

# Metallic substrates for advanced applications in neutron optics

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Lund, 19-Sep-2016

# OUTLINE

## Supermirror reflectivity

### Tests

- Irradiation @ spallation source SINQ
- Temperature cycling

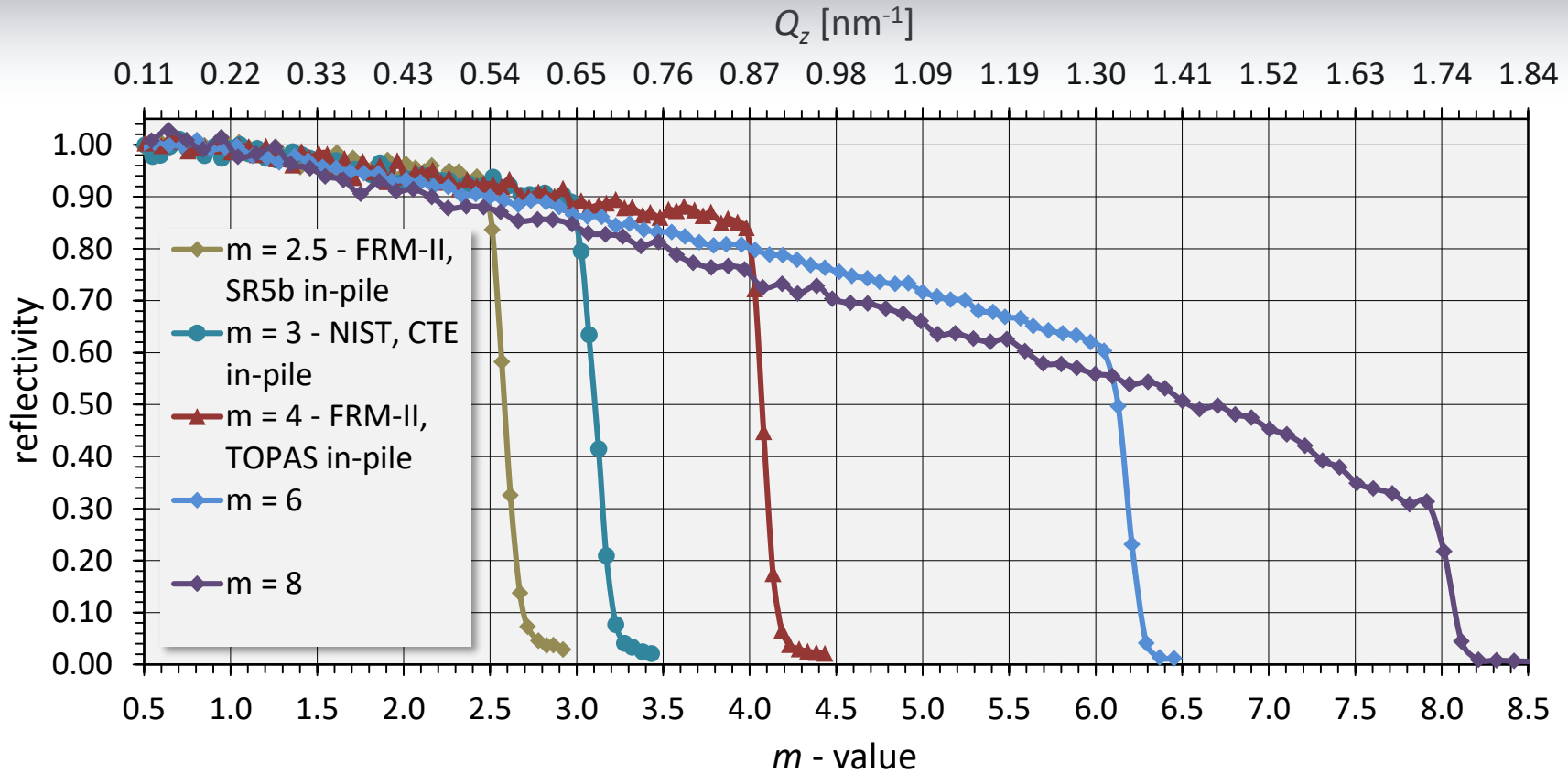
## Options and applications of metallic substrates

