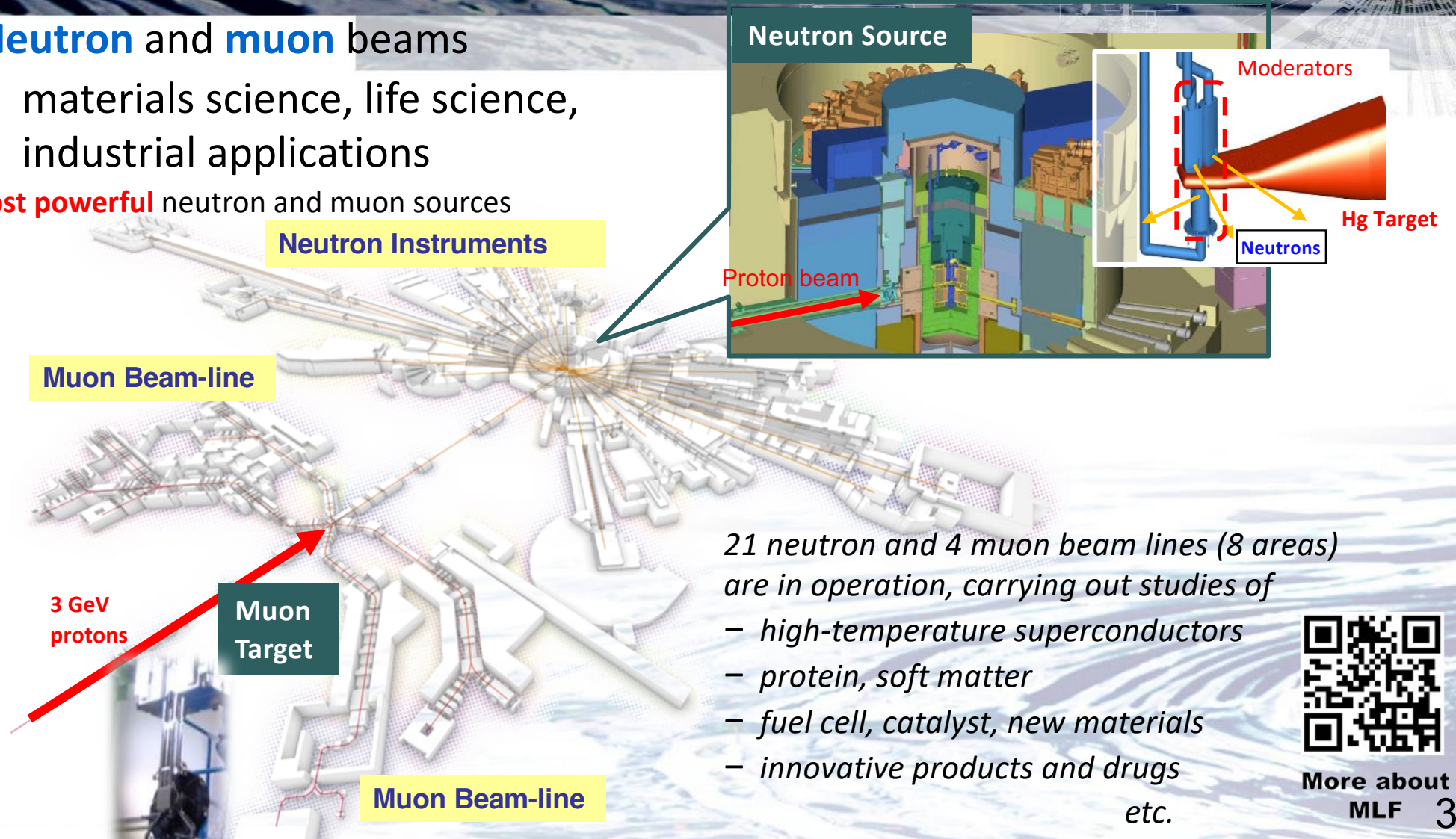
**(Talk given by Kenji Nakajima)**



# MATERIAL AND LIFE SCIENCE EXPERIMENTAL FACILITY

# Materials and Life Science Experimental Facility (MLF)

- **Neutron** and **muon** beams
  - materials science, life science, industrial applications
- **most powerful** neutron and muon sources



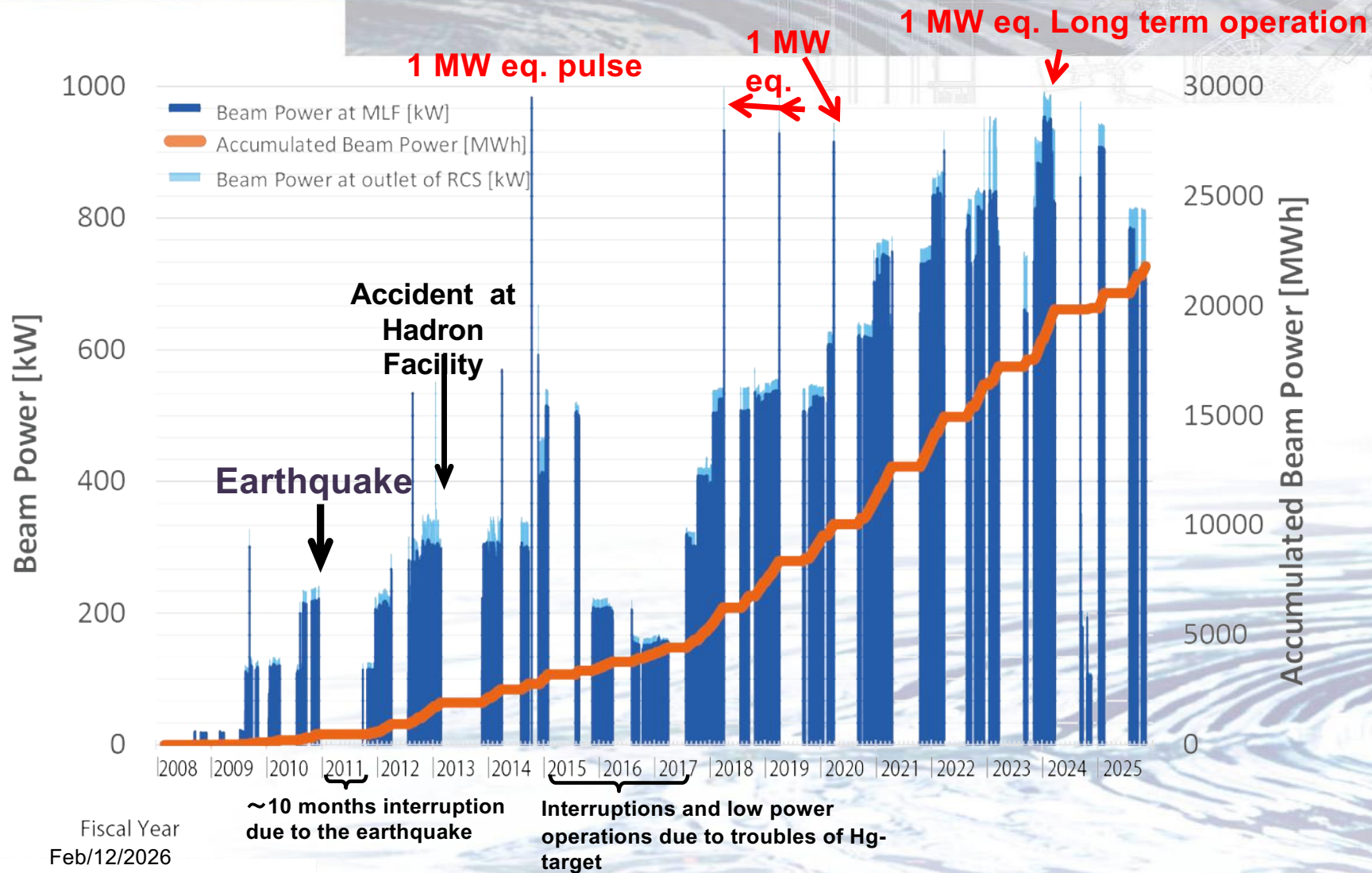
21 neutron and 4 muon beam lines (8 areas) are in operation, carrying out studies of

- high-temperature superconductors
  - protein, soft matter
  - fuel cell, catalyst, new materials
  - innovative products and drugs
- etc.

