

PAUL SCHERRER INSTITUT



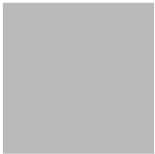
EUROPEAN
SPALLATION
SOURCE



Artur Glavic :: Paul Scherrer Institut

DMSC Common Requirements

Reflectometry Software Requirements Meeting – 21.02. 2017



- **Reflectometry – Geometry, Common Terms, etc.**
- **Reduction of event mode ToF data**
- **Demonstration reduction with QuickNXS/SNS**
- **Requirements for instrument control**

Specular:

$$\phi_f = 0 \quad \alpha_i = \alpha_f \quad Q_z = \frac{4\pi}{\lambda_n} \sin \alpha_i$$

$$\lambda_n = \frac{h \cdot ToF}{\text{distance} \cdot m_n}$$

$$R \approx \frac{I_{\text{window}} - I_{\text{background}}}{I_0(\lambda) \cdot \Delta\Theta \cdot l \cdot \sin \alpha_i}$$

Off-Specular:

$$\alpha_i \neq \alpha_f \quad Q_x = \frac{2\pi}{\lambda_n} (\cos \alpha_f - \cos \alpha_i)$$

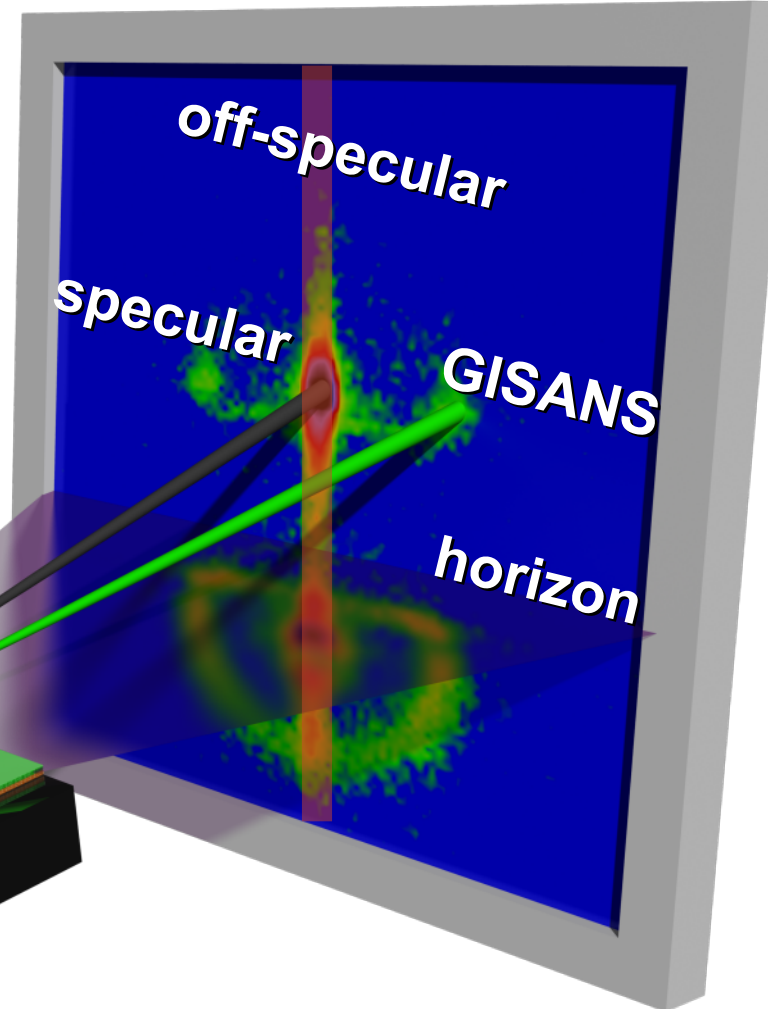
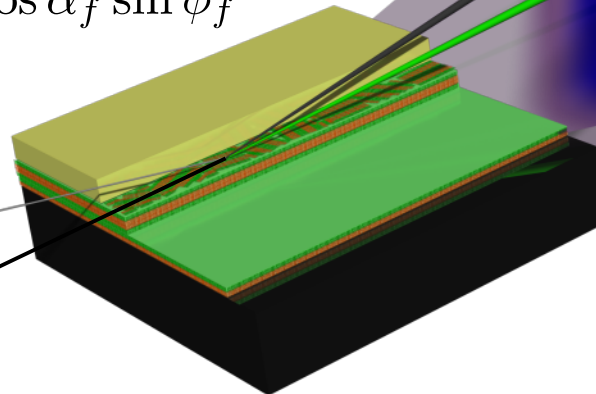
$$k_{i,z} = p_i = \frac{2\pi}{\lambda_n} \sin \alpha_i$$