- Welding
- Truly curved guides
- Extended machining options

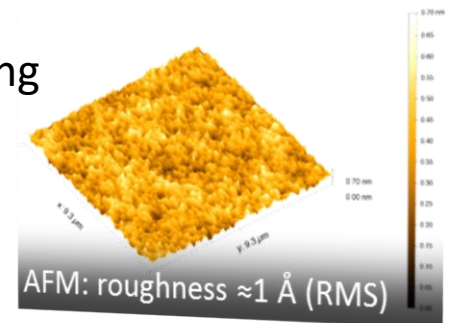
## Alternative metals

## Conclusions

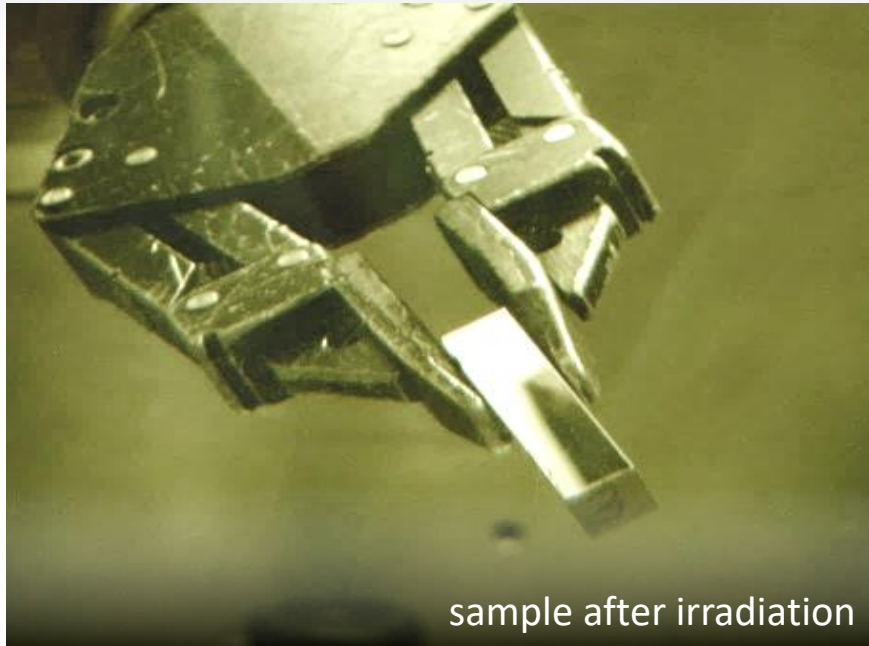
# PERFORMANCE OF SUPERMIRRORS ON METAL SUBSTRATES



- ↪ sophisticated processes for large area super-polishing and coating
- ↪ stabilization of interface roughness
- ↔ slope of  $R$  independent of  $m$ -value
- ↪ large  $m$ -values and high reflectivity ↔ no compromises



# IRRADIATION TESTS

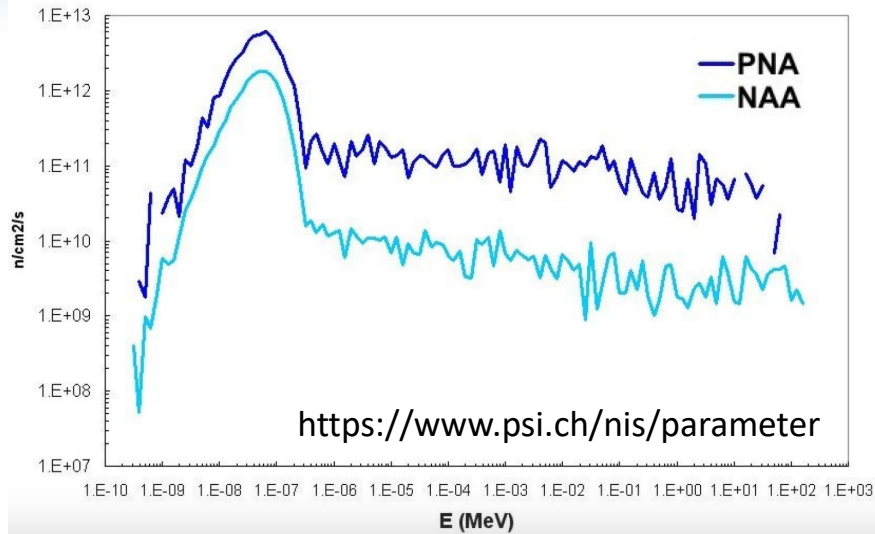


## Characteristics of samples

- material: aluminum
- dimensions:  $50 \times 10 \times 10 \text{ mm}^3$
- supermirror coating: Ni/Ti,  $m = 2$
- quantity: 3



# IRRADIATION TESTS



spectrum at SINQ irradiation facilities

## Characteristics of irradiation

- facility: SINQ, PNA
- neutron flux:  $3.4 \times 10^{12}$  n/cm<sup>2</sup>/s

	irradiation time	n-fluence [n/cm <sup>2</sup> ]
sample 1	7 h	$\approx 8.5 \times 10^{17}$
sample 2	72 h	$\approx 8.8 \times 10^{18}$
sample 3	960 h (20 d)	$\approx 9.6 \times 10^{19}$