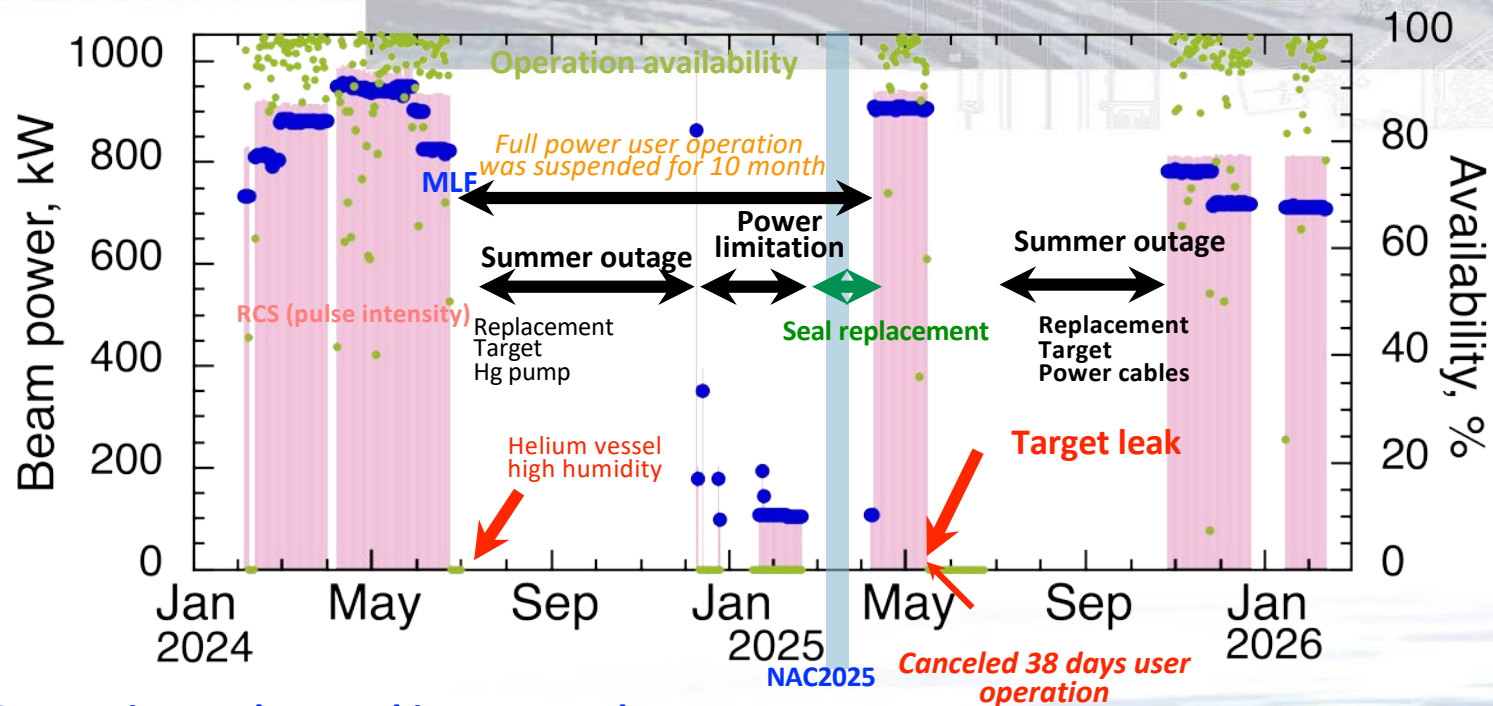


More about  
MLF 3

# Beam Power History at MLF



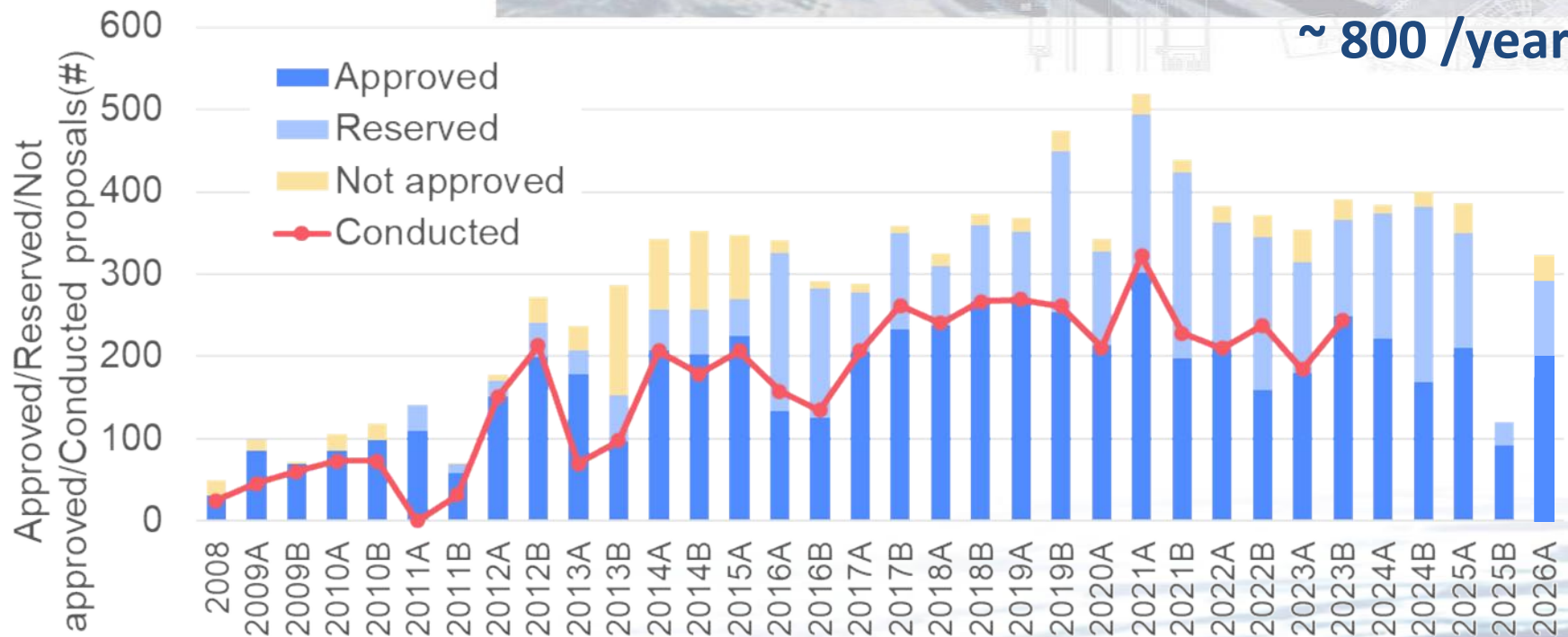
# Target System Challenges



- June, '24 : Moisture detected in He-vessel
- Sept., '24 : Failure of power manipulator cased delay of restart
- Dec., '24 : High-level radiation due to the leak from replaced Hg-pump
- May, '25 : Water leak from cooling water channel of target #16
- June, '25 : Transport used target vessels #11 & #10
- July, '25 : Target vessel replaced to #12 without damage inspection of #16
- Nov. , '25 : Start target #12 operation at 810 kWeq and #12 planning 2-year operation

# Proposals (Neutron & Muon)

PARC, MLF



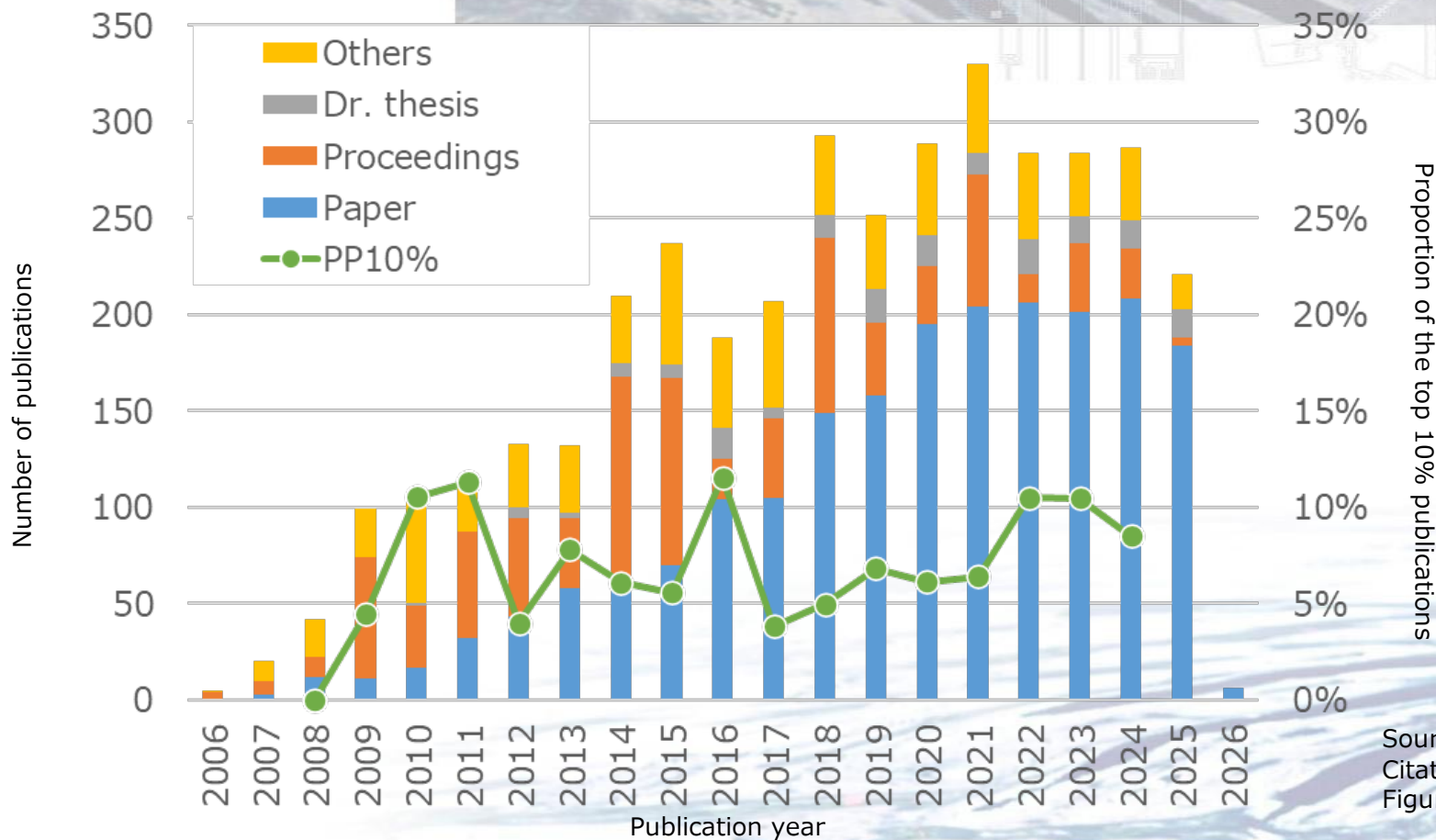
More about statistics

Operations period

17 days

~ 350 / round x 2 round / year  
 Ave. competition rate ~ 2

# Publications of MLF (neutron & muon)



More about statistics

Source data @ 2026-01-08  
 Citation data @ 2026-01-13  
 Figure revision @ 2026-01-14

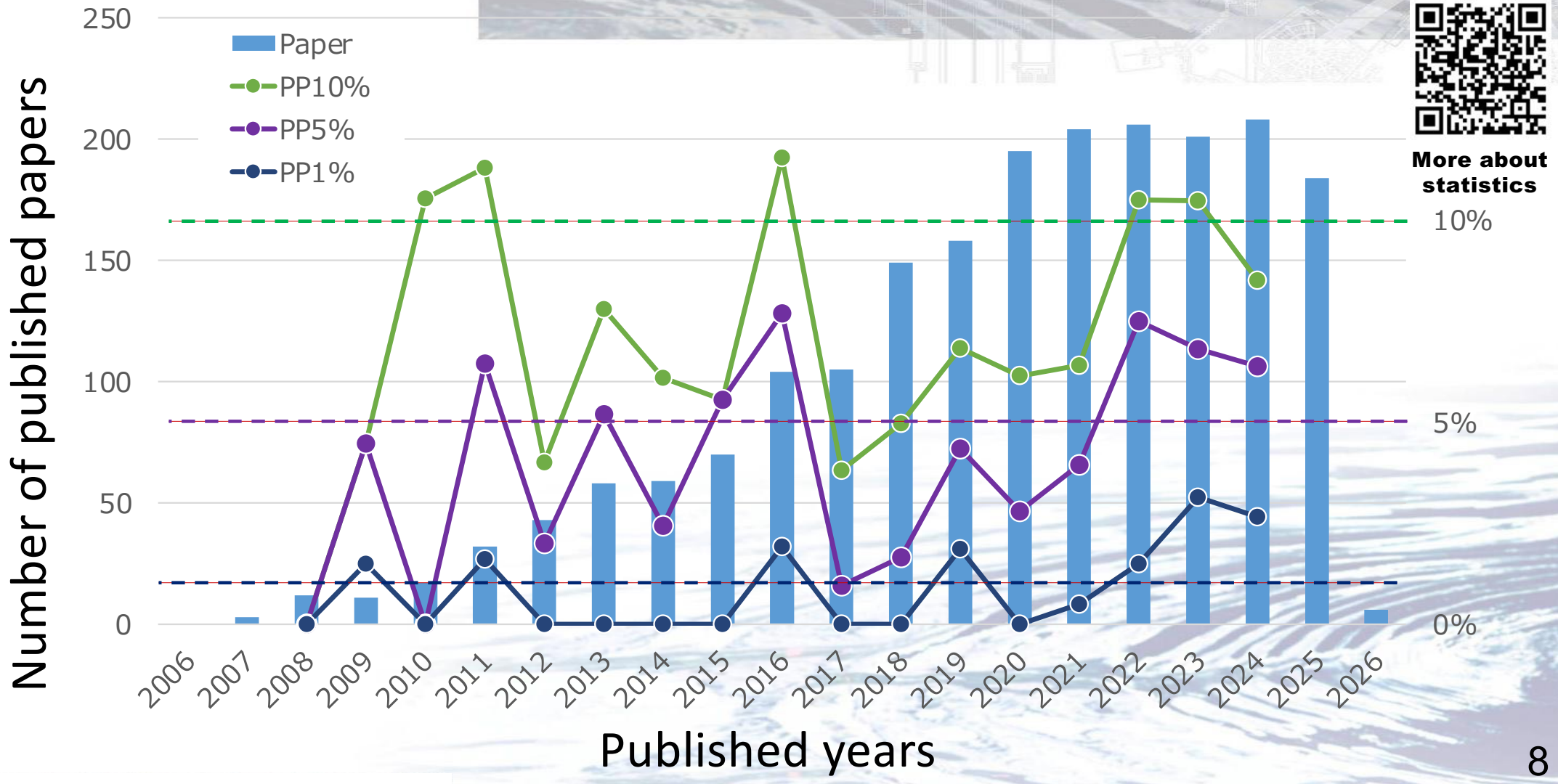
Others : Non-reviewed Papers, Japanese literatures, Master Thesis, etc.