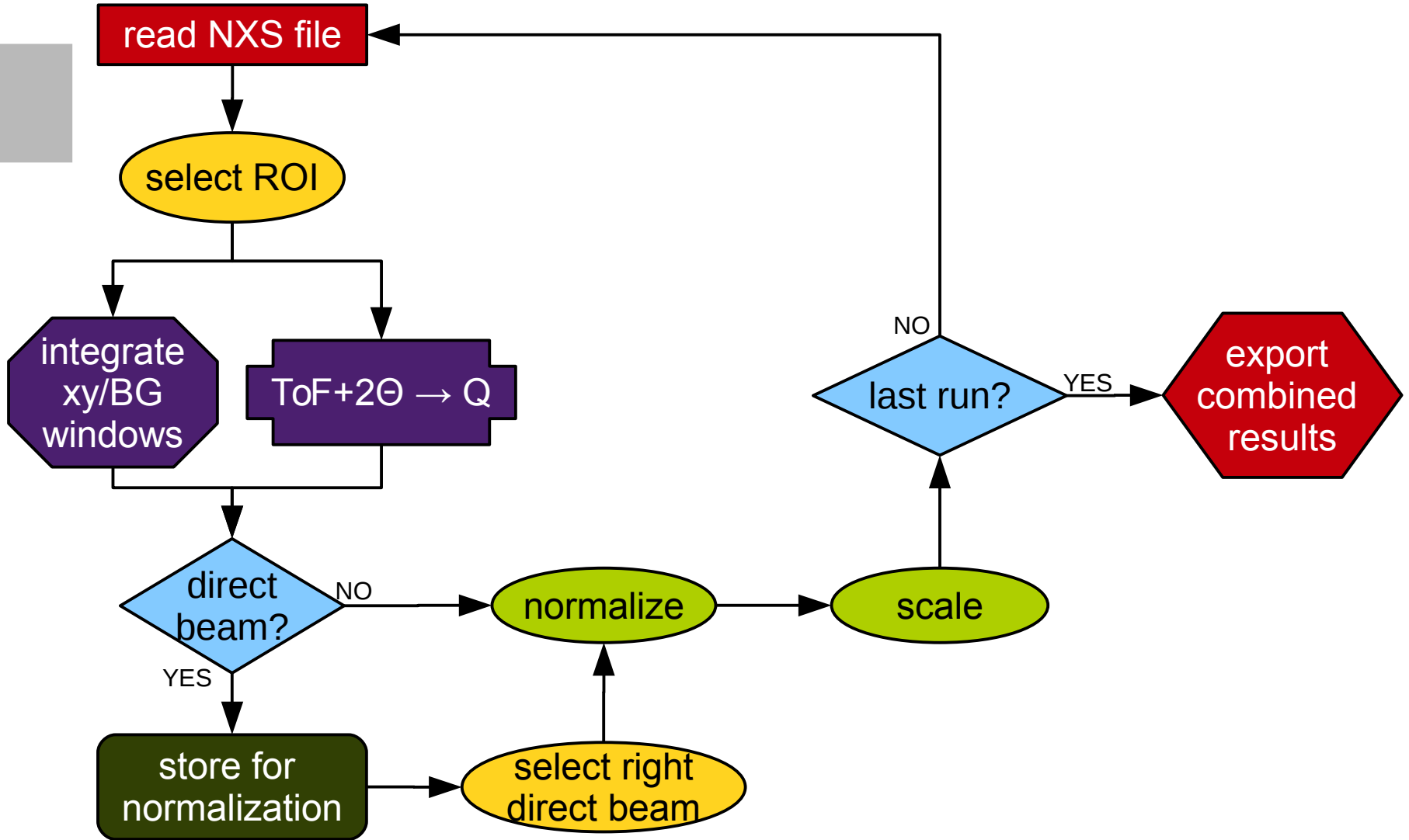
GISANS:

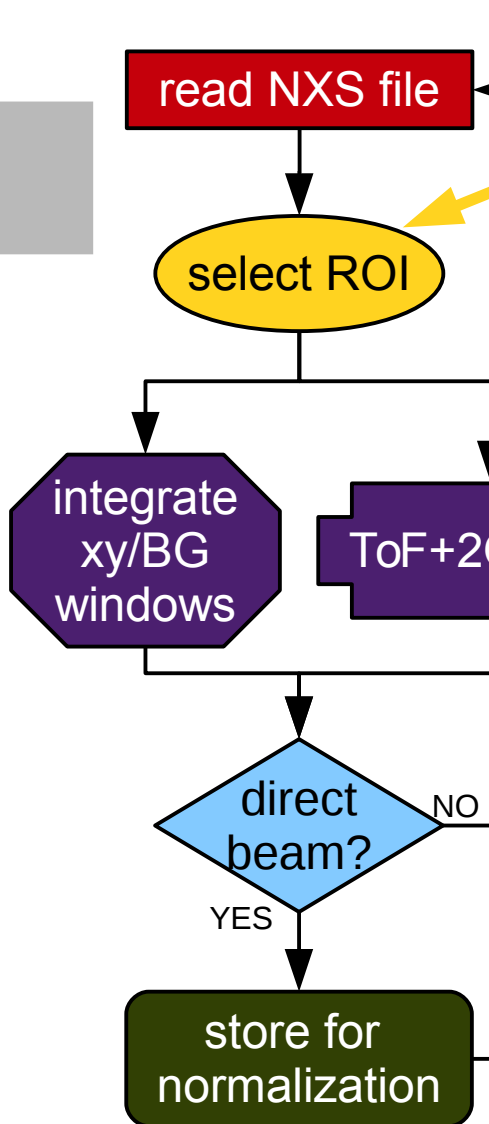
$$\phi_f \neq 0 \quad Q_y = \frac{2\pi}{\lambda_n} \cos \alpha_f \sin \phi_f$$