# IRRADIATION TESTS

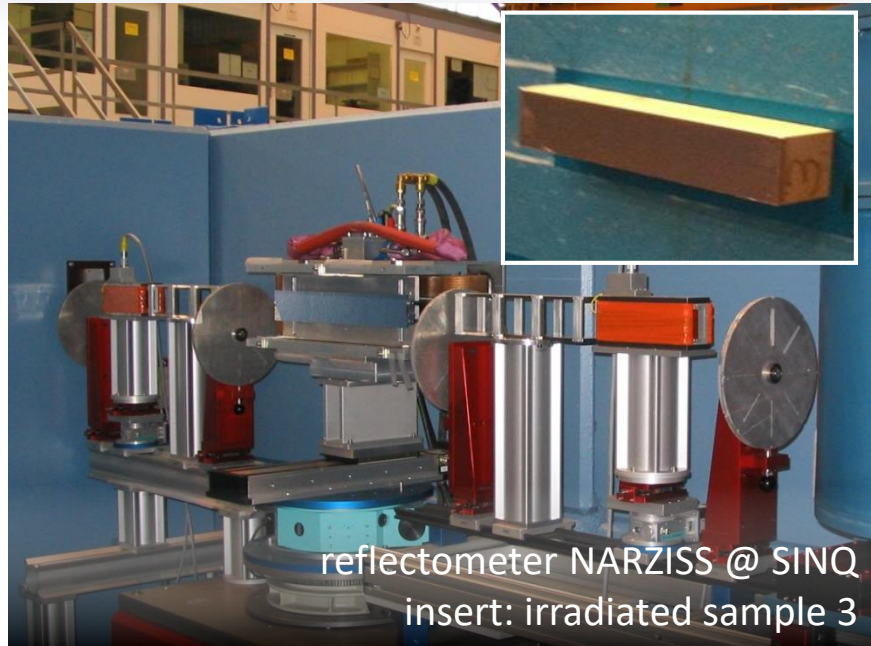


## Activation of samples

- gamma dose rate was measured approx. 4 years after irradiation

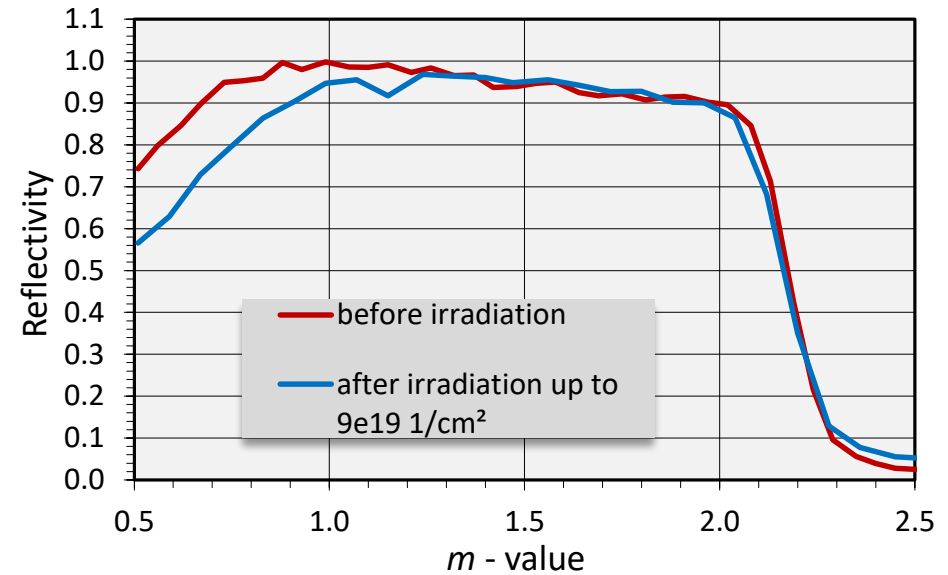
	irradiation time	gamma dose rate
sample 1	7 h	15 $\mu$ S/h
sample 2	72 h	145 $\mu$ S/h
sample 3	960 h (20 d)	1.41 mS/h

# IRRADIATION TESTS

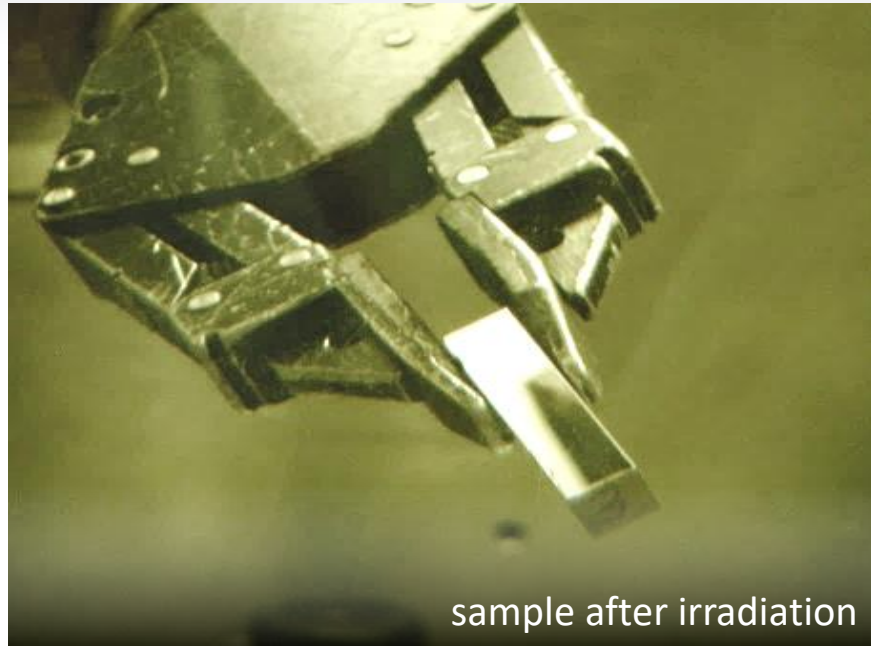


## Reflectivity of supermirror

- reflectometer: NARZISS @ SINQ
- wavelength:  $\lambda = 5 \text{ \AA}$



# IRRADIATION TESTS



## Conclusions of irradiation tests

- accumulated fluence at spallation source SNIQ up to  $9.6 \times 10^{19}$  n/cm<sup>2</sup>
- no degradation of substrate
- no degradation of supermirror coating (no peeling, etc.)
- no degradaton of reflectivity