# TOP1% TOP5% TOP10%

J-PARC, MLF



More about statistics



# Science Highlights

J-PARC, M



BL18



## Discovery of *p*-wave magnet

Press release: Oct. 23, 2025

### A metallic *p*-wave magnet with commensurate spin helix

Nature, 646, 837 (2025)

<https://doi.org/10.1038/s41586-025-09633-4>

Received: 12 January 2025

Accepted: 15 September 2025

Published online: 22 October 2025

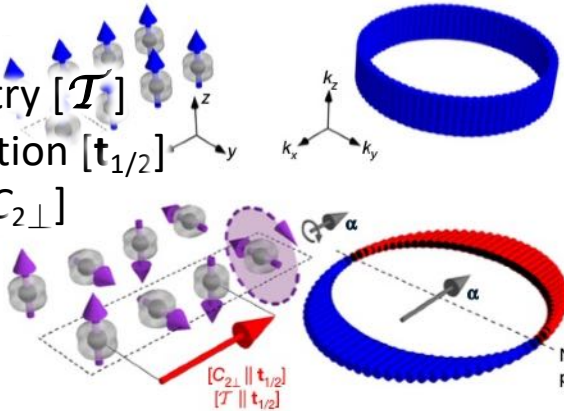
Rinsuke Yamada<sup>1,2,3,5</sup>, Max T. Birch<sup>2,3</sup>, Priya R. Baral<sup>1,3</sup>, Shun Okumura<sup>1,2</sup>, Ryota Nakano<sup>1</sup>, Shang Gao<sup>2,3</sup>, Motohiko Ezawa<sup>1</sup>, Takuya Nomoto<sup>3</sup>, Jan Mesel<sup>1,4</sup>, Yuki Ishihara<sup>1</sup>, Kamil K. Kolincio<sup>2,3</sup>, Ilya Belopolski<sup>1</sup>, Hajime Sagayama<sup>4</sup>, Hironori Nakao<sup>5</sup>, Kazuki Ohishi<sup>1</sup>, Takashi Ohhara<sup>1</sup>, Ryoji Kiyonagi<sup>1</sup>, Taro Nakajima<sup>2,3,5</sup>, Yoshinori Tokura<sup>1,2,3,5</sup>, Taka-hisa Arima<sup>2,3,5</sup>, Yukitoshi Motome<sup>1</sup>, Moritz M. Hirschmann<sup>2,3</sup> & Max Hirschberger<sup>1,2,3,5</sup>

***p*-wave magnet:** An anisotropic spin-split Fermi surface.

↑ and ↓ states exhibit odd parity.

#### Requirement:

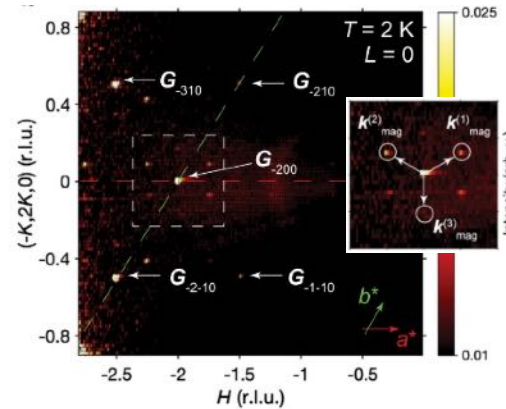
- Time reversal symmetry [ $\mathcal{T}$ ]
- a half-unit cell translation [ $\mathbf{t}_{1/2}$ ]
- A 180° spin rotation [ $C_{2\perp}$ ]



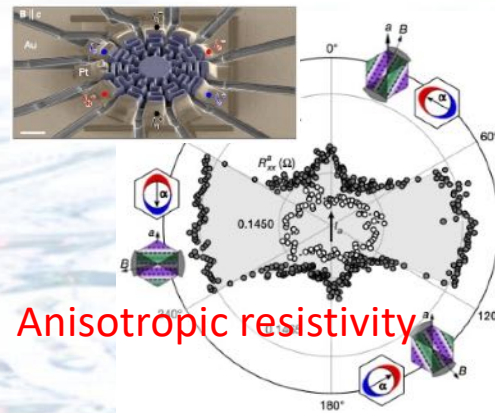
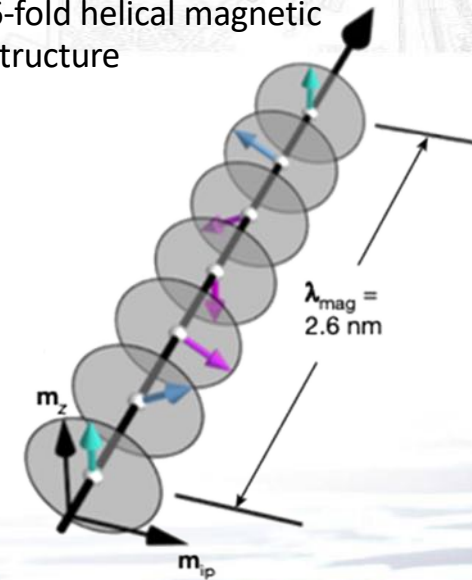
#### Candidate:

- $\text{Gd}_3(\text{Ru}_{1-\delta}\text{Rh}_\delta)_4\text{Al}_{12}$

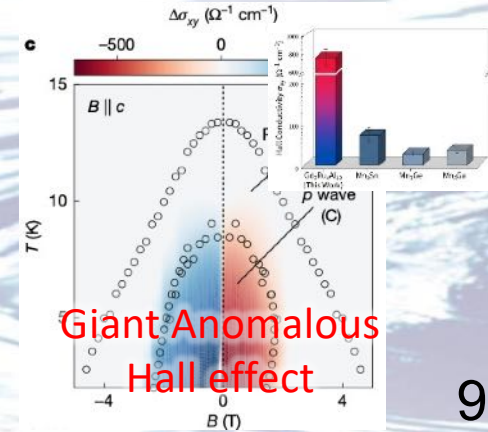
### Observed 6-fold symmetric magnetic satellite reflections



6-fold helical magnetic structure



Anisotropic resistivity



Giant Anomalous Hall effect

# Science Highlights

J-PARC, M



BL19



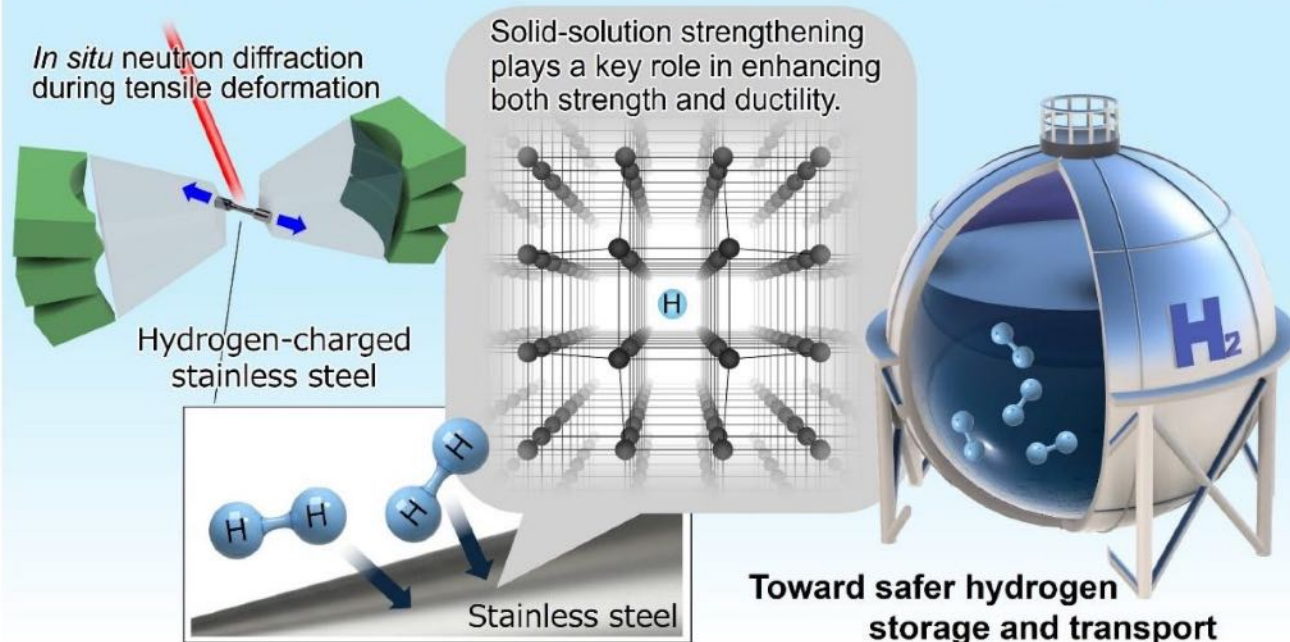
## Utilizing Hydrogen as a Beneficial Element in Steel Development — Investigation of How Hydrogen Enhances the Strength and Ductility of Stainless Steel Using Neutron Diffraction —

Press release: April 1,  
2025

[T. Ito \*et al.\*, Acta Materialia, 287 \(2025\) 120767](#)

10.1016/j.actamat.2025.120767

### Neutron reveals how hydrogen enhances the strength and ductility of steel



Hydrogen is a promising energy carrier but is known to cause embrittlement in steels. Recent studies show that **hydrogen introduction into Type 310S stainless steel (Fe–24Cr–19Ni)** enhances both strength and ductility.

*In situ* neutron diffraction during tensile testing revealed that **hydrogen dissolves into the lattice, causing lattice expansion and solid-solution strengthening.**

**The resulting higher stresses promote early deformation twinning, improving ductility** and offering new insights for developing steels for safe hydrogen storage and transport.