incident beam

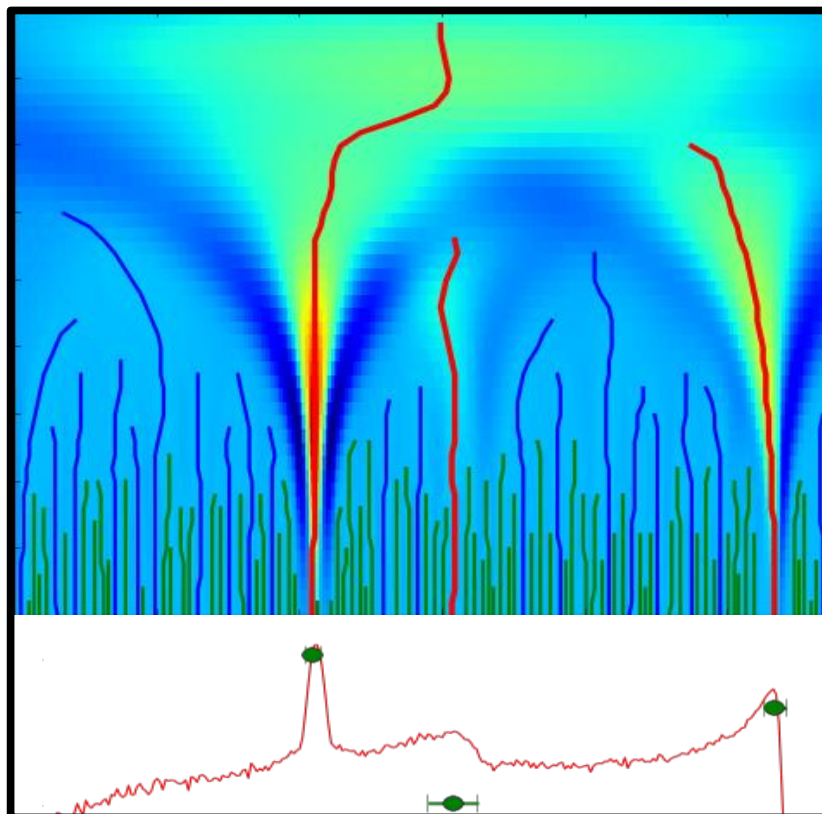
α_i



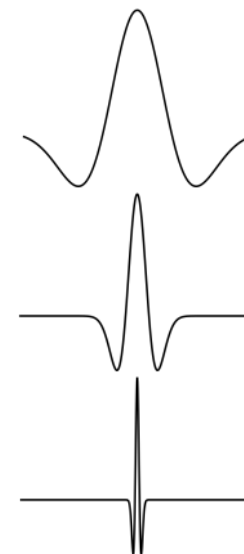




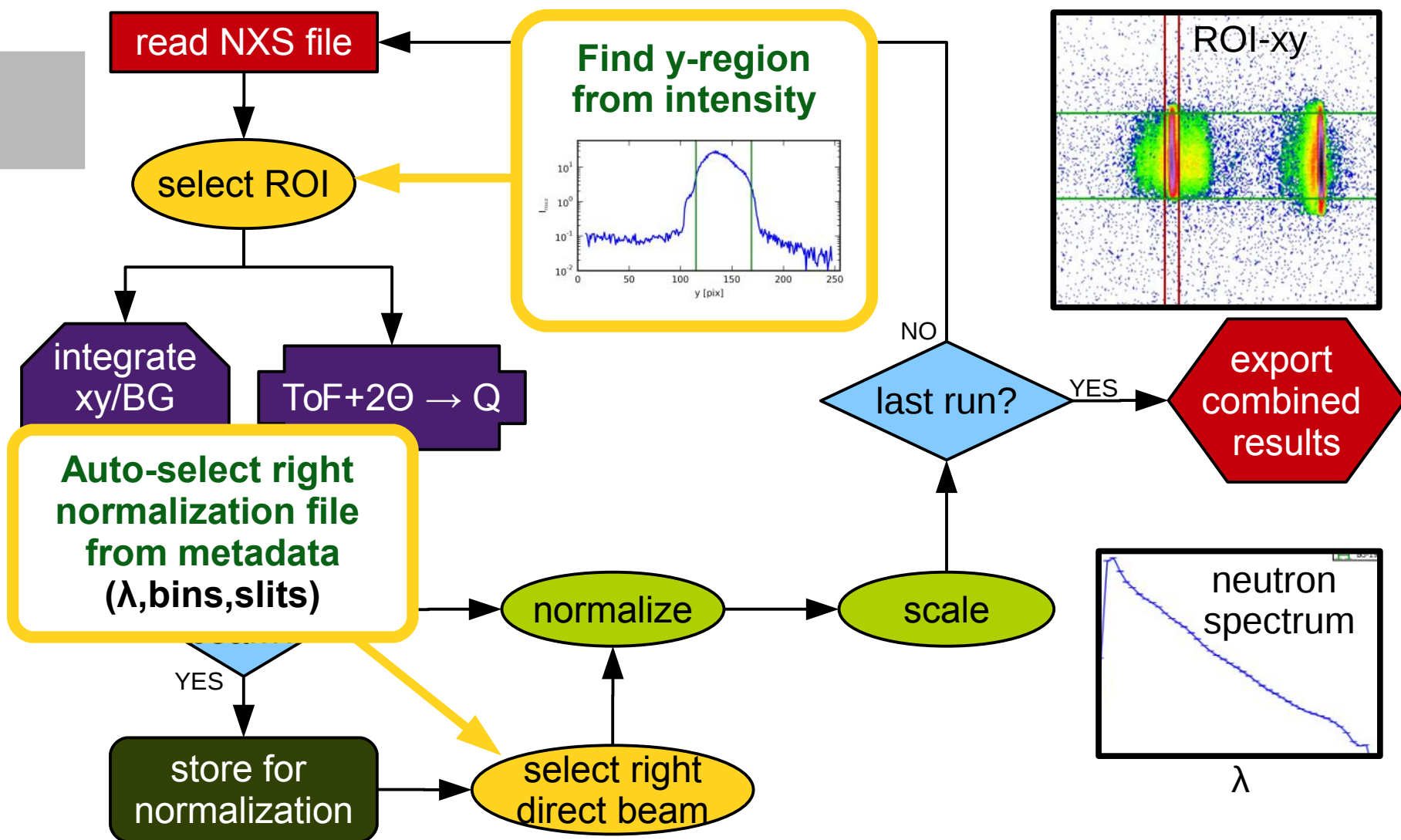
Find peak from reflected beam using Continuous Wavelet Transform:



Mexican Hat wavelet

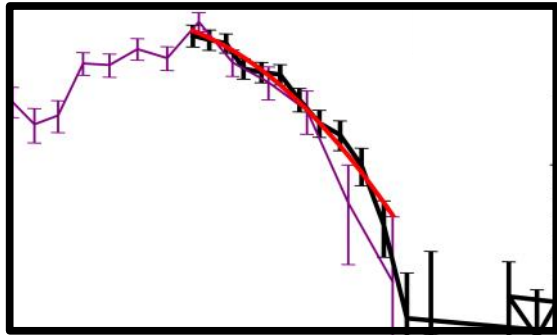


J. M. Gregoire, D. Dale and R. B. van Dover: A wavelet transform algorithm for peak detection and application to powder x-ray diffraction data, Rev. Sci. Inst. **82**, 015105 (2011)

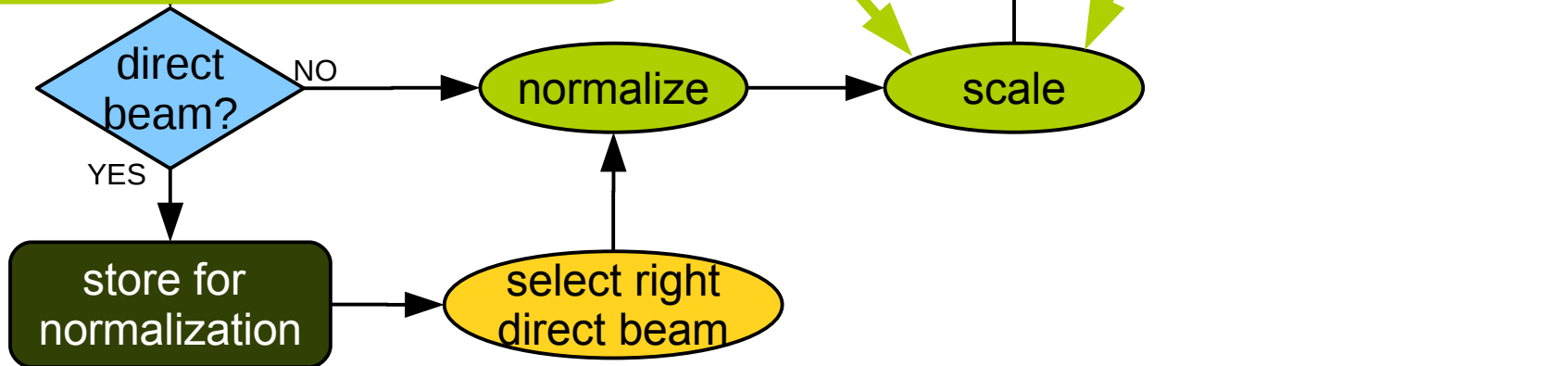
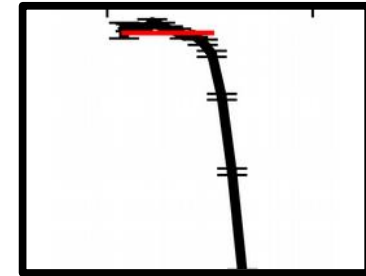


Scale subsequent runs by fitting a scaling factor and polynomial to overlapping region