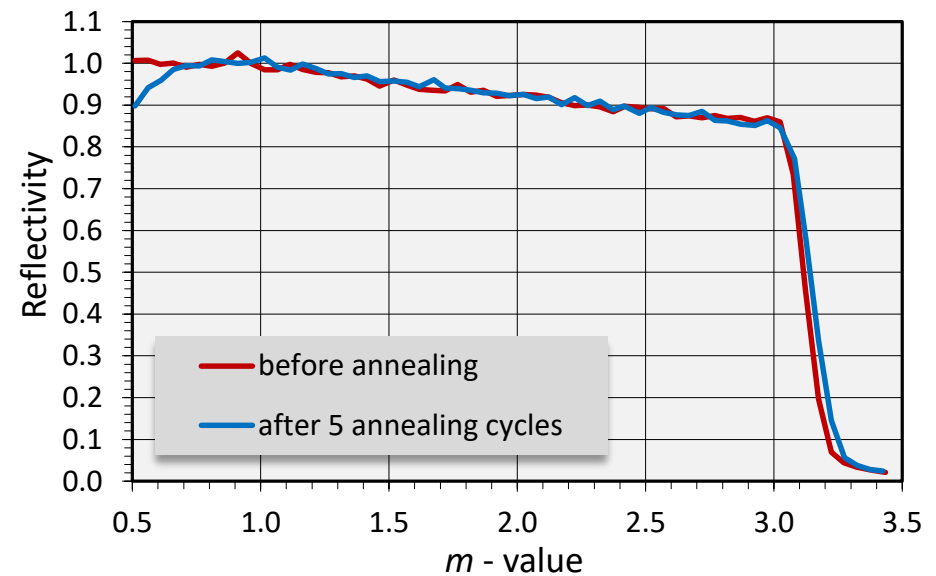
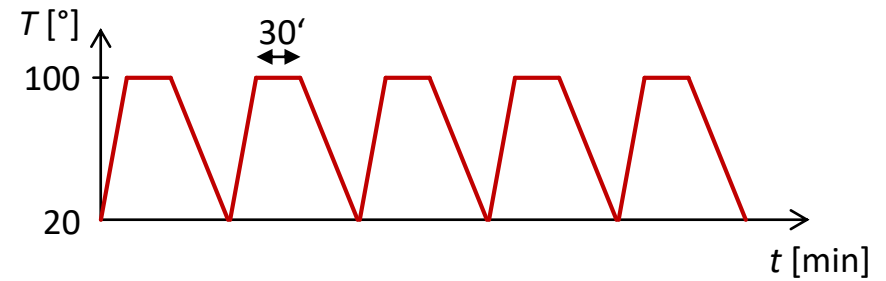