# Science Highlights

J-PARC, M



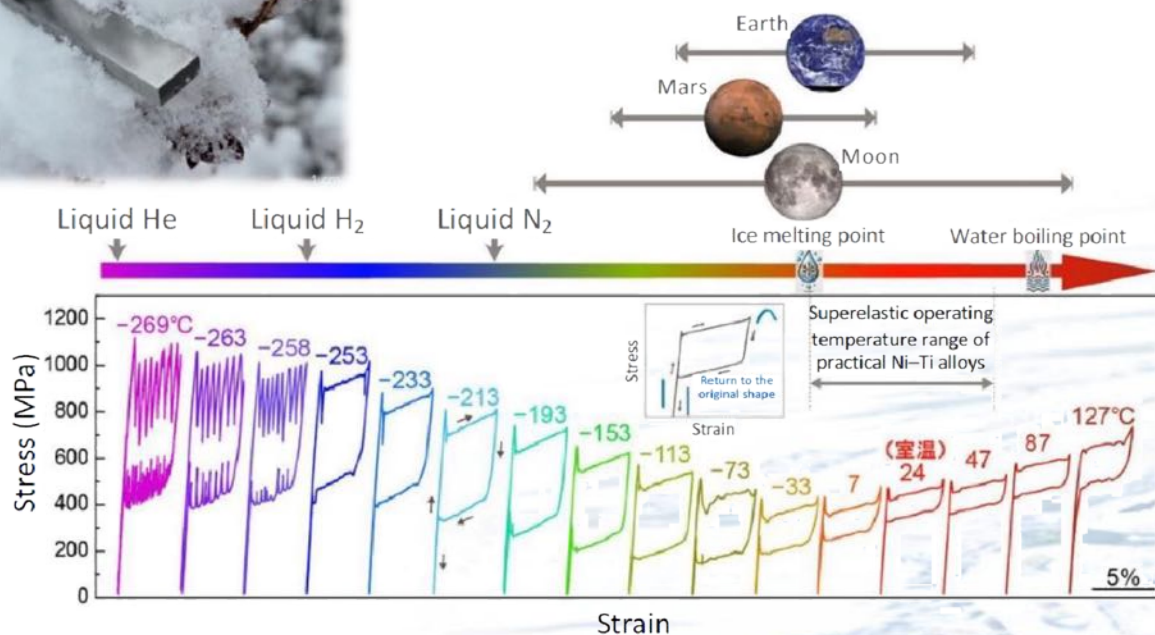
BL18, BL19



## Development of a Lightweight Shape Memory Alloy Exhibiting Superelasticity Across a $\sim 400$ °C Temperature Range— Promising Applications in Space Environments and Biomedical Fields —

Press release: Feb. 27, 2025

[Y. Song, S. Xu \*et al.\*, Nature, 638 \(2025\) 965–971](#) 10.1038/s41586-024-08583-7



**Lightweight shape memory alloys** capable of withstanding extreme temperature changes are essential for **space exploration** and a **hydrogen based society**.

A Tohoku University–led team, with JAEA, the J-PARC Center, and the Czech Academy of Science developed a **Ti–Al–based alloy exhibiting superelasticity from  $-269$  °C to  $+127$  °C**.

**Neutron diffraction experiments** at J-PARC revealed **crystal structure changes** and **localized deformation propagation** underlying the  **$\sim 400$  °C superelastic range**, enabling applications in space, cryogenic hydrogen systems, and biomedicine.

# Science Highlights

J-PARC, M



BL05

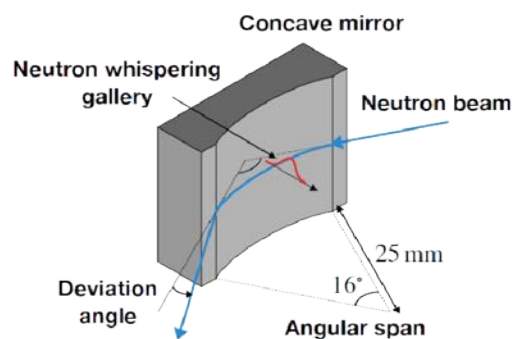
## Measurement of neutron whispering gallery states using a pulsed neutron beam

[G. Ichikawa and K. Mishima, Phys. Rev. D 111 \(2025\) 82008.](#)

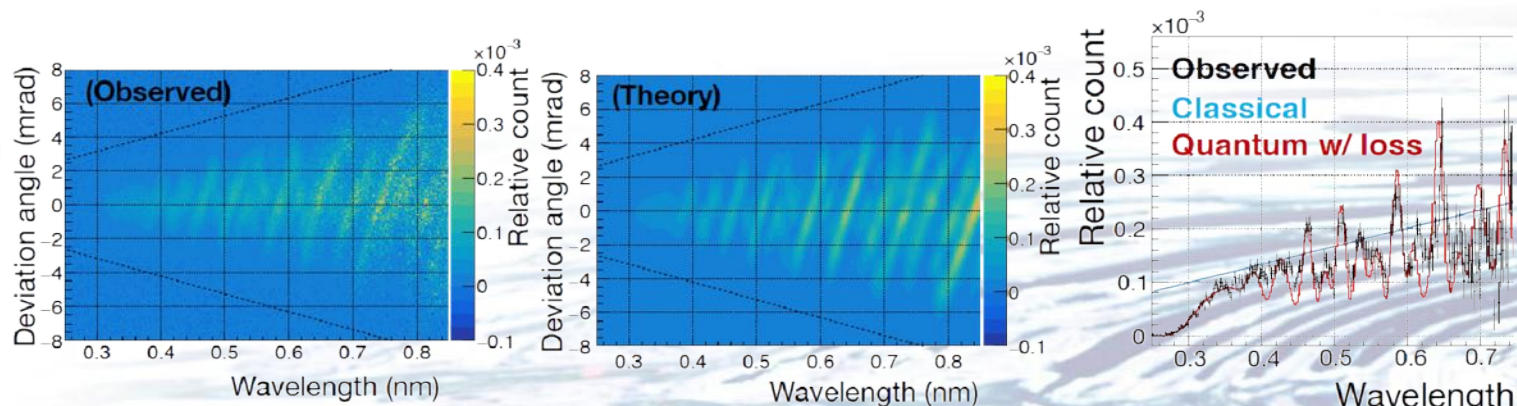
Received the Young Scientist Award of the Physical Society of Japan (2026)

Press release  
Apr. 28, 2025

Neutron whispering gallery states are quantum states localized near a concave mirror surface by the centrifugal force and the material potential. We measured such a state with 1.9% agreement with theory, achieving an intrinsic sensitivity of  $1 \times 10^{-4}$ . These results open prospects for high-precision searches for short-range interactions and tests of the equivalence principle with neutrons.



Neutron whispering gallery and the concave mirror

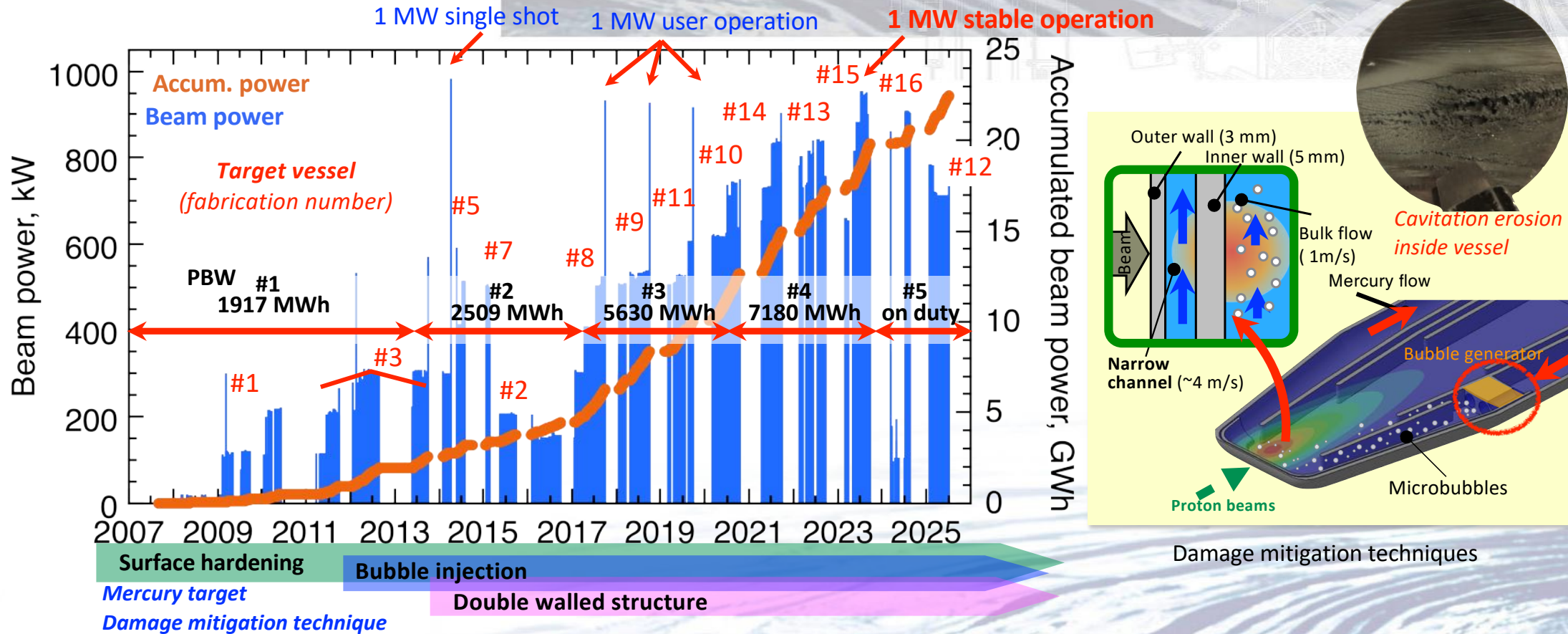


Observed (left) and theoretical (right) distributions

Deviation angle from -0.1 to 0.1

# TECHNICAL DEVELOPMENT

# Two Years Operation for One Target Vessel



- Successfully achieved stable 1 MW operation (MLF goal) for two months in April 2024 using Target #15
- Based on measured results of erosion damage inside target vessel and recommendation of an international review, we have decided to use one target vessel for two years