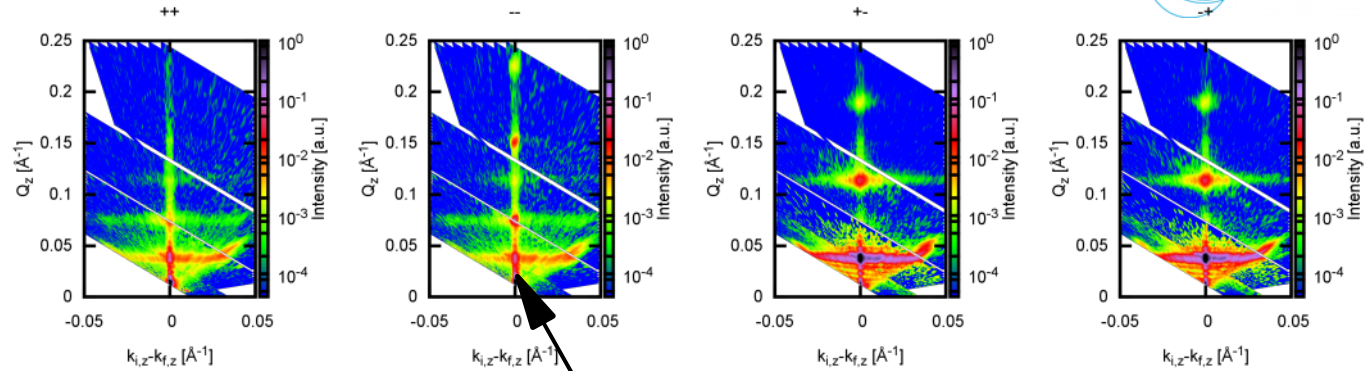
$$\chi^2_{stitch} = \sum_{DS1} \frac{(\log(I_i) - p(Q_i))^2}{(\delta I_i / I_i)^2} + \sum_{DS2} \frac{(\log(I_j \cdot scale) - p(Q_j))^2}{(\delta I_j / I_j)^2}$$