# TEMPERATURE TESTS

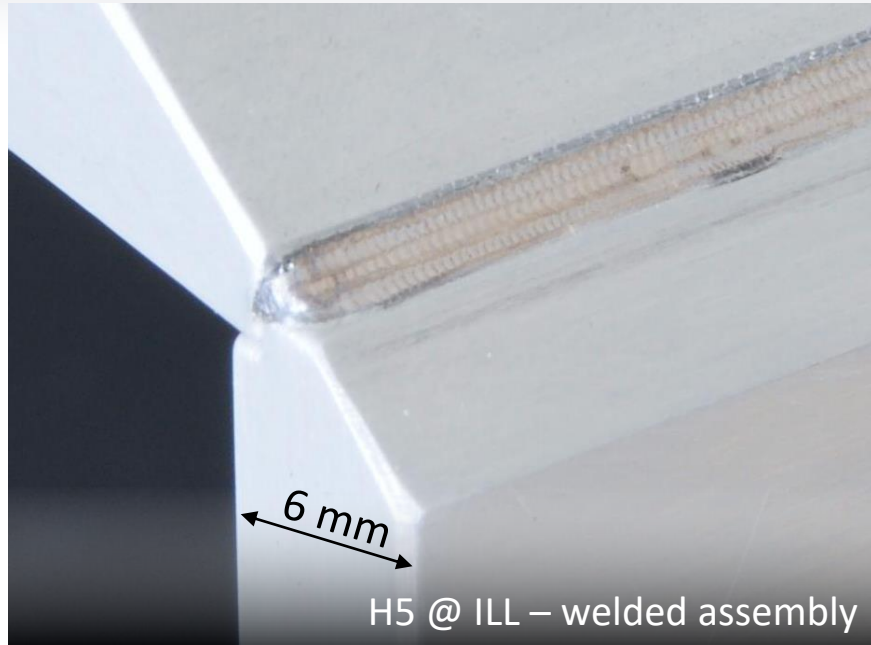


## Cycling of temperature

- temperature: 20° - 100°
- number of cycles: 5



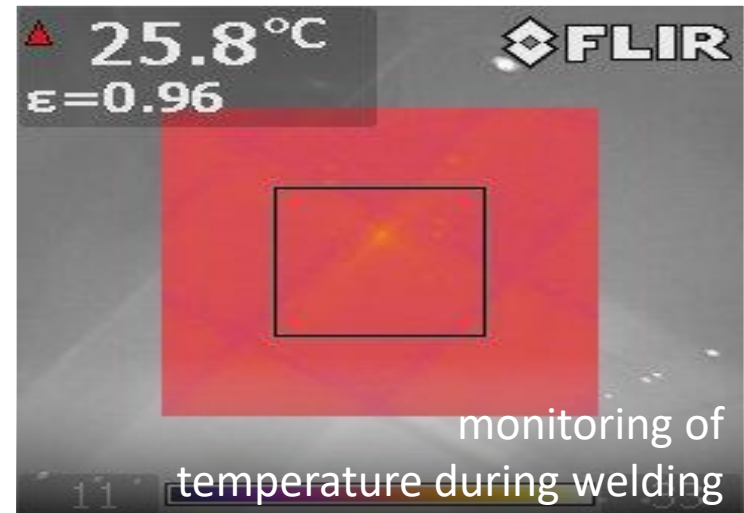
# WELDED NEUTRON GUIDES



## H5 @ ILL

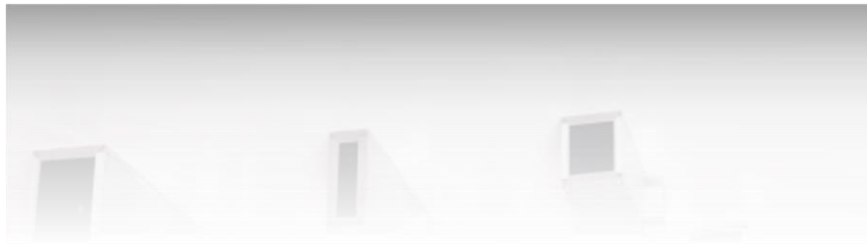
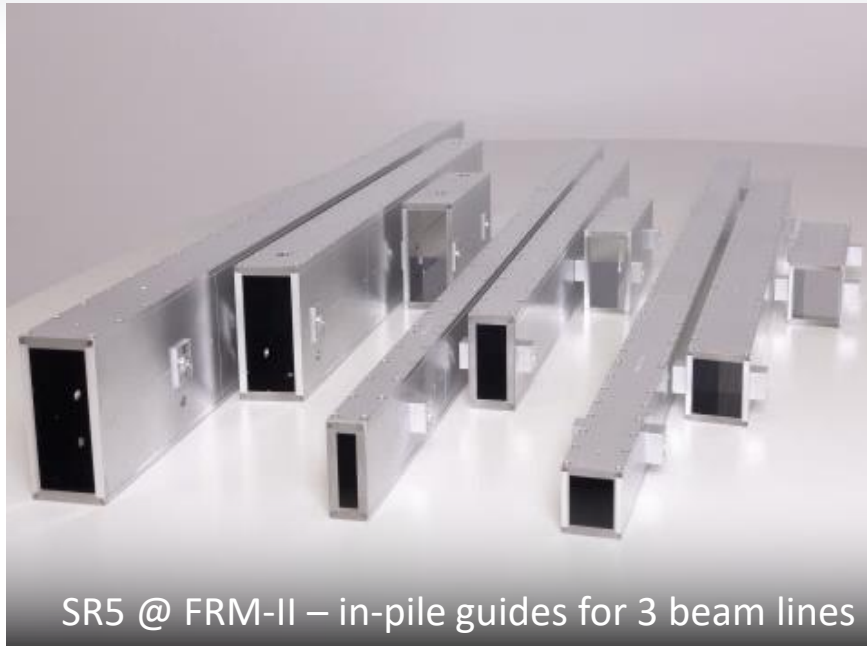
### in-pile guide as welded assembly

- spatial constraints do not allow accommodation of screws
- ↪ connection of plates by welding
- temperature at supermirror coating  $< 26^{\circ}\text{C}$



↪ vacuum tight metallic guides

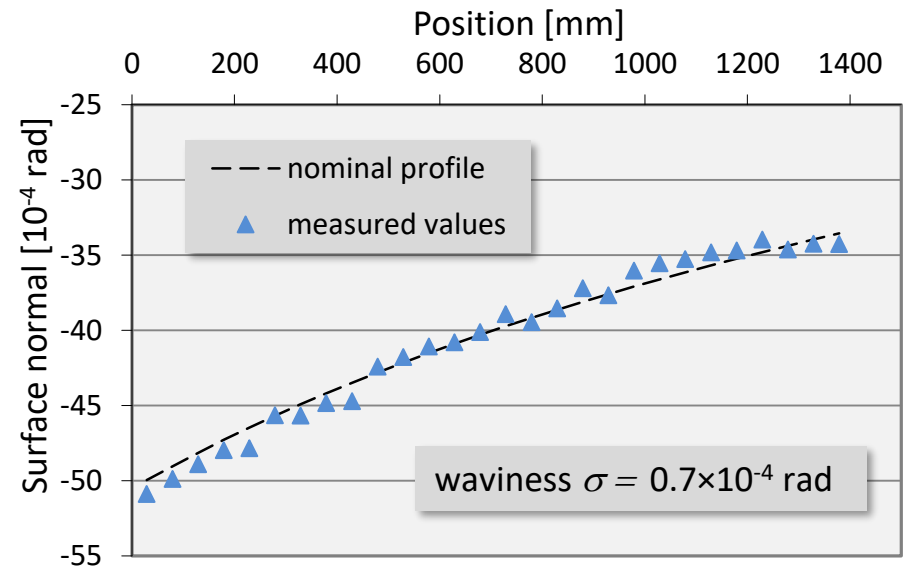
# NON-LINEAR TAPERED TRULY CURVED GUIDES