# Two Years Operation for One Target Vessel

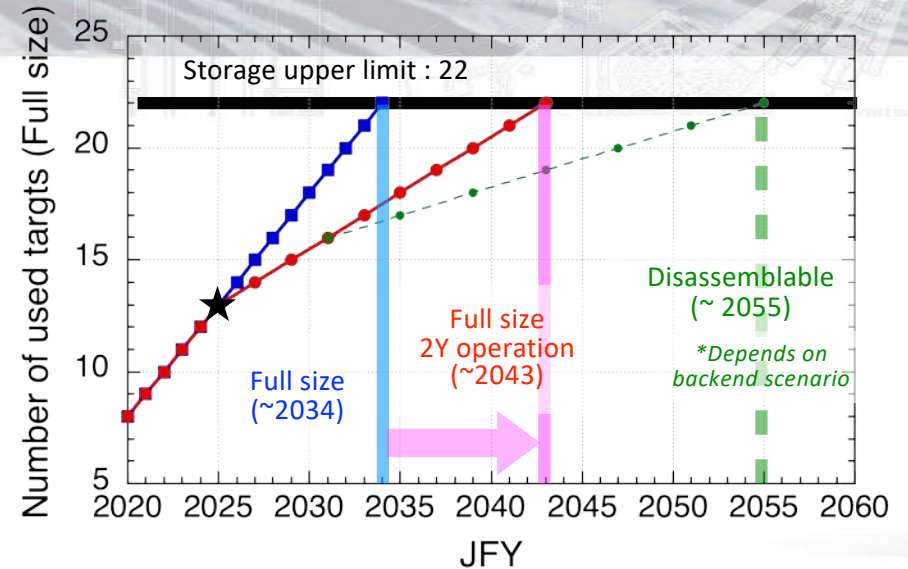
Transport cask (29 ton)  
 Shielding cask (44 ton)  
 Storage cask+Target (5.4 ton)



Transport to RAM building



Storage pit in RAM building



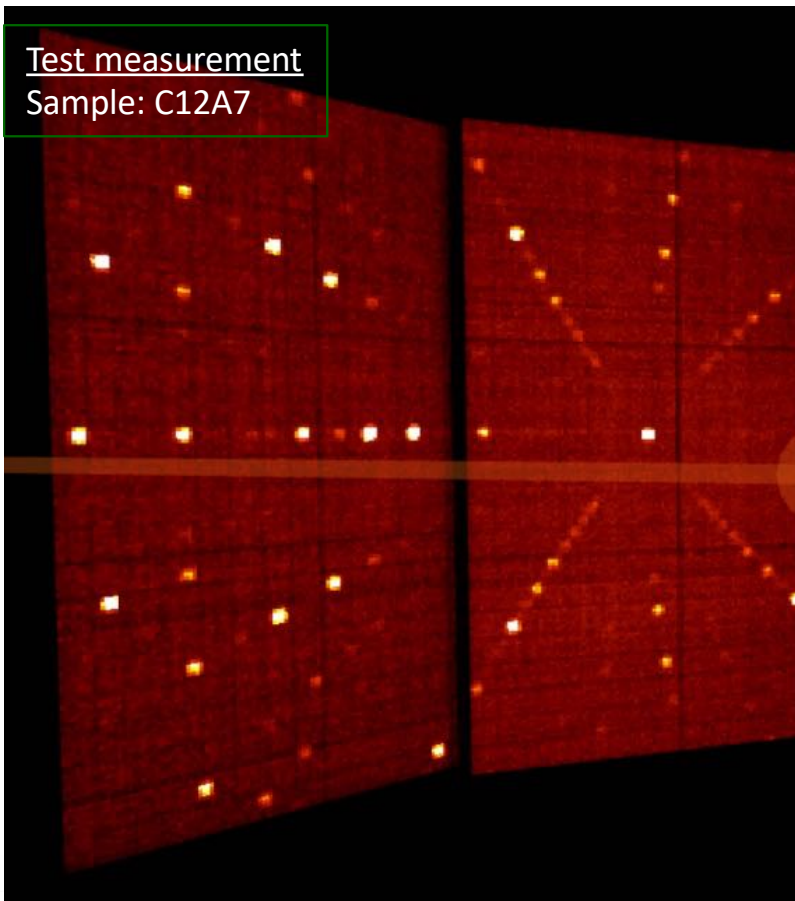
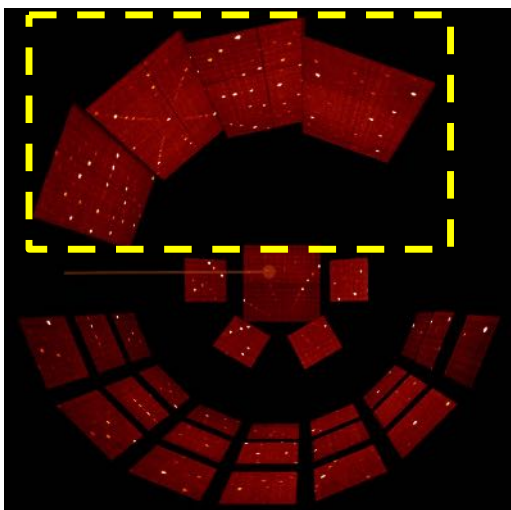
Mockup test

- Disposal scenario of used target is not decided in J-PARC, and storage capacity will be full in 2034
- To continuity operate facility, two years operation for one target is planned with considering the radiation damage and cavitation erosion inside the vessel
- Disassemblable target is under consideration in parallel with build new storage building 15

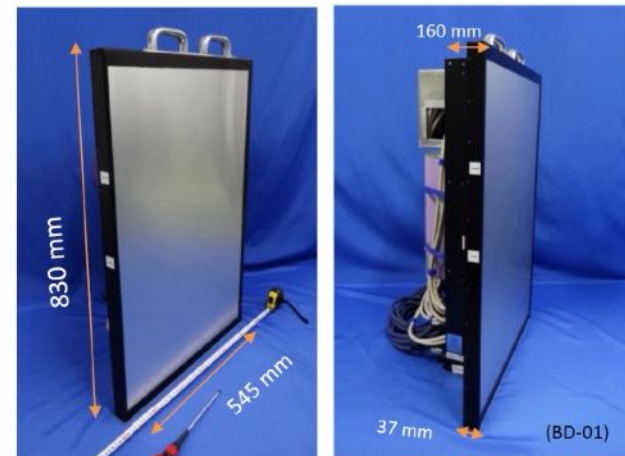
# Newly Developed Large Detectors

SENJU

New  ${}^6\text{Li}:\text{ZnS}$ /Wavelength Shifting Fiber Detectors for SENJU



${}^6\text{Li}:\text{ZnS}$ /wavelength shifting fiber detector



Active Area:  $512 \times 768 \text{ mm}^2$  (X6)

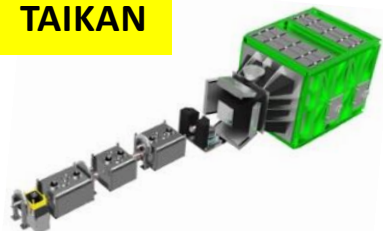
Pixel :  $4 \times 4 \text{ mm}^2$

Efficiency:  $\sim 45\% @ 2.2 \text{ \AA}$  (X1.3)

$\gamma/n$  :  $10^{-7}$

# High-speed T0 chopper for SANS

TAIKAN



Disk chopper

T0 chopper

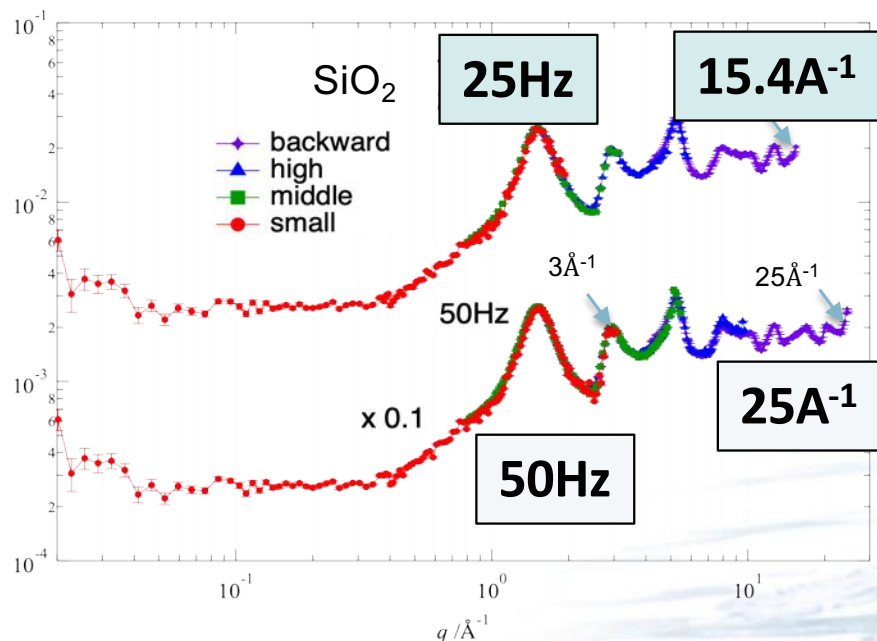


Replacement of the T0 chopper

A 50 Hz operation test was performed, and it was confirmed that measurements up to a high-q value of  $25 \text{ \AA}^{-1}$  can be achieved by using short wavelengths down to  $0.5 \text{ \AA}$ .

Stable 50 Hz operation of the T0 chopper was previously difficult due to resonance with the disk chopper.

Therefore, a new T0 chopper, which enables operation up to 100 Hz, was installed in this fiscal year and is now available for user experiments.



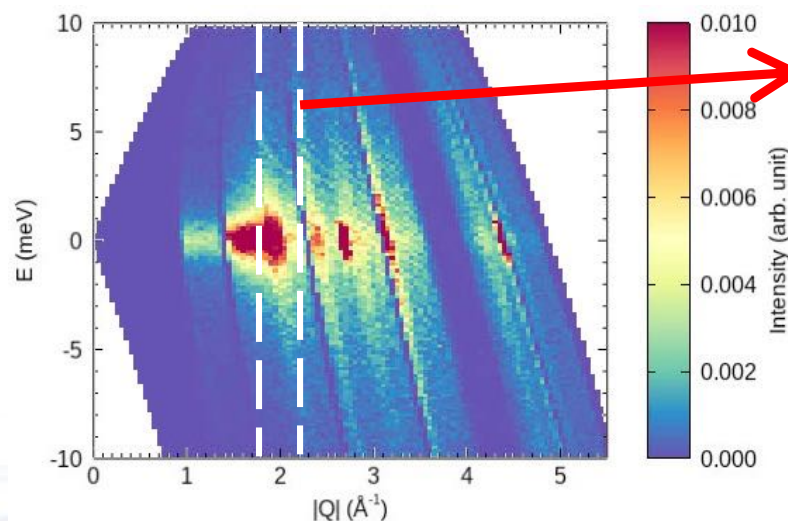
# Polarized Neutron Chopper Spectrometer

POLANO

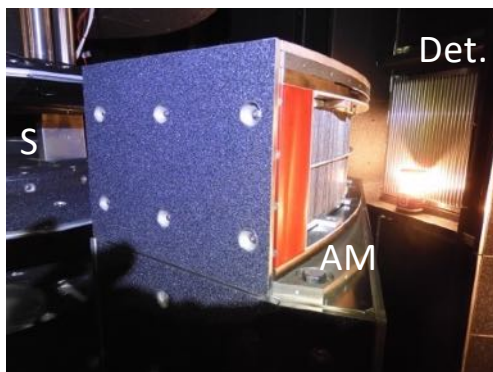
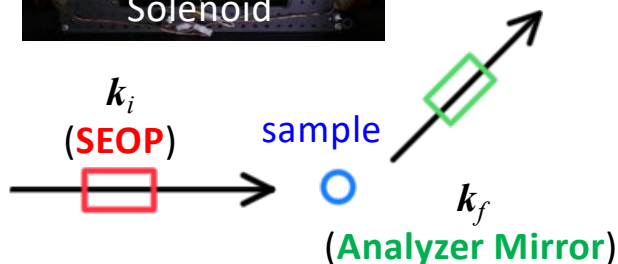
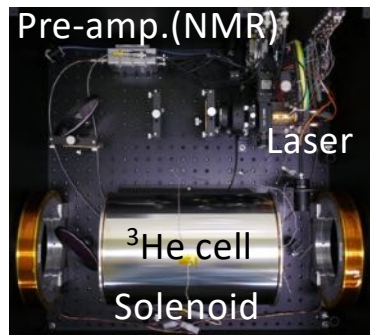
## Polarization analysis