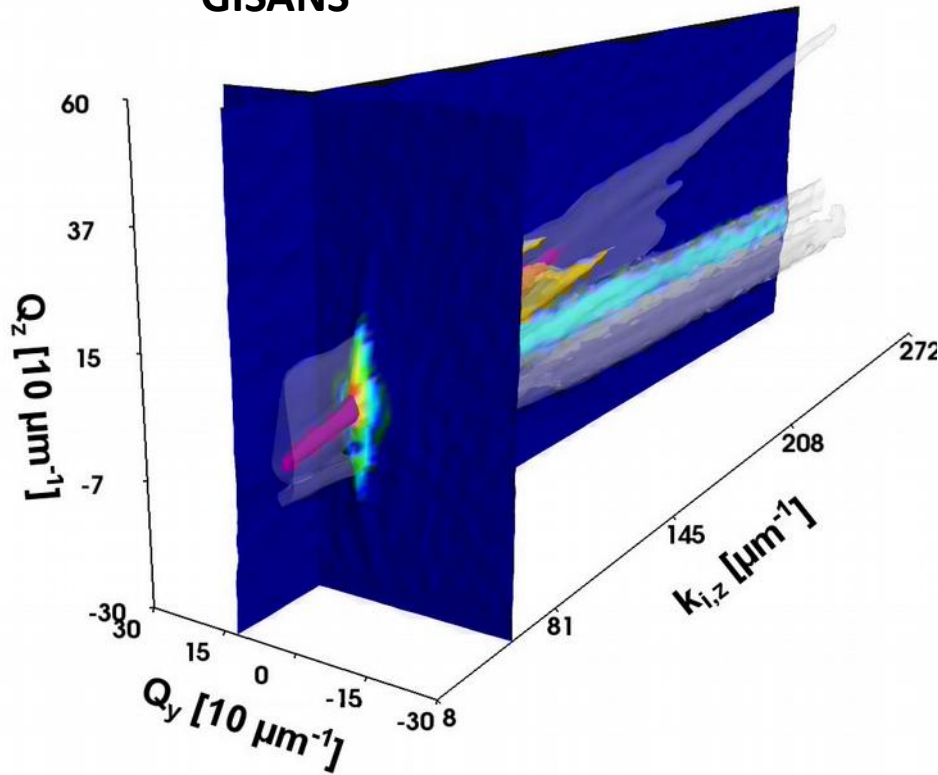
Detect total reflection and scale to 1



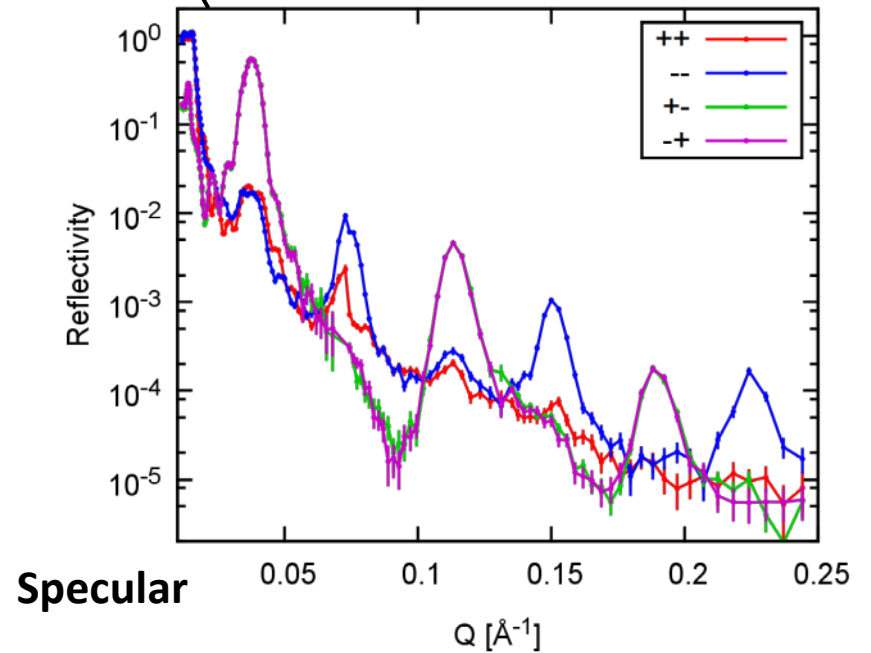
Reduction example data



GISANS



Off-Specular



Specular



Open Number:

Histogram Event Old

- REF_M_12271_histo.nxs
- REF_M_12272_histo.nxs
- REF_M_12273_histo.nxs
- REF_M_12274_histo.nxs
- REF_M_12275_histo.nxs
- REF_M_12276_histo.nxs
- REF_M_12277_histo.nxs
- REF_M_12278_histo.nxs
- REF_M_12279_histo.nxs
- REF_M_12280_histo.nxs
- REF_M_12281_histo.nxs
- REF_M_12282_histo.nxs
- REF_M_12283_histo.nxs
- REF_M_12284_histo.nxs
- REF_M_12285_histo.nxs
- REF_M_12286_histo.nxs
- REF_M_12287_histo.nxs
- REF_M_12288_histo.nxs
- REF_M_12289_histo.nxs
- REF_M_12290_histo.nxs
- REF_M_12291_histo.nxs
- REF_M_12292_histo.nxs
- REF_M_12293_histo.nxs
- REF_M_12294_histo.nxs
- REF_M_12295_histo.nxs
- REF_M_12296_histo.nxs
- REF_M_12297_histo.nxs
- REF_M_12298_histo.nxs
- REF_M_12299_histo.nxs

Reload Active File Load Live Data

Reflectivity Extraction (Basic)

Position Width

Y

X

BG X

Scale 10^A

Cut Pts

Reflectivity Extraction (Advanced)

Peak Finder Algorithm

Plot Options

Colorbars

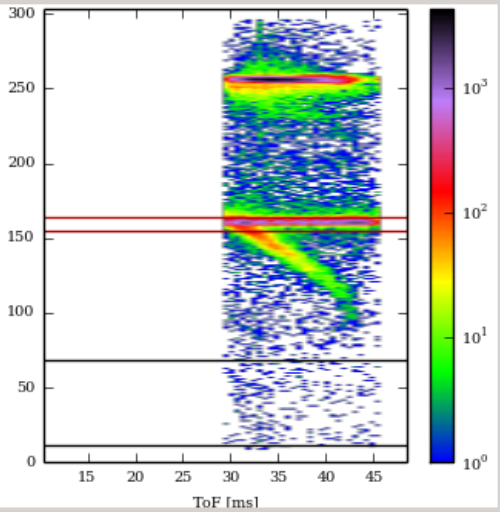
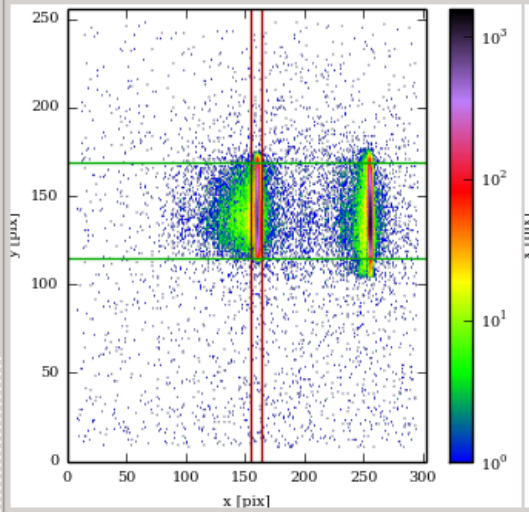
Log Colorscale Log Y for lines