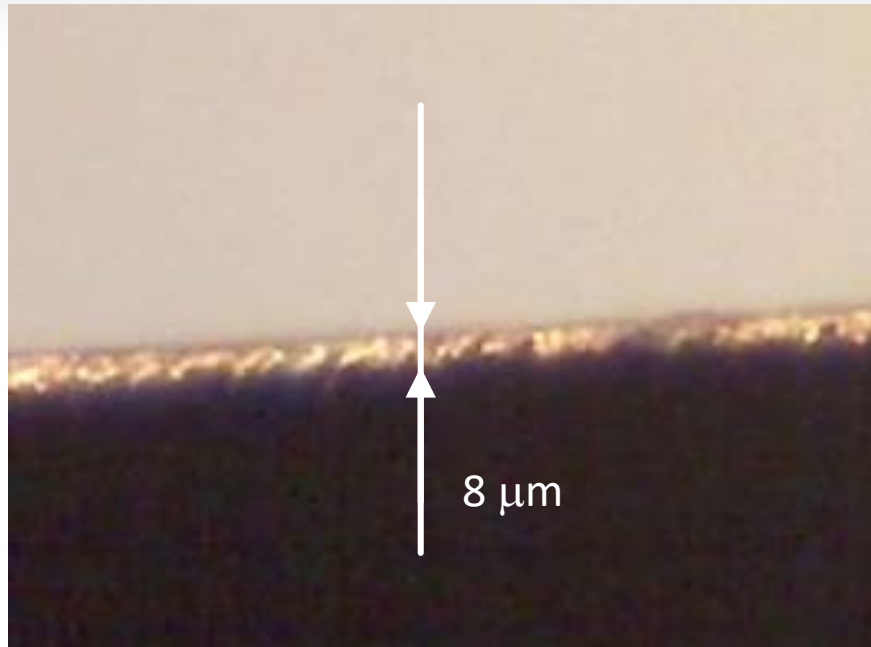
## POWTEX @ FRM-II

### truly curved elliptic guide

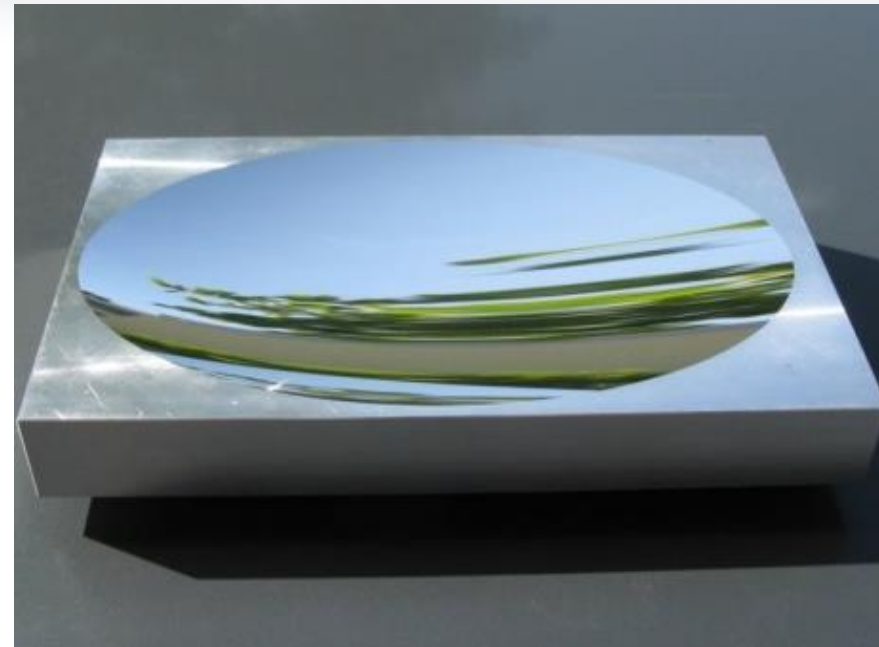
- in-pile neutron guides made from aluminum substrates
- thickness of substrates 6 mm
- truly curved elliptic guide profile



# EXTENDED MACHINING OPTIONS



- machining of sharp and precise edges
- required for Montel optics (nested mirrors)