**SEOP** : Spin Flip by NMR

**Analyzer** : Scanning by the super mirror package  
(Assemble of the 5.5 Qc bending supermirrors)

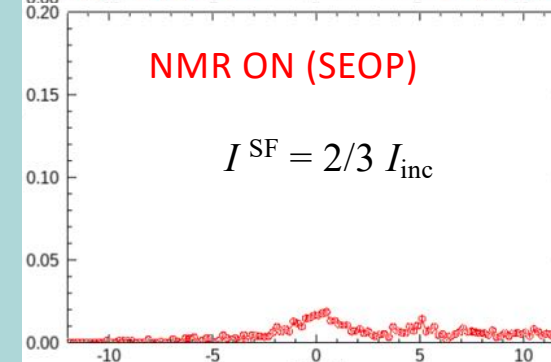
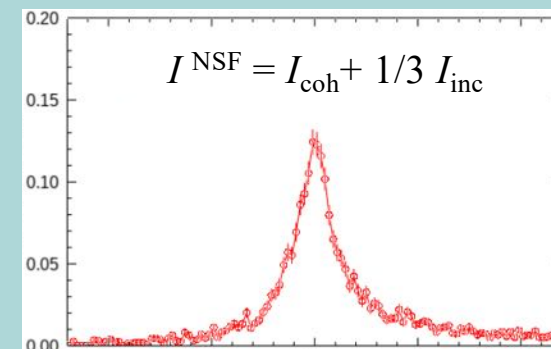


**Polarization analysis** : By scanning the analyzer, we can map out an inelastic signal in a wide  $Q$ - $\omega$  space.



Deuterated Methyl acetate  
( $\text{C}_3\text{D}_6\text{O}_2$ )

$Q = 1.8 - 2.2$ ,  $2\theta_{\text{AM}} = 35$  deg.



$\omega$  (meV)

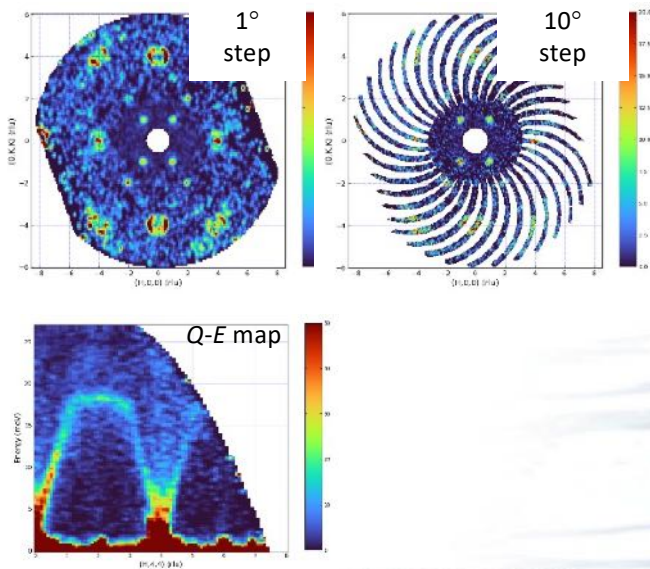
# Continuous Rotation Scan Mode Development

SIKI & AMATERAS

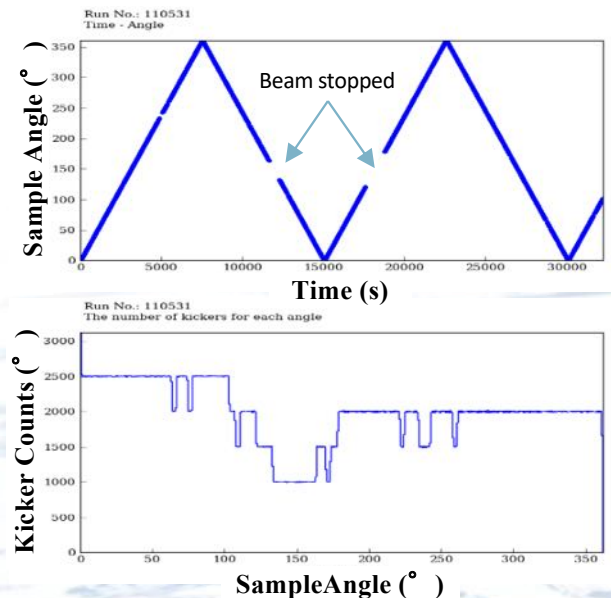
## New mode of 4D $S(Q, \omega)$ measurements for single-crystal comes into use

- High flexibility compared to conventional *stepwise* rotation
  - No need to plan the step size or measurement time anymore. Just *RUN!*
- Realized by taking advantage of the MLF event-recording system

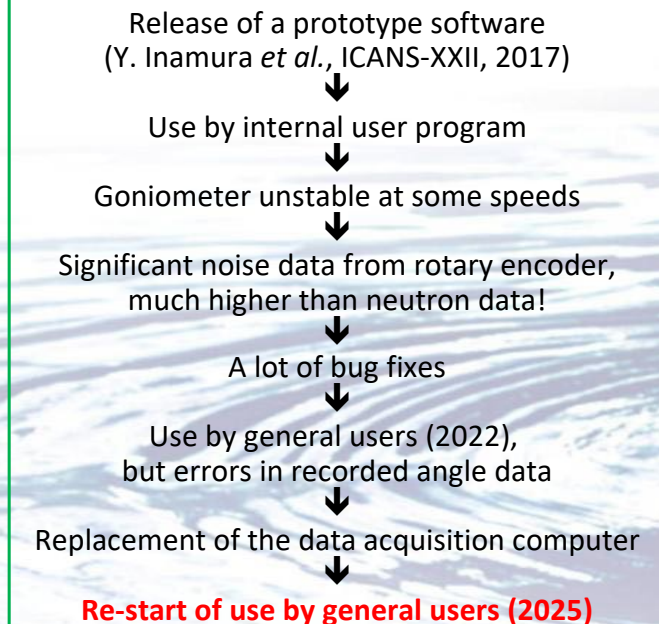
Analyses with different angle steps  
(Angular slices *after* the measurement)



Monitoring the process



Long journey coming to an end?



# FUTURE PLAN

# MLF Roadmap : Moving Forward



M. Nakamura N. Kawamura

~2030

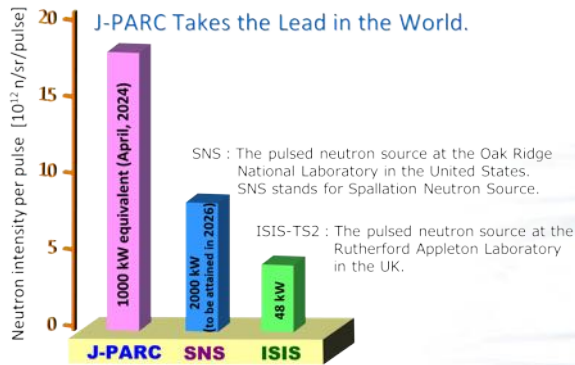
~2030s

Review current performance  
"MLF2030"

Upgrade planning of TS1  
"MLF double"

Construction of  
TS2 and  
operation

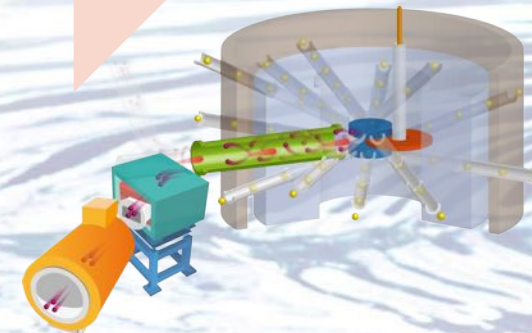
Highest flux/pulse  
achieved on TS1



Double the effectiveness of TS1:  
realize max use of TS1



TS2 > TS1 \* 20-100



# MLF-double

Science

BL upgrade & construction

Development of Common Fundamental Technology

MLF-double program

Robust infrastructure

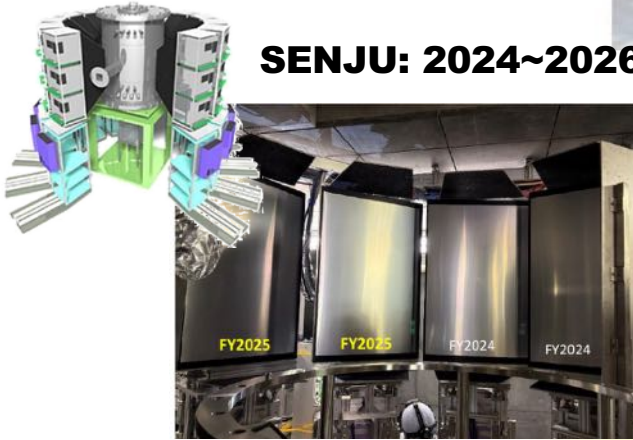
High intensity and High resolution

R&D for TS2

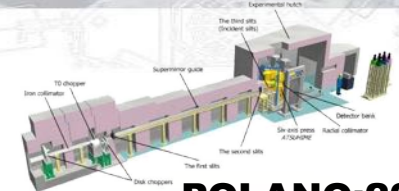
Aiming to double the effectiveness of TS1: realize max use of TS1