Hide Empty X-λ Maps

Norm. X-ToF/λ 2θ-φ Maps

Overview X-Y X-ToF OffSpec Preview GISANS Preview DAS Logs Compare

12290 (2012_2_4a_SCI) Type: Polarization Analysis Current State: ++



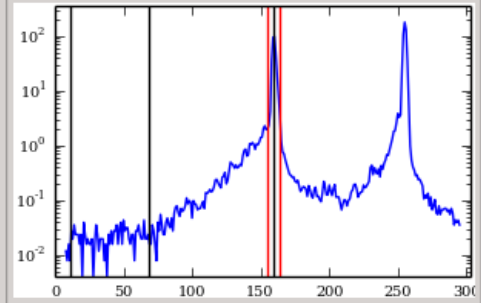
Direct Pixel	226.0	λ	7.00 (5.50-8.50) Å	Counting Time	13579 s
DANGLE	5.000°	Proton Charge	1.887e+12	Total Counts	2.2354e+05
DANGLE0	4.500°	SANGLE	0.762°	Count Rate	16.5 cps
		SANGLE-calc	0.772°	Counts ROI	8.001e+04

Direct Beam Runs: 12287,12288,12289 ++ -- + - + -

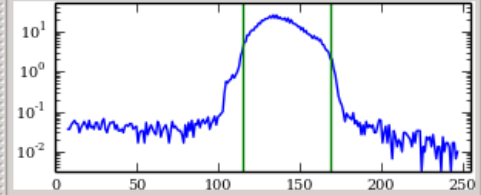
Run No.	I0	NL	NR	x0	xw	y0	yw	bg0	bgw	DPix	TTH	Dir. Run
12290	14.7231	6	33	159.6	9.0	142.0	54.0	40.1	56.7	226.0	0.5005	12287
12291	14.7231	20	19	159.6	9.0	142.0	54.0	40.1	56.7	226.0	0.5005	12288
12292	14.0281	40	3	159.6	9.0	142.0	54.0	40.1	56.7	226.0	0.5005	12289
12293	14.0281	41	2	162.6	9.0	142.0	54.0	40.1	56.7	226.0	2.0016	12289

Reduce... Quick-Reduce (use last options)

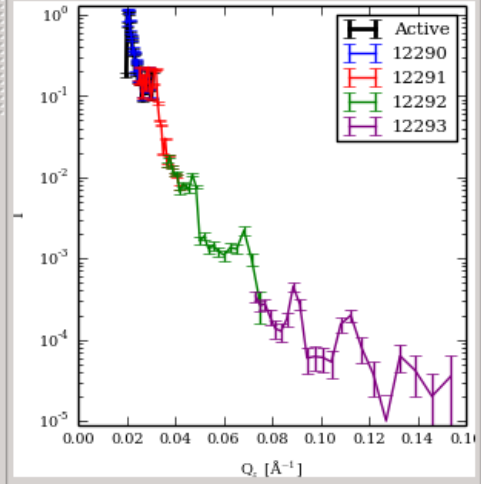
X-Projection



Y-Projection



Reflectivity



In addition to most neutron beamlines, typical challenges include:

- **LIVE feedback via color plots with log- and lin-scale**
 - **X-Y-I and X/Y-ToF-I are bare minimum**
- **Precise positioning of various components**
 - **Linear scans motor vs. ROI for position optimizations**
 - **Measurement of peak characteristics (position, size etc.)**
 - **Comparison of scans**
- **Concentrated high count rates on small detector area**
- **Similar user experiment planning**
 - **One or more reference measurements (direct beam, special sample)**
 - **One set of angle positions repeated for various samples/external parameters**
 - **Selection of slit parameters for specific resolution**

Thank you for your attention!