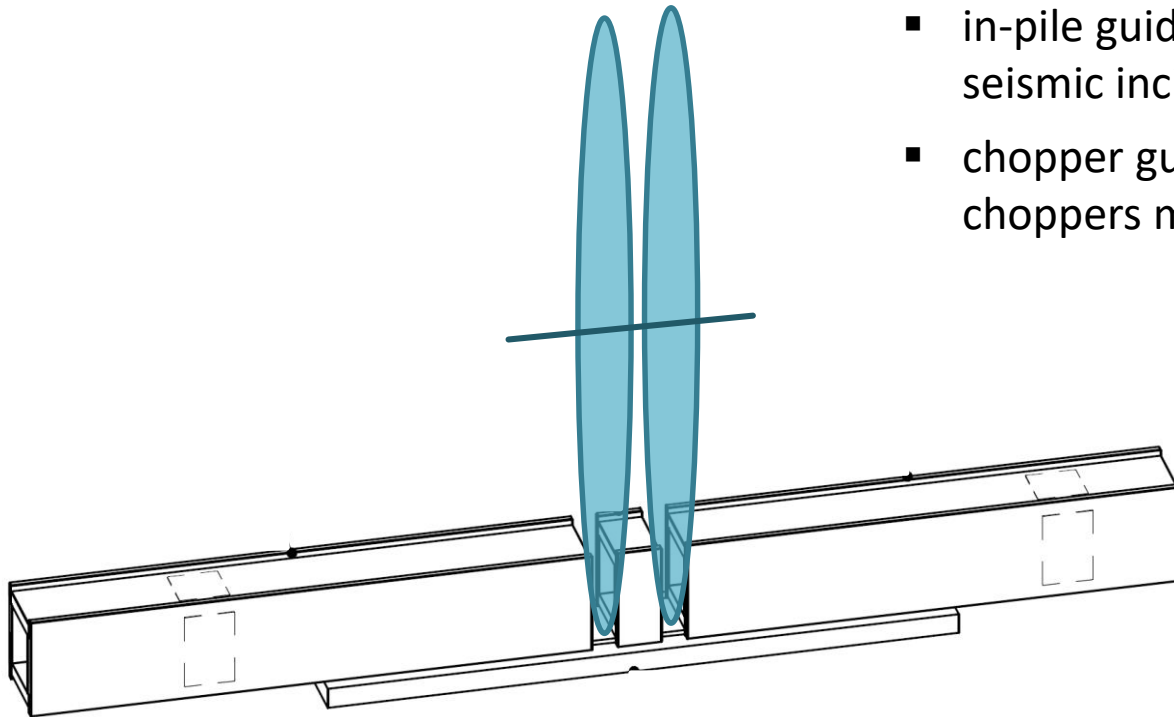


- 3d mirror surfaces – super-polished
- e.g. ellipsoids

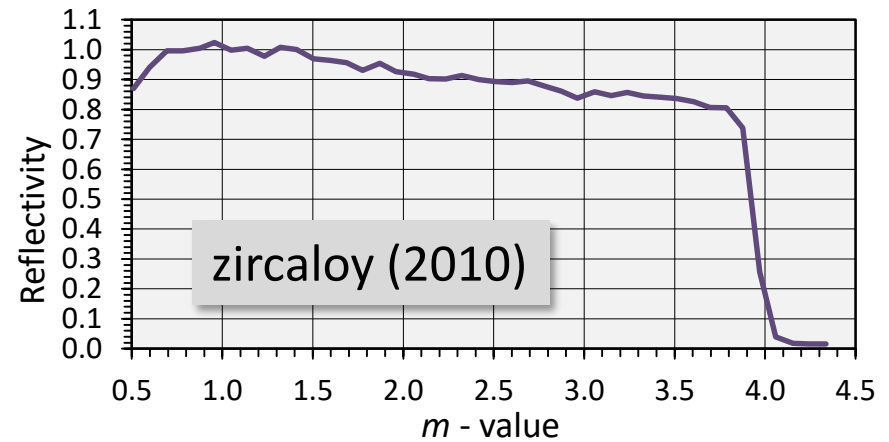
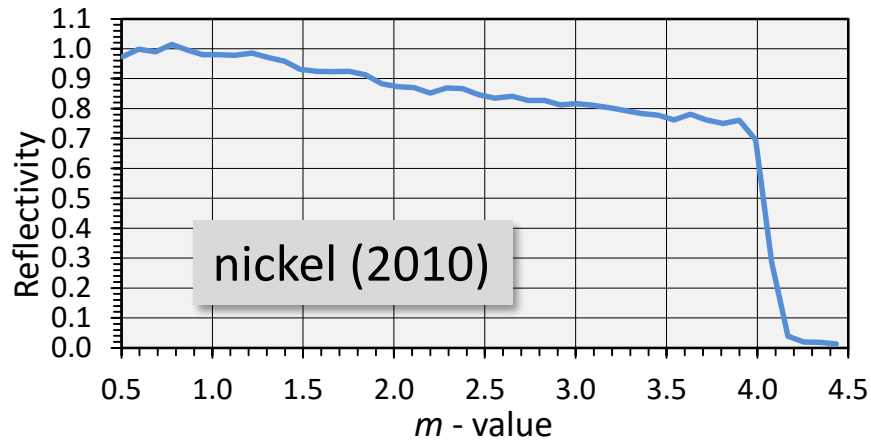
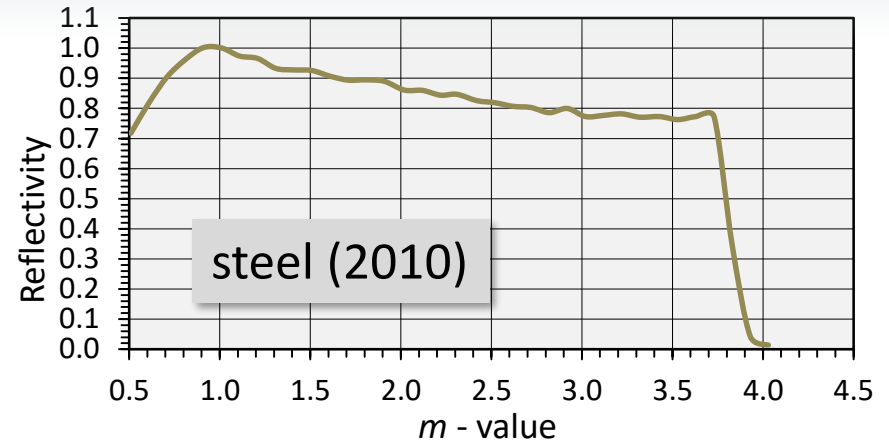
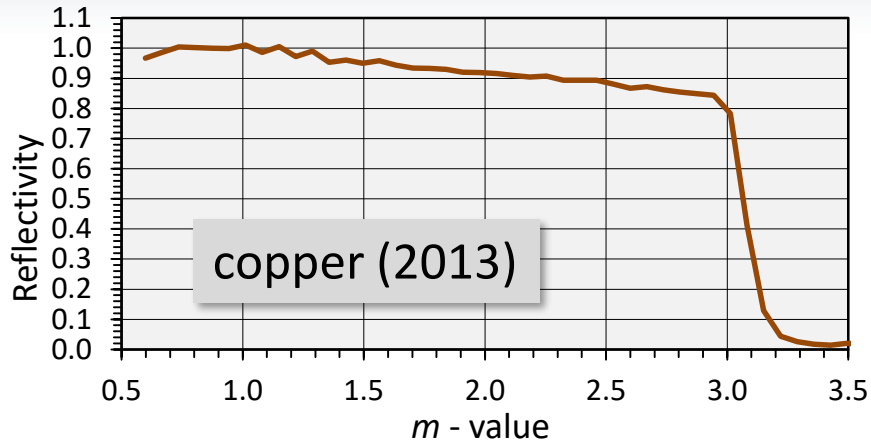
# EXTENDED OPTIONS FOR GUIDE INTEGRATION