# MLF-double: Key Initiatives

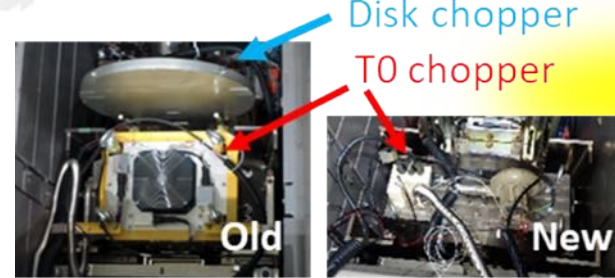
**SENJU: 2024~2026**



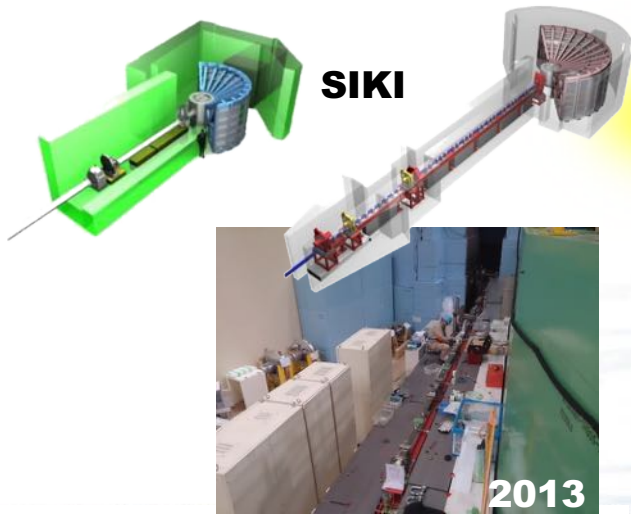
**TAIKAN:2025**



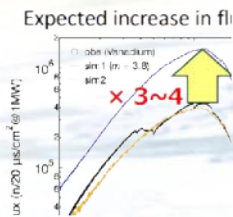
**POLANO:2026**



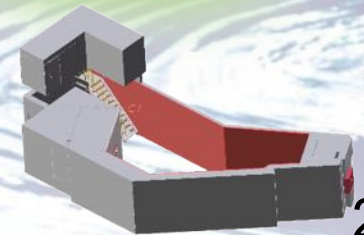
Replacement of the T0 chopper



**AMATERAS**



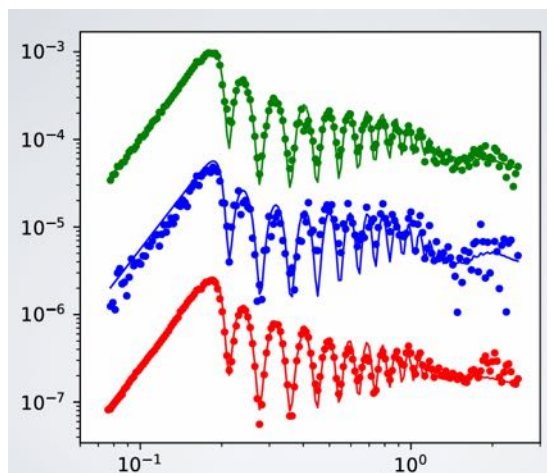
- Launch the Data Science Section
- Launch the MLF Improvement Strategy Office
- Pursue funding for the construction of a new beamline



# Information & Computation Science

## Denoise

### ✓ Denoising Artificial Neural Network



measurement  
time

normal

1/20

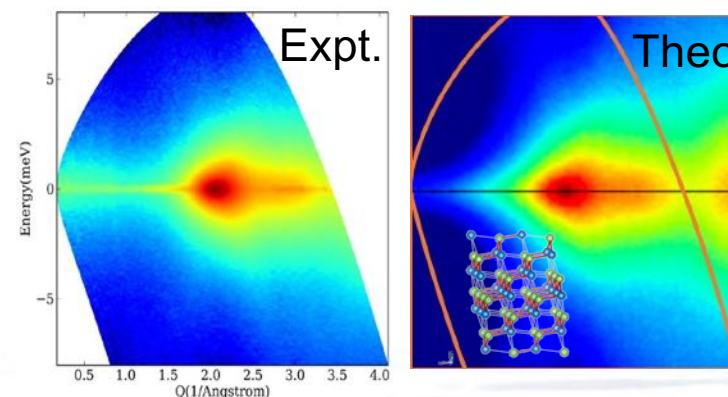
1/20 &  
denoised

**X10?**

- Reflectometry (BL16, 17)
  - Improve time resolutions
  - Shorten a measurement time
- R&D for extension to other BL

## Non-empirical $S(q, w)$ calculation

### ✓ Molecular Dynamics with Machine Learning Interatomic Potential



- Example of non-empirically obtained  $S(q, w)$  by performing MD calculations on the machine learning potential.
- Model-independent analysis done by data-driven science.

# J-PARC Integrated AI Platform – for Users



## J-IAP : J-PARC for your solution

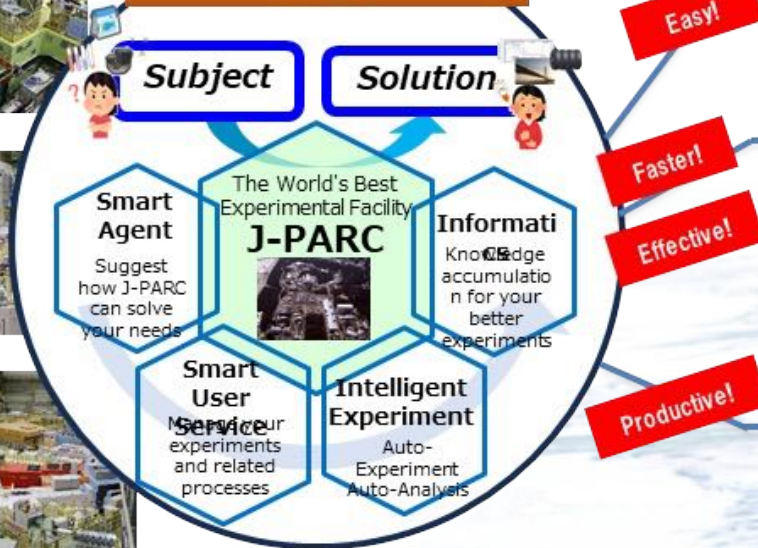
The World's best scientific opportunities offered to everyone!



### J-IAP –for Users

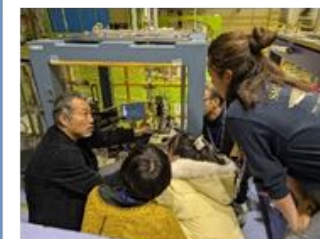
J-PARC Integrated AI Platform

"AI for Science" by J-PARC



### System A. AI Concierge

- Offering solutions to users' subjects based on knowledge of J-PARC.
- Support for creating and submitting users' proposals.
- Beamtime allocations without the proposal review committee through automated proposal review by AI.



### System B. Smart User Support

- Integrate J-PARC's databases of users, issues, experimental equipment, sample environments, chemicals, etc. to create a one-stop portal site for preparing experiments.
- Beamtime management functions automate beamtime allocation and consolidate usage records.



### System C. Intelligent Experiment Support

- Offering the best experimental plan emerged by knowledge of past experiences.
- Auto experimental execution.
- Auto data analysis by using Bayesian inference.



# MoU with Hitotsubashi Univ., May 2025

“Hitotsubashi University was established as a center of education and research embracing every field of the social sciences, which make up the learning of civil society.”

## Collaboration on data science



### Dean's Message



TOSHIAKI WATANABE

To our prospective colleagues:  
pioneering the new academic field  
of Social Data Science

We now live in what is often referred to as “the era of big data,” where vast amounts of data are easily accessible. Big data has been dubbed “the oil of the 21st century,” and data science, the field dedicated to extracting valuable information from such data, is gaining significant attention from society. The “social” in our “Social Data Science” program represents social sciences, including economics, business, law, politics, and sociology. In our program, students can comprehensively study the subjects related to data science, such as statistics, computer science, and artificial intelligence, alongside a wide range of social science subjects. Our faculty and graduate school are dedicated to advancing education and research in “Social Data Science,” arising from the integration of social science and data science, to cultivate individuals capable of tackling new and emerging challenges in modern society. We welcome motivated students with diverse backgrounds to join us in exploring and pioneering new academic fields together.

### Faculty Members

Social Science	Statistics	Information Science
<p><b>NAOHIRO SHICHIJO</b> Science and Technology Policy, Computational Materials Science, Management of Technology</p> <p><b>MAYU TERADA</b> Advanced Technology and Law, Administrative Law, Information Law</p> <p><b>ATSUSHI HIYAMA</b> Human Augmentation, Virtual Reality, Gerontechnology</p> <p><b>YUJIN WOO</b> Political Science, International Relations</p> <p><b>SUSUMU NAGAYAMA</b> Business Administration, Organization Theory, Creativity, Well-being</p> <p><b>RYOHEI BANNO</b> Information Networks, Distributed Systems, IoT Systems</p>	<p><b>SUSUMU IMAI</b> Labor Economics, Industrial Organization, Applied Econometrics</p> <p><b>CHIHIRO SHIMIZU</b> Index Number and Theory, Applied Econometrics, Economic Mismanagement</p> <p><b>TOSHIAKI WATANABE</b> Financial Econometrics, Macroeconometrics, Bayesian Econometrics</p> <p><b>YOSHIMASA UEMATSU</b> Statistics, High-dimensional Data Analysis, Time Series Analysis</p> <p><b>RYO KATO</b> Marketing Science, Bayesian Statistics, Missing Data Analysis</p> <p><b>SHINICHIRO SHIROTA</b> Bayesian Statistics, Spatial/Spatio-temporal Statistics, Computational Statistics</p>	<p><b>MAMORU KOMACHI</b> Computational Linguistics, Natural Language Processing, Artificial Intelligence</p> <p><b>SHINSUKE SUZUKI</b> Neuroeconomics, Computational Neuroscience, Social Neuroscience, Computational Psychiatry</p> <p><b>ATSUSHI KEYAKI</b> Information Retrieval, Natural Language Processing, Dialogue Systems</p> <p><b>HARUAKI FUKUDA</b> Cognitive Science, Visual Perception, Cognitive Neuroscience</p> <p><b>YOH-ICHI MOTOTAKE</b> Data Driven Science, Interpretable AI, Machine Learning</p> <p><b>TATSUYA YATAGAWA</b> Computer Graphics, Geometry Processing, Image and Video Processing</p>

### Access



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# SOCIAL DATA SCIENCE

Faculty of SDS  
Graduate School of SDS

Solving issues in modern society  
through the “integration” of  
Social Science and Data Science

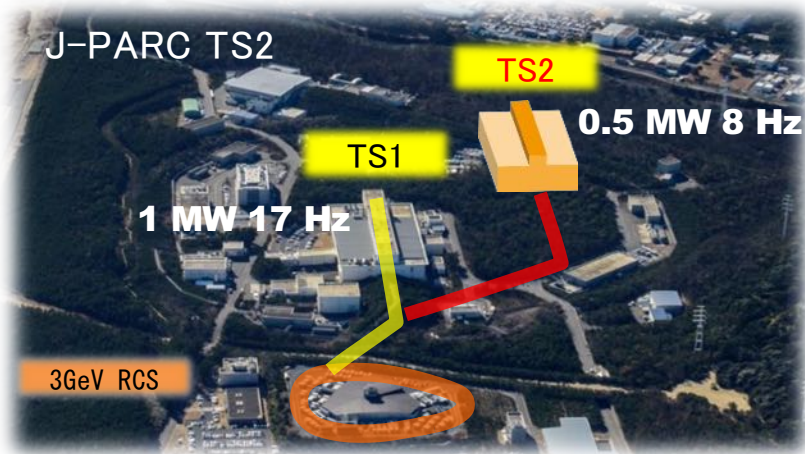
In recent years, significant changes in both our society and natural environment have led to the emergence of various new problems worldwide, and the circumstances surrounding these problems are constantly evolving. To address the rapidly and unpredictably changing issues of modern society, it is essential to identify and define appropriate problems, collect and analyze the appropriate data, and apply the obtained insights to enrich our life. To achieve this goal, our faculty and graduate school are committed to promoting education and research in “Social Data Science.”

<https://www.sds.hit-u.ac.jp/img/about/brochure-en.pdf>

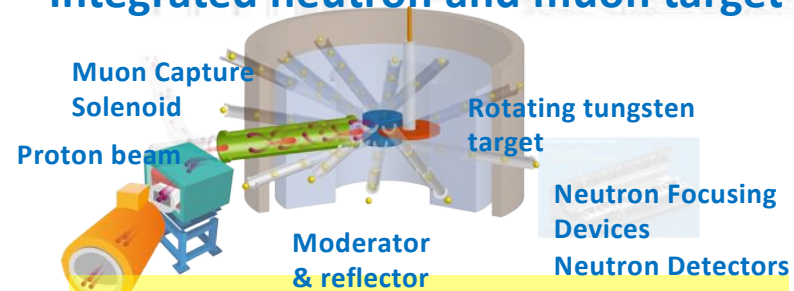
# Target Station - 2

J-PARC, MLF

World's first new target station (TS2) integrating neutrons and muons



## Integrated neutron and muon target



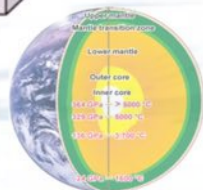
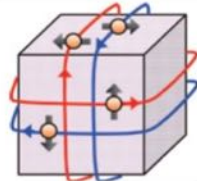
**Neutron:**  
 10 (target) x 2 (device) → 20 times gain of brightness  
**Muon:**  
 10 (target) x 5~10 (Muon capture solenoid) → 50  
 ~100 times gain of flux

Science using the high-brilliance neutron/high-intensity muon at TS2

Polarized electron spin currents at the surface of a topological insulator

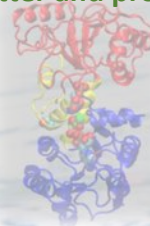


Neutron EDM  
 Muon EDM

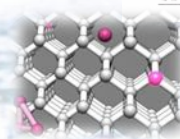


Structural analysis of the Earth's mantle

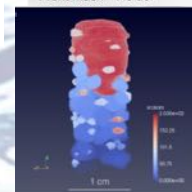
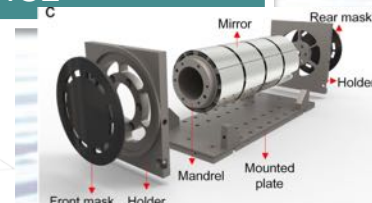
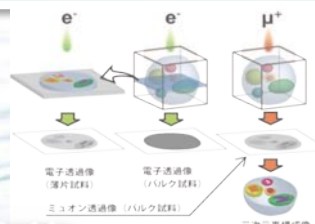
Dynamics of soft matter and proteins



Structure around dopant (active site)



Cell Imaging



μm Imaging

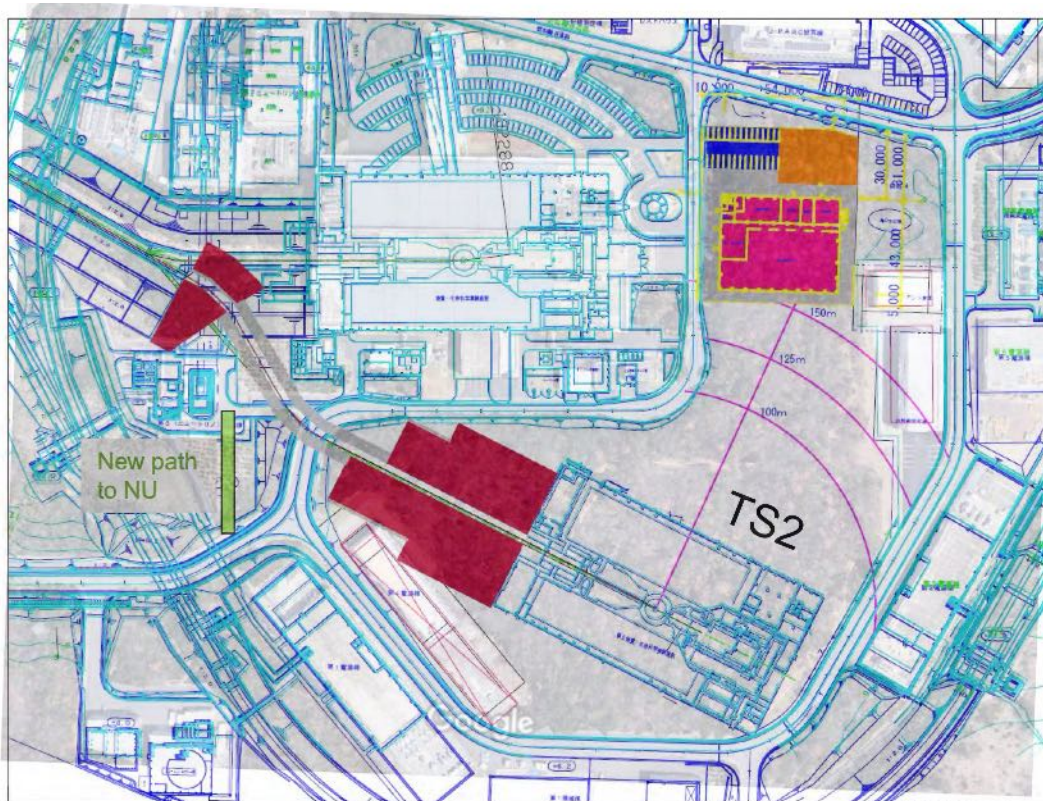
Neutron diffraction imaging

# TS2 R&D

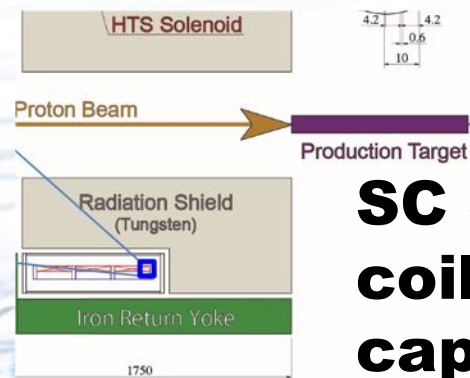
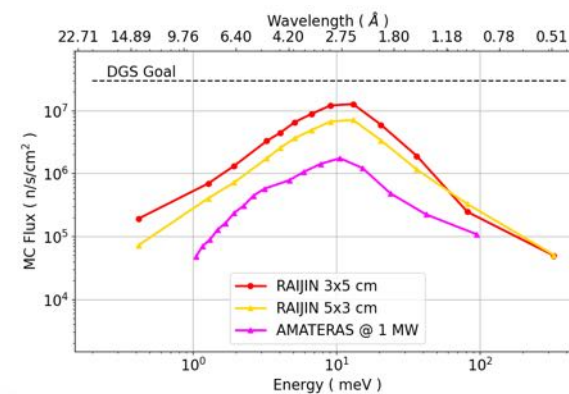
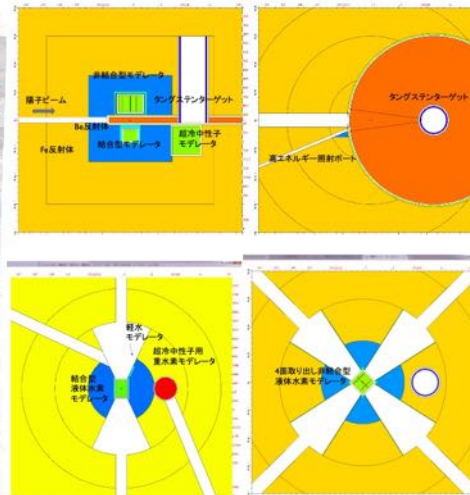
J-PARC, MLF

## TMRA

## MC simulation of neutron spectrometer



Composite on Google map

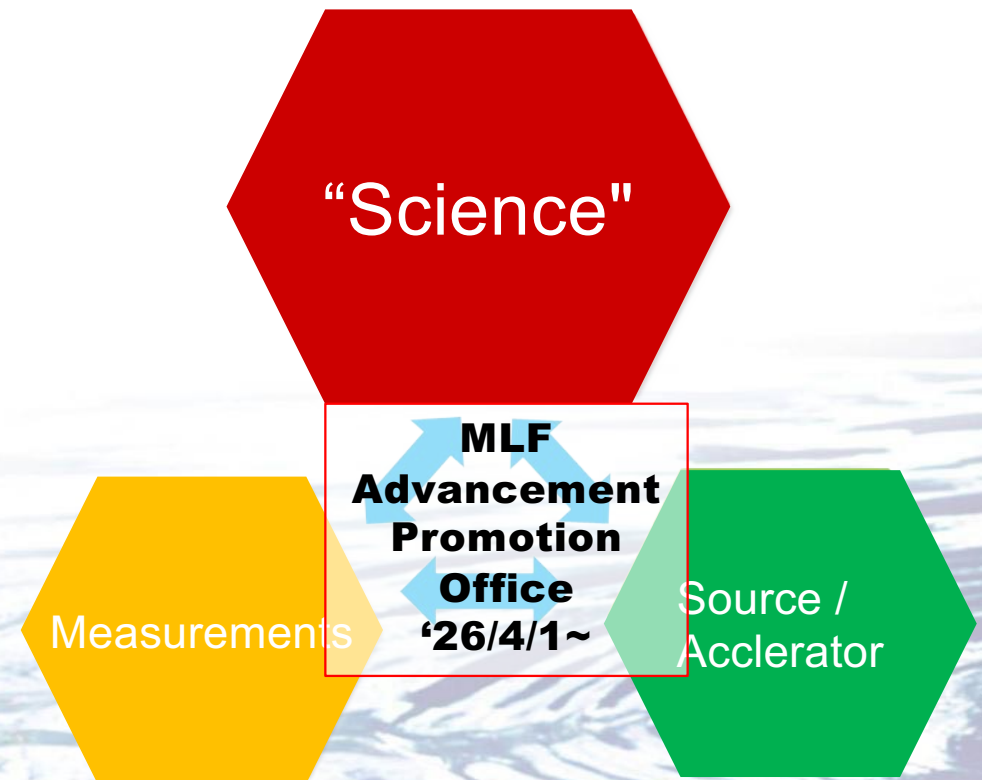


## SC Solenoid coil for pion capture

## Layout of TS2

# How do the MLF roadmap should be established?

- Presenting the potential of MLF from the MLF side
- Discussion with the community
  - Science
  - Research and development of new methods and technologies
  - MLF Roadmap Workshop
    - Establishment of a working group
- Implement from the highest priority items
- Roadmap Updates
  - **Domestic Workshops**
    - **Aug 26 2025**
    - **March 14 2026**



# Summary

- MLF user program suspended by unexpected outage of the neutron target system in 2024 and 2025.
  - Leakage of Hg-pipe seal and cooling water pipe.
- Currently MLF operated at 810 kWeq.
  - We expect that 2-years operation with the single vessel.
- MLF published highly-cited paper of material science, engineering and geo-science.
  - The number of highly cited publications of MLF is on the rise.
- Discussion of the MLF roadmap has been started with the Japanese community.
  - Upgrade of TS1 instruments are on-going as "MLF-double" program.
  - Work on TS2 is under way.