## Safety aspects

- extended options for the fixation of guide against movement at critical areas
- in-pile guides  $\Leftrightarrow$  integrity of source at seismic incidences or others
- chopper guides  $\Leftrightarrow$  vibration from choppers may cause movement of guides

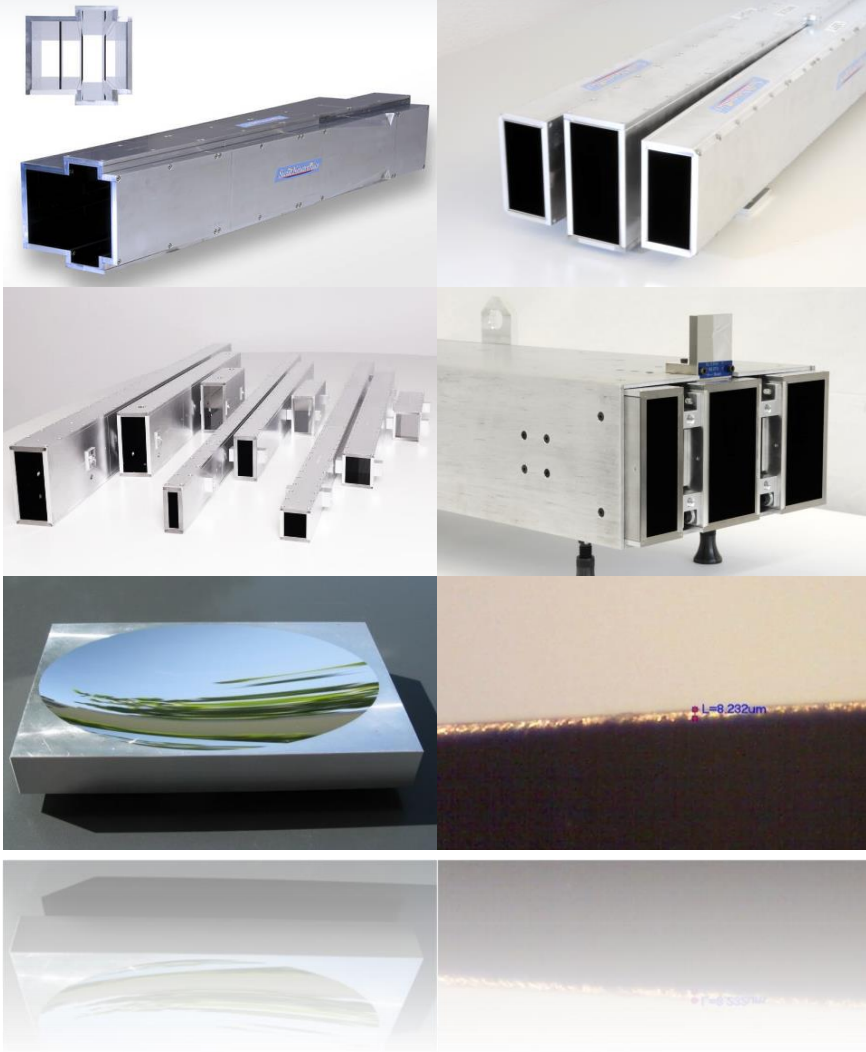


# ALTERNATIVE METALS



↪ Current R&D: borated metals as a substrate for neutron optics

# APPLICATIONS / CUSTOMER PROJECTS



instrument / laboratory	substrate material	year
POWTEX in-pile @ FRM-II	Al	2015
SR5b in-pile @ FRM-II	Al	2015
TOPAS in-pile @ FRM-II	Al	2015
CANDOR @ NIST	Al	2015
ESS	Al, Cu, steel	2014
CTC in-pile @ NIST	Al	2013
H5 in-pile @ ILL	Al	2013
CTE in-pile @ NIST	Al	2011
Ultra cold neutrons @ ILL	Al	2011
Montel mirrors	Al	2010
Test substrates @ ILL	Al, Ni, zircaloy	2010
SR4b in-pile @ FRM-II	Al	2010
NG-A to D in-pile @ NIST	Al	2009

# CONCLUSIONS

- Supermirror with excellent reflectivity and large  $m$ -values are available on various metal substrates
- Robustness against irradiation and elevated temperatures is proven
- Welding => vacuum tight metallic guides
- New possibilities for design due to extended options for machining and integration

**Metal substrates**



**solution for dedicated applications within modern guide systems**